REST API Solutions Guide

22.4R1

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Preface

- Document conventions
- Requesting Technical Support
- Reporting Documentation Issues

Document conventions

The document conventions describe text formatting conventions, command syntax conventions, and important notice formats used in [[[Undefined variable Custom.Company_Name]]] technical documentation.

Text formatting conventions

Text formatting conventions such as boldface, italic, or Courier font may be used in the flow of the text to highlight specific words or phrases.

| Format | Description |
|--------------|---|
| bold text | Identifies command names |
| | Identifies keywords and operands |
| | Identifies the names of user-manipulated GUI elements |
| | Identifies text to enter at the GUI |
| italic text | Identifies emphasis |
| | Identifies variables |
| | Identifies document titles |
| Courier Font | Identifies command output |
| | Identifies command syntax examples |

Command syntax conventions

Bold and italic text identify command syntax components. Delimiters and operators define groupings of parameters and their logical relationships.

| Convention | Description |
|------------------------------------|---|
| bold text | Identifies command names, keywords, and command options. |
| italic text | Identifies a variable. |
| [] | Syntax components displayed within square brackets are optional. |
| | Default responses to system prompts are enclosed in square brackets. |
| { x y z } | A choice of required parameters is enclosed in curly brackets separated by vertical bars. You must select one of the options. |
| x y | A vertical bar separates mutually exclusive elements. |
| < > | Non-printing characters, for example, passwords, are enclosed in angle brackets. |
| | Repeat the previous element, for example, member[member]. |
| \ | Indicates a "soft" line break in command examples. If a backslash separates two lines of a command input, enter the entire command at the prompt without the backslash. |
| bold text | Identifies command names, keywords, and command options. |

Code Block

Following is an example of Python based code block in the html documentation:

```
def some_function():
interesting = False
print 'This line is highlighted.'
print 'This one is not...'
print '...but this one is.'
```

Notes and Warnings

Note, Attention, and Caution statements might be used in this document.



A Note provides a tip, guidance, or advice, emphasizes important information, or provides a reference to related information.

An Attention statement indicates a stronger note, for example, to alert you when traffic might be interrupted or the device might reboot.

A Caution statement alerts you to situations that can be potentially hazardous to you or cause damage to hardware, firmware, software, or data.

Requesting Technical Support

Technical product support is available through the Global Support Center (GSC). If you have a support contract, file a ticket with GSC.

Product warranties—For product warranty information, visit https://forums.ivanti.com/s/all-products

Self-Help Online Tools and Resources

For quick and easy problem resolution, Ivanti provides an online self-service portal called the Customer Support Center (CSC) that provides you with the following features:

- Find CSC offerings: https://forums.ivanti.com/s/contactsupport
- Search for known bugs: https://forums.ivanti.com/s/contactsupport
- Find product documentation: https://forums.ivanti.com/s/contactsupport
- Download the latest versions of software and review release notes: https://forums.ivanti.com/s/contactsupport
- Open a case online in the CSC Case Management tool: https://forums.ivanti.com/s/contactsupport
- To verify service entitlement by product serial number, use our Serial Number Entitlement (SNE)
 Tool: https://forums.ivanti.com/s/contactsupport

For important product notices, technical articles, and to ask advice:

- Search the Ivanti Knowledge Center for technical bulletins and security advisories: https://forums.ivanti.com/s/searchallcontent
- Ask questions and find solutions at the Community online forum: https://forums.ivanti.com/

Opening a Case with Support Center

You can open a case with support center on the Web or by telephone.

• Use the Case Management tool in the support center at https://forums.ivanti.com/s/contactsupport.

For international or direct-dial options in countries without toll-free numbers, see https://forums.ivanti.com/s/contactsupport

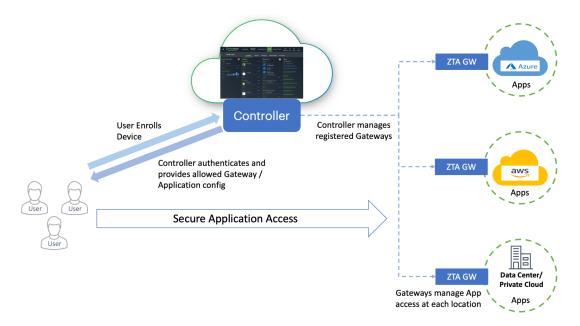
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Ivanti Neurons for Zero Trust Access Overview

Ivanti Neurons for Zero Trust Access (nZTA) is a cloud-based SaaS (software as a service) application that provides fully-managed zero-trust authentication and access control for an organization's application infrastructure. *nZTA* enables administrators to define end-to-end authorization and authentication policies that control application visibility, access, and security for all users and their devices.

The diagram below illustrates the different components in *nZTA*:



A typical *nZTA* deployment

To learn more about *nZTA*, see the *Tenant Admin Guide*.

This guide describes the REST API service running on the *Controller* and includes a list of supported API calls.

Retrieving the Authentication DSID

The Data Set Identification (DSID) is required for API use.

The following CURL command format uses the DSID to query the REST API server:

```
curl -v --cookie "DSID=<value>" <api request url>
```

The DSID can be retrieved in two ways:

- Using the *nZTA* API, see Retrieving the DSID Using the API.
- Using a browser, see Retrieving the DSID Using a Browser.

Retrieving the DSID Using the API

You can use the following code to get a DSID token to use across all API calls:

```
def login(url,username,password):
   tenant url = url
   return dict = {'status': 0}
   global user session, dsid
   login URL = tenant url + '/login/admin'
   data = {
       'username': username,
       'password': password,
       'realm': 'ZTA Admin Users',
        'btnSubmit': 'Submit',
   user session = requests.session()
   r = user session.get(url=login URL, verify=False)
   dssignin = user session.cookies.get('DSSIGNIN')
   data = {'username': username, 'password': password, 'realm': 'ZTA Admin
Users','btnContinue':
     'Continue the session'}
   login cgi = url + '/dana-na/auth/' + dssignin + '/login.cgi'
   print login cgi
   r = user session.post(url=login cgi, verify=False, data=data)
   print('login status code: ', +r.status code)
   print('Login_data: ', user_session.cookies)
   d = str(r.content)
   if 'Continue the session' in d:
       formdatastr = xsauth = None
       trv:
            p = r'.*name="FormDataStr" value="(.*?)">'
            x = re.findall(p, d)
            formdatastr = x[0]
       except IndexError:
           print 'Error: unable to get FormDataStr value'
           p = r'.*name="xsauth" value="(.*?)"'
           x = re.findall(p, d)
           xsauth = x[0]
       except IndexError:
           print 'Error: unable to get xsauth value'
       data = {'FormDataStr': formdatastr, 'xsauth': xsauth,
                'btnContinue': 'Continue the session'}
       login cgi = url + '/dana-na/auth/' + dssignin + '/login.cgi'
       r = user session.post(url=login cgi, verify=False, data=data,
                              allow redirects=True)
   dsid = user session.cookies.get('DSID')
   print ('DSID: ', dsid)
```

```
cookies["DSID"]=dsid
if dsid is None:
    raise Exception('LoginError: Unable to get DSID cookie')
    # self.cookie = dsid
session = user_session
```

After the DSID is set in the cookies (refer to code dsid = user_session.cookies.get('DSID')) use that session for all other API Calls.

You can use the following CURL command format uses the DSID to query the REST API server:

```
curl -v --cookie "DSID=<value>" <api_request_url>
```

The following code demonstrates how to get a list of secure access policies using the API. It updates the cookie information for DSID from the above code.

```
def get_secure_access_policies():
    input_payload = {"type": "application"}
    request_uri = host_url + api_version + "policies/secure-access-
policies"
    output = requests.get(request_uri, params=input_payload,
cookies=cookies)
    status_code = output.status_code
    response_json = output.json()
    print response_json
```

Retrieving the DSID Using a Browser

You can use a browser to access the DSID. The procedure below describes the process for the *Chrome* browser, but any browser that offers similar tools can also be used.

1. Start the *nZTA* user interface in the *Chrome* browser.

The home page appears.

2. Right-click the main map, and select **Inspect** from the context menu.

The screen divides horizontally and the element view appears to the right of the screen.



In the *Edge* browser, you click the ... control, and then click **Other Tools** > **Developer Tools**. In the *Firefox* browser, you right-click and select **Inspect Element** from the context menu.

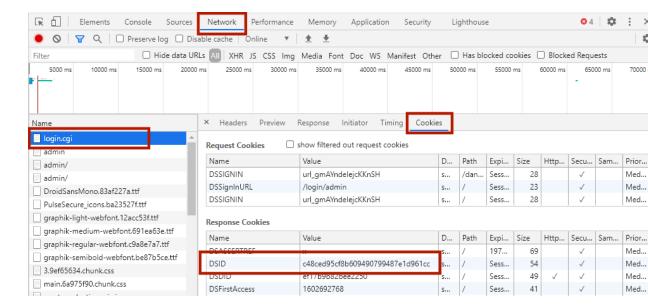
- 3. In the element view, select the **Network** tab.
- 4. Select an element from the list of elements (on the left of the tab). For example, *login, admin* or *subscriptions*.

A tab bar appears (on the right of the tab).

5. Select the **Cookies** tab.

A list of cookies for the page appears.

6. For the *DSID* entry, copy the DSID value and retain this value for future use. For example:



Element View in Chrome Browser

You can use the following CURL command format uses the DSID to query the REST API server:

curl -v --cookie "DSID=<value>" <api request url>

API Calls

This chapter describes the *Ivanti Neurons for Zero Trust Access* (*nZTA*) entities and the API calls that can be made to them.

- Analytics, see <u>Analytics</u>.
- Applications, see <u>Applications (resources)</u>.
- Authentication Servers, see Authentication Server (auth-servers).
- Device Policies, see Device Policies (device-policy/groups).
- Device Policy Rules, see Device Policy Rules (device-policy/rules).
- Gateways, see Gateway (gateways).
- Gateway Settings, see Gateway Settings.
- · Gateway Groups, see Gateway Group (groups).
- Hostchecker Levels, see Hostchecker Levels (hostchecker/levels).
- Hostchecker Products, see Hostchecker Products (hostchecker/products).
- Resources, see "Applications" and "User Policies".
- Resource Groups, see Resource Group (resource-groups).
- Role Mapping Rules, see Role Mapping Rules (role-mapping-rules).
- Secure Access Policies, see <u>Secure Access Policy (secure-access-policies)</u>.
- Enterprise Integrations Syslog Server Configuration, see Enterprise Integrations Configurations Service (integrations/syslog).
- Users, see Users (users).
- User Rule Groups, see User Rule Groups (user-rule-groups).
- User Policies, see User Policies (resources).
- Lockdown exceptions, see Lockdown Exceptions
- MDM Server, see MDM Server

For all calls, the following CURL command format uses the DSID cookie to guery the REST API server:

```
curl -v --cookie "DSID=<value>" <api_request_url>
```

For a worked example of *nZTA* entity use, see <u>Ivanti Neurons for Zero Trust Access Use Case</u>.

Analytics

The *analytics* resource provides API calls for components and elements within the **Insights** analytics pages of the Tenant Admin Portal. Analytics supports the following Network Overview activities:

- Retrieving data for the Summary Ribbon, see <u>Retrieving Analytics Data for the Summary</u> Ribbon.
- Retrieving data for the World Map Gateway Locations view, see <u>Retrieving Analytics Data for</u> the World Map Gateway Location View.
- Retrieving data for the World Map Users view, see <u>Retrieving Analytics Data for the World Map</u> Users View.
- Retrieving data for the Sankey chart view, see <u>Retrieving Analytics Data for the Sankey Chart</u>
 View.
- Retrieving data for the Top Active Gateways chart, see <u>Retrieving Analytics Data for the Top Active Gateways Chart.</u>
- Retrieving data for the Top Active Applications chart, see <u>Retrieving Analytics Data for the Top</u>
 Active Applications Chart.
- Retrieving data for the Top Active User Locations chart, see <u>Retrieving Analytics Data for the</u>
 Top Active User Locations Chart.
- Retrieving data for the Active Anomalies chart, see <u>Retrieving Analytics Data for the Active</u>
 Anomalies Chart.
- Retrieving data for the Connected Clients Version chart, see <u>Retrieving Analytics Data for the Connected Clients Version Chart.</u>
- Retrieving data for the Non-compliances chart, see <u>Retrieving Analytics Data for the Non-compliances Chart</u>.
- Retrieving data for the Gateways Info-panel, see <u>Retrieving Analytics Data for the Gateways</u> Info-panel.
- Retrieving data for the Users Info-panel, see Retrieving Analytics Data for the Users Info-panel.
- Retrieving data for the Devices Info-panel, see <u>Retrieving Analytics Data for the Devices Info-panel</u>.
- Retrieving data for the Applications Info-panel, see <u>Retrieving Analytics Data for the Applications Info-panel</u>.

- Retrieving data for the Non-compliances Info-panel, see <u>Retrieving Analytics Data for the Non-compliances Info-panel</u>.
- Retrieving data for the Anomalies Info-panel, see <u>Retrieving Analytics Data for the Anomalies</u> Info-panel.

The analytics resource also provides the following Logs activity:

• Retrieving log data, see Retrieving Log Data.

The analytics resource also provides the following Gateways activity:

• Retrieving Gateway metrics, see Retrieving Aggregated Gateway Statistics.

Retrieving Analytics Data for the Summary Ribbon

To retrieve a resource containing Summary Ribbon totals, use the REST API call below:

• Method: POST /api/analytics/summary

• Resource: Path

• **JSON Data:** JSON data structure representing the **CommonFilterObject** schema (see <u>Schema</u>) - containing date/time period selection, and optional filter for gateway selection.

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing the *analytics/summary* entity is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Schema

The **CommonFilterObject** schema entity contains the following fields:

| current_time | integer |
|--------------|---|
| | example: 1580515200 |
| | The time at which landing page was loaded. This |
| | is used to make sure that all the components on |
| | landing |
| | page have the same reference so that they |
| | summarize the same data set. |
| start_time | integer |
| | example: |
| | 1580515200 |

```
Start time (epoch). This needs to be the starting
                        time for the selected time duration type below.
                        Selecting current day will result in displaying
                       data from start of the current day (in UTC) e.g.,
                        - Selecting day for time duration type indicates
                        this value should be start of the calendar day
                        (in UTC)
                        * Selecting week for time duration type indicates
                        this value should be start of the calendar week
                        (in UTC)
                        * Selecting month for time duration type
                        indicates this value should be start of the
                        calender month (in UTC)
                        * When time duration type is active, the start
                        time will be ignored. Only (current time) and
                        (current time - Active Window Period) will be
                        considered as time duration
time duration type
                       string
                       example: day
                       default: active
                        Details of what unit of time duration need to be
                        considered for the data.
                       Enum:
                        [ active, current day, day, week, month, last 24
                       hours, custom ]
timezone offset
                       integer
                       example: 330
gateway type
                       string
                       nullable: true
                       example: pcs
                       default: zta
                       Type of the gateway
                        [ zta, pcs, pps, vtm ]
overlay filter type
                       string
                       example: non compliance users
```

```
Dashboard overlay text filter type
                       Enum:
                       [ connected users in last one hour, non
                       compliance users, connected users in more than
                       one day, users from most busy gateway, users
                       from least busy gateway, top risky users, geo
                       anomaly users, user roles with most non
                       compliances, top users with auth failures, users
                       with mfa ]
global filter
                             description: Global filter object that is
                             applicable for all pages. If both overlay
                             filter type and global filter are set, only
                             global fiter would be used
                             gateway ids Array [ string ]
                             example: List [ "74h4h3-u43943-4u3o4",
                             "84h4h3-u43943-4u3o5" ]
                             default: List []
                             Filtering based on multiple gateway ids.
                       nullable: true
```

Request

The following is an example request:

Response

The following is an example response:

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
  [
     "actual value": 3,
      "description": "Active users",
      "line graph color": "green",
      "line graph data": [
        Ο,
        Ο,
        Ο,
        0,
        Ο,
        Ο,
        Ο,
        Ο,
        Ο,
        0,
       0,
       1,
       3
      ],
      "name": "users",
      "status": 0,
      "total value": 1000,
      "trend delta": 3,
      "trend direction": "up"
    },
      "actual value": 3,
      "description": "Active devices",
      "line graph color": "green",
      "line graph data": [
        Ο,
        0,
        0,
        0,
        0,
```

```
0,
    Ο,
    0,
    0,
    0,
    0,
   1,
    3
 "name": "devices",
 "status": 100,
 "total value": 13,
 "trend delta": 3,
 "trend direction": "up"
},
 "actual value": 2,
 "description": "Active gateways",
  "line graph color": "green",
  "line_graph_data": [
    0,
    0,
    0,
    0,
    0,
    0,
    0,
    0,
    0,
    0,
    0,
   1,
    2
 "name": "gateways",
 "status": 0,
 "total value": 6,
  "trend delta": 2,
  "trend direction": "up"
```

```
"actual_value": 7,
  "description": "Active applications",
  "line graph color": "green",
  "line graph_data": [
    Ο,
    0,
    0,
    0,
    Ο,
    0,
    0,
    Ο,
    0,
    Ο,
    Ο,
    3,
    4
  ],
  "name": "applications",
  "status": 0,
  "total value": 43,
  "trend delta": 7,
  "trend direction": "up"
},
  "actual value": 3,
  "description": "Non-compliances",
  "line graph_color": "red",
  "line graph data": [
    0,
    0,
    0,
    0,
    0,
    0,
    0,
    0,
    0,
    0,
```

```
Ο,
    Ο,
    0,
    Ο,
    0,
    Ο,
    0,
    Ο,
    Ο,
    Ο,
    Ο,
    Ο,
    Ο,
    Ο,
    3
  "name": "non compliance",
  "status": 100,
  "total value": 3,
  "trend delta": 3,
  "trend direction": "up"
},
  "actual value": 13,
  "description": "Anomalies count",
  "line_graph_color": "red",
  "line_graph_data": [
    Ο,
    0,
    0,
    0,
    0,
    0,
    0,
    0,
    0,
    0,
    1,
    0,
    0,
```

```
0,
  0,
  0,
  5,
  0,
  0,
  0,
  0,
  4,
  2,
  0,
  0,
  0,
  0,
  0,
  1,
  0
],
"name": "anomalies",
"status": 100,
"total value": 13,
"trend delta": 0,
"trend direction": "flat"
```

Retrieving Analytics Data for the World Map Gateway Location View

To retrieve a resource containing gateway data-points plotted on a map overlay using geographic coordinates, use the REST API call below:

- Method: POST /api/analytics/location_view
- Resource: Path

• **JSON Data:** JSON data structure containing map overlay coordinates, date/time period selection, and optional filter for gateway selection.

If processed correctly, a JSON body is returned that contains a list of data-points along with summary information and aggregated information. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
POST /api/analytics/location view
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
Request Body
  "top left lat": 23,
  "top left long": -12,
  "bottom right lat": -34,
  "bottom right_long": 47,
  "current time": 1648119483,
  "start time": 1580515200,
  "time duration type": "active",
  "timezone offset": 330,
  "gateway type": "zta",
  "global filter": {
    "gateway ids": [
      "74h4h3-u43943-4u3o4",
      "84h4h3-u43943-4u3o5"
```

Response

The following is an example response:

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
  "response type": "string",
  "bubble items": [
     "status": 73,
     "granularity": "city",
     "city": "Austin",
      "country": "USA",
      "continent": "North America",
      "latitude": 48.5,
      "longitude": 71.923,
      "num gws good": 1,
      "num gws warning": 1,
      "num gws critical": 1,
      "num gws offline": 1,
      "active users": {},
      "active devices": {},
      "active gateways": {},
      "active applications": {},
      "num deviations": {},
      "non compliance count": {},
      "critical errors": {},
      "id": "austin",
      "user location bubble items": [
          "id": "bengaluru",
          "city": "bengaluru",
          "latitude": 48.5,
          "longitude": 71.923,
          "num active users": 10
          "num non compliance users": 0
```

Retrieving Analytics Data for the World Map Users View

To retrieve a resource containing user data-points plotted on a map overlay using geographic coordinates, use the REST API call below:

- Method: POST /api/analytics/zta_users_location_view
- Resource: Path
- JSON Data: JSON data structure containing date/time period selection, and optional filter for gateway selection

If processed correctly, a JSON body is returned that contains a list of data-points along with summary information. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

Response

The following is an example response:

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
  "count": 10,
 "bubble items": [
     "granularity": "city",
     "city": "Austin",
     "country": "USA",
      "continent": "North America",
      "bubble color": "Green",
      "latitude": 48.5,
      "longitude": 71.923,
      "avg risk score": {
       "count": 9,
        "color": "Green"
      },
      "num active users": 176,
      "num high risk users": 21,
      "num moderate risk users": 9,
      "num low risk users": 3,
      "num no risk users": 0
```

Retrieving Analytics Data for the Sankey Chart View

To retrieve a resource containing data-points for plotting a Sankey chart of data flow between user groups, devices, Gateways, and applications, use the REST API call below:

- Method: POST /api/analytics/sankey_chart
- Resource: Path
- **JSON Data:** JSON data structure representing the **CommonFilterObject** schema (see <u>Schema</u>) containing date/time period selection, and optional filter for gateway selection.

If processed correctly, a JSON body is returned that contains a list of data-points for plotting a Sankey chart. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Parameters

• max items per pillar: (integer - in: query)

When this value <= 0, all items in each pillar will be returned. Otherwise, only specified maximum number of items per pillar will be returned in response. Default: -1.

• apps_details: (string - in: query)

Flag capturing whether to return all apps or discovered apps details. Available values : all (default), discovered, non_discovered, default_gateway.

Request

The following is an example request:

The following is an example response:

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
  "applications list": [],
  "device types to gateway names": [
     "source": "Windows",
     "target": "blackthorn-bng-2",
     "value": 12
   },
     "source": "Windows",
     "target": "az-bkthrn-eastus",
     "value": 4
   }
 ],
  "gateway names to application names": [
     "source": "blackthorn-bng-2",
     "target": "amazon",
     "value": 4
   },
     "source": "blackthorn-bng-2",
     "target": "atlassian",
     "value": 3
   },
     "source": "blackthorn-bng-2",
     "target": "bngvc.bnglab.psecure.net",
     "value": 3
     "source": "az-bkthrn-eastus",
     "target": "juniper.net",
     "value": 3
   },
      "source": "blackthorn-bng-2",
```

```
"target": "rdp",
    "value": 1
   "source": "blackthorn-bng-2",
   "target": "telnetresource ip",
   "value": 1
   "source": "az-bkthrn-eastus",
   "target": "community.juniper.net",
   "value": 1
],
"user_groups_to_device_types": [
   "source": "bng group",
   "target": "Windows",
   "value": 12
 },
   "source": "sj group",
   "target": "Windows",
   "value": 4
```

Retrieving Analytics Data for the Top Active Gateways Chart

To retrieve a resource containing data used to create the top Active Gateways chart, use the REST API call below:

- Method: POST /api/analytics/widgets/top_gateways
- Resource: Path
- **JSON Data:** JSON data structure based on the **FilterObject** schema (see <u>Schema</u>) containing date/time period selection and optional filter for gateway selection.

If processed correctly, a JSON body is returned that contains a list of data-points for plotting the Top Active Gateways chart. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Schema

The **FilterObject** schema entity contains the following fields:

| current_time | integer example: 1580515200 The time at which the Network Overview page was loaded. This is used to make sure that all the components on the page have the same reference so that they summarize the same |
|--------------|---|
| start_time | integer example: 1580515200 The start time for the filter period (epoch). This value should represent the starting time for the selected 'time_duration_type'. Note the following: |
| | * Selecting "day" for 'time_duration_type' indicates this value should be the start of a specific calendar day (in UTC) * Selecting "week" for 'time_duration_type' indicates this value should be the start of a specific calendar week (in UTC) * Selecting "month" for 'time_duration_type' indicates this value should be the start of a specific calender month (in UTC) |
| end_time | <pre>integer example: 1580515200 The end time for the filter period (epoch). This value should represent the ending time for the selected 'time_duration_time' window. Use this field only when the 'time_duration_ type' is set to "custom".</pre> |

```
time duration type
                            string
                            example: day
                            Details of what unit of time duration need to
                            be considered for the data.
                            Enum:
                            [ active, current day, day, week, month,
                            last 24 hours, custom ]
timezone offset
                            string
                            nullable: true
                            example: pcs
                            default: zta
                            Type of the gateway.
                            Enum:
                            [ zta, pcs, pps, vtm, null ]
user locations
                             Array [ string ]
                             example: List [ "Pune", "Bangalore" ]
                             default: List []
                             User access location filters for queries.
                            Filtering based on multiple locations is
                            supported.
user name
                            string
                            example: List [ "ZTAUser" ]
                            User name filter for queries.
period
                             integer
                             minimum: 0
                             default: 0
                             example: 0
                            Time-range in days (from current time) for
                            queries. 0 (default) means current values.
                            Array [ string ]
gateway_names
                            example: List [ "SanJose Gateway 1", "Paris
                            Gateway 1" ]
```

```
default: List []
                            Names of the Gateways to be filtered.
                            Array [ string ]
application names
                            example: List [ "JIRA", "Confluence" ]
                            default: List []
                            Application name filters for queries.
                            string
application name
                            example: List [ "Confluence" ]
device types
                            Array [ string ]
                            example: List [ "Windows", "iOS" ]
                            default: List []Device type filters for
                            queries.
                            Array [ number ]
geo filter
                            example: List [ 90, -180, -90, 180 ]
                            default: List [ 90, -180, -90, 180 ]
                            Geo filter; co-ordinates to be specified in
                            this order [top left lat, top left long,
                            bottom right lat, bottom right long]
```

```
location
                            {
                               description: Optional location to filter
                            records.
                               granularity
                                               string
                                               default: city
                                               example: city
                                             Granularity of the location.
                            Following fields will be set for different
                            values of granularity:
                                               city - city, country,
                            continent
                                               country - country,
                            continent
                                               continent - continent
                                               Enum:
                                               [ city, country, continent
                            ]
                               city
                                               string
                                               example: Austin
                                               Name of the city. Set when
                            granularity is city.
                               country
                                               string
                                               example: USA
                                               Name of the country. Set
                            when granularity is city or country.
                               continent
                                               string
                                               example: North America
                                               Name of the continent. Set
                            when granularity is city, country, or
                            continent.
```

```
overlay filter type
                            string
                            example: non compliance users
                            Dashboard overlay text filter type
                            Enum:
                            [ connected users in last one hour, non
                            compliance users, connected users in more
                            than one day, users from most busy gateway,
                            users from least busy gateway, top risky
                            users, geo anomaly users, user roles with
                            most non compliances, top users with auth
                            failures, users with mfa ]
global filter
                              description: Global filter object that is
                            applicable for all pages. If both overlay
                            filter type and global filter are set, only
                            global fiter would be used
                             gateway ids Array [ string ]
                                          example: List [ "74h4h3-u43943-
                            4u3o4", "84h4h3-u43943-4u3o5"]
                                          default: List []
                                          Filtering based on multiple
                            gateway ids.
                            nullable: true
```

Parameters

• num gateways: (integer - in: query)

The maximum number of Gateways for which data is returned. Default: 10.

Request

Retrieving Analytics Data for the Top Active Applications Chart

To retrieve a resource containing data used to create the top Active Applications chart, use the REST API call below:

- **Method:** POST /api/analytics/widgets/top_applications
- Resource: Path
- JSON Data: JSON data structure based on the FilterObject schema (see <u>Schema</u>) containing date/time period selection and optional filter for gateway selection.

If processed correctly, a JSON body is returned that contains a list of data-points for plotting the Top Active Applications chart. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Parameters

• num applications: (integer - in: query)

The maximum number of applications for which data is returned. Default: 10.

Request

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
 "applications": [
    "name": "amazon",
    "value": 1
    "name": "atlassian",
    "value": 1
    "name": "bngvc.bnglab.psecure.net",
    "value": 1
    "name": "juniper.net",
    "value": 1
     "name": "community.juniper.net",
     "value": 1
   },
    "name": "rdp",
    "value": 1
     "name": "telnetresource ip",
     "value": 1
 ],
 "title": "TOP APPLICATIONS"
```

Retrieving Analytics Data for the Top Active User Locations Chart

To retrieve a resource containing data used to create the Top Active User Locations chart, use the REST API call below:

- Method: POST /api/analytics/widgets/top_user_access_locations
- Resource: Path
- JSON Data: JSON data structure based on the FilterObject schema (see <u>Schema</u>) containing date/time period selection and optional filter for gateway selection.

If processed correctly, a JSON body is returned that contains a list of data-points for plotting the Top Active User Locations chart. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Parameters

• granularity: (string - in: query)

The level of granularity for location identification. Available values: city (default), country, continent.

• num locations: (integer - in: query)

The maximum number of locations for which data is returned. Default: 10.

Request

Retrieving Analytics Data for the Active Anomalies Chart

To retrieve a resource containing data used to create the Active Anomalies chart, use the REST API call below:

- Method: POST /api/analytics/widgets/anomalies
- Resource: Path
- JSON Data: JSON data structure based on the FilterObject schema (see <u>Schema</u>) containing date/time period selection and optional filter for gateway selection.

If processed correctly, a JSON body is returned that contains a list of data-points for plotting the Active Anomalies chart. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

Response

Retrieving Analytics Data for the Connected Clients Version Chart

To retrieve a resource containing data used to create the Connected Clients Version chart, use the REST API call below:

- Method: POST /api/analytics/devices/connected_clients
- Resource: Path
- JSON Data: JSON data structure based on the FilterObject schema (see <u>Schema</u>) containing date/time period selection and optional filter for gateway selection.

If processed correctly, a JSON body is returned that contains a list of data-points for plotting the Connected Clients Version chart. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Parameters

• count: (integer - in: query)

Default: 5.

Request

The following is an example request:

Response

Retrieving Analytics Data for the Non-compliances Chart

To retrieve a resource containing data used to create the Non-compliances chart, use the REST API call below:

- **Method:** POST /api/analytics/users/top_non_compliance
- Resource: Path
- JSON Data: JSON data structure based on the FilterObject schema (see <u>Schema</u>) containing date/time period selection and optional filter for gateway selection.

If processed correctly, a JSON body is returned that contains a list of data-points for plotting the Non-compliances chart. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Parameters

• count: (integer - in: query)

The number of Top Compliance policies for which data is needed based on the number of failures of the corresponding policy. A value of "-1" returns data for all Compliance policies. Default: 8.

• page level: (string - in: query)

The Insights UI page level/depth for which non-compliance data is to be provided. Available values: L1, L2, L3, L4.

Request

The following is an example request:

Response

Retrieving Analytics Data for the Gateways Info-panel

To retrieve a resource containing data used to populate the Gateways Info-panel, use the REST API call below:

- Method: POST /api/analytics/widgets/top_gateways/panel
- **Resource:** Path
- JSON Data: JSON data structure based on the FilterObject schema (see <u>Schema</u>) containing date/time period selection and optional filter for gateway selection.

If processed correctly, a JSON body is returned that contains data used to populate the Gateways Infopanel. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Parameters

• max_panel_items: (integer - in: query)

The maximum number of items to be returned in the panel output. Default: 500.

• sort order: (string - in: query)

The sort order to apply. Available values: asc, desc (default).

• sort field: (string - in: query)

The field to sort by. Available values: active_users_count (default), active_applications_count, non_compliance_count, active_devices_count, active_sessions_count, number_of_issues, gateway_name, city_name.

• city name: (string - in: query)

The selected city name.

• search_string: (string - in: query)

The search string to apply.

• status: (string - in: query)

Return all Gateways or only those Gateways with this specified status. Available values : all (default), active, offline, online, unregistered.

Request

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
  "info panel items": [
     "id": "feicie-cneineoic-nfeie-32he",
      "gateway name": "eng-mkn-gw-1",
      "city name": "bangalore",
      "overall color": "green",
      "gateway status": "active",
      "number of issues": 10,
      "cpu line graph data": "string",
      "memory line graph data": "string",
      "disk used line graph data": "string",
      "active users count": 10,
      "active devices count": 10,
      "active sessions count": 10,
      "active applications count": 10,
      "non compliance count": 10,
      "issues highest severity": "CRITICAL",
      "issues details": [
          "message id": "NTP12456",
          "raw message": "NTP server is not reachable",
          "issue timestamp": 3848462926,
          "number of issues": 23
      1,
      "system uptime": 10748,
      "last config update timestamp": 1063264,
      "ssl sessions count": 10,
      "auth only sessions count": 10,
      "active sync device count": 10,
      "is node part of cluster": true,
      "cluster properties": {
        "cluster id": "9ccf22b9fe9ccf22b9fe",
        "cluster name": "CoaGroup",
        "cluster type": "Active/Active",
        "cluster node type": "active",
```

```
"cluster_member_type": "leader",
    "is_vip_owner": false,
    "is_node_reachable": true,
    "is_node_enabled": false
}

}

l,
    "count": 10,
    "all_gateway_count": 10,
    "active_gateway_count": 5,
    "offline_gateway_count": 5,
    "online_gateway_count": 5,
    "unregistered_gateway_count": 5
}
```

Retrieving Analytics Data for the Users Info-panel

To retrieve a resource containing data used to populate the Users Info-panel, use the REST API call below:

- Method: POST /api/analytics/widgets/top_risky_users/panel
- Resource: Path
- **JSON Data:** JSON data structure based on the **FilterObject** schema (see <u>Schema</u>) containing date/time period selection and optional filter for gateway selection.

If processed correctly, a JSON body is returned that contains data used to populate the Users Infopanel. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Parameters

• offset: (integer - in: query)

The offset from which to fetch panel items. Default: 0.

• limit: (integer - in: query)

The maximum number of panel items to return. Default: 20.

• sort order: (string - in: query)

The sort order to apply. Available values: asc, desc (default).

• sort_field: (string - in: query)

The field to sort by. Available values: user_risk_score (default), user_name.

• city name: (string - in: query)

The selected city name.

• search string: (string - in: query)

The search string to apply.

Request

The following is an example response:

Retrieving Analytics Data for the Devices Info-panel

To retrieve a resource containing data used to populate the Devices Info-panel, use the REST API call below:

- Method: POST /api/analytics/widgets/top_device_types/panel
- Resource: Path
- JSON Data: JSON data structure based on the FilterObject schema (see <u>Schema</u>) containing date/time period selection and optional filter for gateway selection.

If processed correctly, a JSON body is returned that contains data used to populate the Devices Infopanel. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Parameters

• max panel items: (integer - in: query)

The maximum number of items to be returned in the panel output. Default: 500.

• sort order: (string - in: query)

The sort order to apply. Available values: asc, desc (default).

• sort field: (string - in: query)

The field to sort by. Available values: active_users_count (default), active_applications_count, non_compliance_count, deviations_count, devices_count.

• search string: (string - in: query)

The search string to apply.

Request

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
  "info panel items": [
     "nvt items": [
          "name": "active users count",
         "trend": "Flat",
         "value": 2
       },
         "name": "active applications count",
         "trend": "Flat",
         "value": 7
        },
         "name": "devices count",
         "trend": "Flat",
         "value": 2
        },
          "name": "non compliance count",
         "trend": "Flat",
         "value": 3
        },
         "name": "deviations count",
         "trend": "Flat",
         "value": 0
       }
     ],
      "status": 100,
     "sub title": "",
     "title": "windows"
```

Retrieving Analytics Data for the Applications Info-panel

To retrieve a resource containing data used to populate the Applications Info-panel, use the REST API call below:

- Method: POST /api/analytics/widgets/top_applications/panel
- Resource: Path
- JSON Data: JSON data structure based on the FilterObject schema (see <u>Schema</u>) containing date/time period selection and optional filter for gateway selection.

If processed correctly, a JSON body is returned that contains data used to populate the Applications Info-panel. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Parameters

• max panel items: (integer - in: query)

The maximum number of items to be returned in the panel output. Default: 500.

• sort order: (string - in: query)

The sort order to apply. Available values: asc, desc (default).

• sort field: (string - in: query)

The field to sort by. Available values: active_users_count (default), active_applications_count, non_compliance_count, deviations_count, devices_count.

• search string: (string - in: query)

The search string to apply.

Request

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
  "info panel items": [
      "nvt items": [
          "name": "active users count",
          "trend": "Flat",
         "value": 1
       },
          "name": "active applications count",
         "trend": "Flat",
         "value": 1
        },
         "name": "devices count",
         "trend": "Flat",
         "value": 1
        },
          "name": "application type",
         "trend": "Flat",
         "value": 0
        },
         "name": "application port",
          "trend": "Flat",
         "value": 443
        },
          "name": "non compliance count",
          "trend": "Flat",
          "value": 0
        },
          "name": "deviations count",
          "trend": "Flat",
```

```
"value": 0
}
"status": 0,
"sub title": "",
"title": "pulsesecure.net"
"nvt items": [
 {
    "name": "active users count",
   "trend": "Flat",
   "value": 1
  },
    "name": "active applications count",
   "trend": "Flat",
   "value": 1
  },
   "name": "devices count",
   "trend": "Flat",
   "value": 1
  },
   "name": "application type",
   "trend": "Flat",
   "value": 0
  },
   "name": "application port",
    "trend": "Flat",
   "value": 443
  },
    "name": "non compliance count",
    "trend": "Flat",
    "value": 0
  },
```

```
"name": "deviations_count",
    "trend": "Flat",
    "value": 0
}

],
    "status": 0,
    "sub_title": "",
    "title": "community.juniper.net"
},
]
```

Retrieving Analytics Data for the Non-compliances Infopanel

To retrieve a resource containing data used to populate the Non-compliances Info-panel, use the REST API call below:

- Method: POST /api/analytics/widgets/non_compliance/panel
- Resource: Path
- **JSON Data:** JSON data structure based on the **FilterObject** schema (see <u>Schema</u>) containing date/time period selection and optional filter for gateway selection.

If processed correctly, a JSON body is returned that contains data used to populate the Non-compliances Info-panel. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Parameters

• offset: (integer - in: query)

The offset from which to fetch panel items. Default: 0.

• limit: (integer - in: query)

The maximum number of panel items to return. Default: 20.

• sort order: (string - in: query)

The sort order to apply. Available values: asc, desc (default).

• sort field: (string - in: query)

The field to sort by. Available values: timestamp (default), user_name.

• search_string: (string - in: query)

The search string to apply.

Request

The following is an example request:

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
  "count": 3,
  "info panel items": [
      "application name": "Zendesk",
      "device id": "b71af79efc6c43b2b7e9da58071a23da",
      "device type": "Windows",
      "non compliance policy name": "NetworkPolicy",
      "non compliance policy types list": [
        "Network"
     ],
      "timestamp": 1648532547,
      "user name": "cambridgetest1"
      "application name": "Salesforce",
      "device id": "alee1dc5ee5e4263abaf91599f9dc595",
      "device type": "Windows",
      "non compliance policy name": "SymantecAVHigh",
      "non compliance policy types list": [
        "HC"
      ],
      "timestamp": 1648532503,
      "user name": "sjtest1"
      "application name": "Box",
      "device id": "aleeldc5ee5e4263abaf91599f9dc595",
      "device type": "Windows",
      "non compliance policy name": "CommonPolicy",
      "non compliance_policy_types_list": [
       "Network",
        "HC"
      ],
      "timestamp": 1648532497,
      "user name": "sjtest1"
```

```
1,
  "total": 3
}
```

Retrieving Analytics Data for the Anomalies Info-panel

To retrieve a resource containing data used to populate the Anomalies Info-panel, use the REST API call below:

• Method: POST /api/analytics/widgets/anomalies/panel

• Resource: Path

 JSON Data: JSON data structure representing the AnomaliesPanelFilterObject schema (see Schema) - containing date/time period selection, and optional filter for gateway selection.

If processed correctly, a JSON body is returned that contains data used to populate the Anomalies Infopanel. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Schema

The **AnomaliesPanelFilterObject** schema entity contains the following fields:

```
acknowledged_status string

default: All

example: Acknowledged

Acknowledged status of anomalies to be

filtered

Enum:

[ All, Acknowledged, Open ]
```

Parameters

• offset: (integer - in: query)

The offset from which to fetch panel items. Default: 0.

• limit: (integer - in: query)

The maximum number of panel items to return. Default: 20.

sort_order: (string - in: query)

The sort order to apply. Available values: asc, desc (default).

• sort_field: (string - in: query)

The field to sort by. Available values: timestamp (default), user_name, acknowledged.

• search string: (string - in: query)

The search string to apply.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
POST /api/analytics/widgets/anomalies/panel?offset=0&limit=20&sort_order=desc&sort_field=timestamp&search_string=user1
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
Request Body
{
    "acknowledged_status": "Acknowledged"
}
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
  "info panel items": [
      "anomaly type": "GeoNewLocation",
      "user name": "John Smith",
      "timestamp": 1587972453,
      "device id": "27178d97948d46c09c205d30e9cf2afe",
      "session id": "9ccf22b9fe",
      "device type": "Windows",
      "anomaly reason": "Non-familiar user location.",
      "anomaly id": "e4abbb38ce8d4619891e561cedb7c807",
      "acknowledged": true,
      "active session": true,
      "browser": "Google Chrome",
      "locations history": [
          "location name": "Bangalore",
          "timestamp": 1580515200
     1,
      "current location": "Bangalore"
    },
    { } ,
      "anomaly type": "GeoNewLocation",
      "user name": "John Smith",
      "timestamp": 1587972453,
      "device id": "27178d97948d46c09c205d30e9cf2afe",
      "session id": "9ccf22b9fe",
      "device type": "Windows",
      "anomaly reason": "Non-familiar user location.",
      "anomaly id": "e4abbb38ce8d4619891e561cedb7c807",
      "acknowledged": true,
      "active session": true,
      "browser": "Google Chrome",
      "application names": [
        "Microsoft",
```

```
"Facebook"
],
    "details": "Normal access hours range of user is between 9 a.m. to 5
p.m."
    }
],
    "count": 20,
    "total": 20
}
```

Retrieving Log Data

To retrieve a resource containing log data, use the REST API call below:

- Method: POST /api/analytics/logs/search
- Resource: Path
- JSON Data: JSON data structure representing the LogRequestEntity schema (see <u>Schema</u>), containing log selection criteria.

If processed correctly, a JSON body is returned that contains log data. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Schema

The **LogRequestEntity** schema entity contains the following fields:

```
name string
example: Filter1

Name to be used

start_time_ integer
es example: 1576533928

Start time for logs in seconds since epoch. By default start of current day.

end_time_es integer
example: 1576533928
```

End time for logs in seconds since epoch. By default

current time i.e now.

current_ integer

time example: 1576533928

Current time for logs in seconds since epoch. By default

current time i.e now.

timezone_ integer

offset example: 330

Offset of the timezone to be used.

offset integer

example: 0

Start offsets for logs, default is 0.

limit integer

example: 100

Number of logs lines to be returned by the query

search_string

example: ZTA

Search string to be used

search Array [string] string columns Selects search string columns to be used in query. Enum: [application configured name, application discovered, application group names, application host, application id, application ip, application location city, application name, application names, application protocol, application protocol display name, application request id, application status, application type, application url, auth server name, pulse client version, device location city, device id, device model, device os type, device os version, device type, gateway location city, gateway id, gateway name, gateway type, message id, message type, non compliance policy id, non compliance policy name, non compliance policy types_list, raw_message, realm_name, role names, session id, severity, sub message type, source ip, user group, user groups list, user id, user name, user risk score category] sort by string nullable: true default: timestamp Field used for sorting logs. Enum:

[timestamp, source ip, message id, severity, gateway id, gateway name, session id, user name, device id, raw message, user group, application name, non compliance policy name, non compliance policy types list, device location city, device location country, sub message type, user risk score, user risk score category, user anomalies count, user alerts count, user activity deviations count, acknowledged, device type, realm name, role names, pulse client version, device os type, gateway location city, application type, application protocol, application protocol display name, application discovered, application group names, application status, application bookmark type, application connection broker, application desktop protocol, application host, application ip, application location city, application url, message, browser, browser id, controller, message type, bandwidth consumed str, connected time, host checker policy name, host checker failed reason, session duration, null]

```
sort group {
               description: Field used for sorting of grouping logs.
by
               anyOf -> SortGroupByFieldType string
                        example: application name
                        default: application name
                        Group by field type for sorting
                        Enum:
                        [ application name, application group, device
             id, gateway id, gateway name, message id, session
             id, severity, source ip, user name, user group, unique
             application group names count, unique application ips
             count, unique application location cities count, unique
             application names count, unique application protocols
             count, unique application protocol display names count,
             unique application urls count, unique device ids count,
             unique device location cities count, unique gateway ids
             count, unique gateway names count, unique non compliance
             policy types count, unique session ids count, unique
             source ips count, unique user names count, unique user
             groups count ]
```

```
group by
                description: Field used for grouping logs.
                anyOf -> GroupFieldType string
                         example: application name
                         default: application name
                         Group by field type
                         Enum:
                          [ application discovered, application group
             names, application ip, application location city,
             application name, application protocol, application
             protocol display name, application status, application
             type, pulse client version, device id, device location
             city, device os type, device type, gateway id, gateway
             location city, gateway name, message type, non compliance
             policy name, non compliance policy types list, source ip,
             session id, severity, sub message type, user name, user
             group, user risk score category ]
order
             string
             default: desc
             Order of sorting specified by sortby field.
             Enum:
             [ asc, desc ]
log type
             string
             default: access
             example: access
             Type of the logs to be exported
             Enum:
             [ access, admin, event ]
```

[acknowledged, adaptive auth reason, application bookmark type, application connection broker, application desktop protocol, application discovered, application group names, application host, application ip, application location city, application name, application protocol, application protocol display name, application status, application type, application url, avg cpu, avg disk, avg memory, avg throughput, bandwidth consumed in bytes, bandwidth consumed str, browser, browser id, concurrent users sessions, connected time, controller, cpu, device id, device location city, device location country, device os type, device type, disk used percentage, esap version, esap version, gateway id, gateway location city, gateway location country, gateway name, gateway status, gateway version, gateway version, host checker failed reason, host checker policy name, is session active, max concurrent user licenses consumed, message, message id, message type, non compliance policy name, non compliance policy types list, physical memory, primary auth failed reason, primary auth server name, primary auth server type, pulse client version, raw message, realm name, role names, secondary auth failed reason, secondary auth server type, secondary auth server name, secondary auth server user name, session created timestamp, session duration, session id, session type, severity, source ip, sub message type, swap memory, throughput value, timestamp, user activity deviations count, user alerts count, user anomalies count, user group, user name, user risk score, user risk score category, ALL, null]

group_by_
columns

Array [string]

default: List ["unique_gateway_names_count", "unique_user_
names_count", "unique_application_names_count", "summary_
device_types", "summary_message_types", "unique_device_ids_
count", "unique session ids count"]

Selects group by columns to be returned by query response.

Enum:

[summary acknowledged, summary application discovered, summary application names, summary application types, summary application status, summary pulse client versions, summary device types, summary device os types, summary non compliance policy names, summary non compliance policy types, summary message ids, summary message types, summary severities, summary sub message types, summary application bookmark types, summary application desktop protocols, summary browsers, summary esap versions, summary gateway status, summary gateway versions, summary is session actives, summary user risk score categories, unique application group names count, unique application ips count, unique application location cities count, unique application names count, unique application protocols count, unique application protocol display names count, unique application urls count, unique device ids count, unique device location cities count, unique gateway ids count, unique gateway names count, unique session ids count, unique source ips count, unique user names count, unique user groups count, unique application connection brokers count, unique application hosts count, unque device ids count, unique device location countries count, unique gateway location cities count, unique host checker policy names count, unique message ids count, unique raw messages count, unique_role_names_count, unique_realm_ names count, max user activity deviations count, max user alerts count, max user anomalies count, max user risk score, avg user activity deviations count, avg user alerts count, avg user anomalies count, avg user risk score, avg cpu, avg disk used percentage, avg swap memory, avg throughput value, max cpu, max disk used percentage, max swap memory, max throughput value, recent user activity deviations count, recent user alerts count, recent user anomalies count, recent user risk score, recent user risk score category, ALL]

```
filters
             Array [ LogFilterEntity ]
             Represents a collection of filters to be applied.
             LogFilterEntity {
                      description: Filter to be used
                       filter by*
                                       string
                                       example: message ids
                                        Filter by field to be used
                                       Enum:
                                        [ gateway ids, gateway location
             cities, gateway names, user names, user groups, user risk
             score categories, pulse client versions, device ids,
             device types, device os types, device location cities,
             device location countries, application bookmark types,
             application connection brokers, application desktop
             protocols, application location cities, application names,
             application group names, application hosts, application
             ips, application protocols, application protocol display
             names, application types, application urls, message ids,
             session ids, source ips, realm names, role names,
             severities, non compliance policy names, non compliance
             policy types, message types, sub message types, ignore sub
             message types, application discovered, acknowledged,
             application status list, host checker policy names,
             browsers, browser ids, is session active, controller, raw
             messages, gateway statuses, gateway versions, esap
             versions, cpus, disk used percentages, physical memories,
             swap memories, throughput values, avg cpus, avg disks, avg
             memories, avg throughputs, max concurrent user licenses
             consumed 1
                         operator*
                                         string
                                          default: IS
                                          example: IS
                                          operator to be used
                                          Enum:
                                          [ IS, CONTAINS ]
                                 Copyright © 2023, Ivanti. All Rights Reserved. Privacy and Legal.
```

value*

owample: 7TTCateway

string

The following is an example request:

```
POST /api/analytics/logs/search
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
Request Body
 "name": "Filter1",
 "start time es": 1576533928,
 "end time es": 1576533928,
  "current time": 1576533928,
  "timezone offset": 330,
  "offset": 0,
 "limit": 100,
  "search string": "ZTA",
 "search string columns": [
    "application configured name"
 ],
  "sort by": "timestamp",
  "sort group by": "application name",
  "group by": "application name",
  "order": "desc",
  "log type": "access",
  "gateway type": "zta",
  "columns": [
    "timestamp",
    "message id",
    "severity",
    "session id",
    "raw message"
  ],
  "group by columns": [
    "unique gateway names count",
    "unique user names count",
    "unique application names count",
    "summary device types",
    "summary message types",
    "unique device ids count",
    "unique session ids count"
  ],
  "filters": [
```

```
"filter_by": "message_ids",
    "operator": "IS",
    "value": "ZTAGateway"
}
]
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
  "total": 1000,
  "count": 10,
  "offset": 0,
  "log lines": [
      "timestamp": 1576533928,
      "message id": "ADM24682",
      "gateway id": "123e4567-e89b-12d3-a456-426655440000",
      "gateway name": "Azure-Gateway 1",
      "severity": "INFO",
      "source ip": "127.0.0.1",
      "raw message": "Primary authentication successful for admindb/SDP
Admin Auth from\n172.21.8.171\n",
      "user name": "testuser1",
      "user group": "testgroup1",
      "session id": "fa0726e89c",
      "device id": "965C34BA98C94F4EAE6F2D8564E6CEAC",
      "application name": "Jira.abc.com",
      "application group names": [
          "group-1",
          "group-2"
      1,
      "application protocol": "HTTPS",
      "application protocol display name": "Web",
      "application discovered": false,
      "application type": "url",
      "application status": "Green",
      "application connection broker": "auto.pcs.com",
      "application desktop protocol": "ssh",
      "application host": "auto.pcs.com",
      "application ip": "1.2.3.4",
      "application url": "www.gmail.com",
      "application location city": "Bengaluru",
      "application bookmark type": "Admin defined",
```

```
"non compliance policy name": "Jira access policy",
"non compliance policy types list": [
    "Location",
    "HC"
 1
1,
"message type": "Anomaly",
"sub message type": "Anomaly",
"pulse client version": "2021.12.1",
"device type": "Windows",
"device os type": "Windows 10 Pro",
"device location city": "mumbai",
"user risk score": 10.23,
"user risk score category": "High",
"user alerts count": 13,
"user anomalies count": 10,
"user activity deviations count": 5,
"acknowledged": true,
"session type": "local",
"adaptive auth reason": "new location",
"controller": true,
"is session active": true,
"session duration": "2:20:00",
"bandwidth consumed": 1024,
"bandwidth consumed str": "1.00 Kb",
"connected time": "2:10:30",
"role names": [
    "role-1",
   "role-2"
 1
],
"session created timestamp": 1576533928,
"browser": "Google Chrome",
"gateway status": "online",
"gateway version": "21.x Build 1",
"esap version": "21.x Build 1",
"cpu": 26.75,
"physical memory": 18.25,
```

```
"swap_memory": 20.9,
   "disk_used_percentage": 34.5,
   "throughput_value": 67,
   "avg_cpu": 26.75,
   "avg_memory": 18.25,
   "avg_disk": 34.5,
   "avg_throughput": 67,
   "max_concurrent_user_licenses_consumed": 200
}
```

Retrieving Aggregated Gateway Statistics

To retrieve aggregated usage statistics for a list of Gateways, use the REST API call below:

• Method: GET /api/analytics/apm/appstats

• Resource: Path

• JSON Data: None

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing a *MetricsResponseEntity* resource is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Parameters

• metric: (array[string] - in: query)

A list of the required metrics. Available values: cpu, file_hits, web_hits, swap_memory, physical_memory, ssl_connections, in_in_throughput_bps, in_out_throughput_bps, ext_in_throughput_bps, ext_out_throughput_bps, mul_in_throughput_bps, mul_out_throughput_bps, concurrent_users_sessions, concurrent_users_vpn_sessions, disk_used_percentage, ALL.

• start_time_es: (integer - in: query)

Start time of aggregation since epoch in seconds.

• end time es: (integer - in: query)

End time of aggregation since epoch in seconds.

• bucket size: (string - in: query)

Aggregation based on bucketing. Available values: 5minutes, hours, days.

• gateway_ids: (array[string] - in: query)

A list of the Gateway ID(s) for which data is required. To request data for all Gateways, use the value 'ALL'.

• agg type: (string - in: query)

The type of aggregation. Available values: SUM, AVG, MAX.

• location: (string - in: query)

The Gateway location to use.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
GET /api/analytics/apm/appstats?metric=cpu&start_time_
es=1574973734&end_time_es=1574973777&bucket_size=5minutes&gateway_
ids=74h4h3-u43943-4u3o4&agg_type=SUM&location=Bangalore
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
  "status": {
   "data points": 0,
   "offset": 0,
   "agg type": "SUM",
   "gateway ids": [
     "string"
   ]
  "chart data": [
   {
     "cpu": 23,
     "file hits": 32,
     "web hits": 13,
     "swap memory": 33,
     "physical memory": 56,
     "ssl connections": 3423,
      "in in throughput bps": 1334,
      "in out throughput bps": 423423,
      "ext in throughput_bps": 423423,
      "ext out throughput bps": 423423,
      "mul in throughput bps": 423423,
      "mul out throughput bps": 423423,
      "concurrent users sessions": 4213,
      "concurrent users vpn sessions": 4213,
      "disk used percentage": 56,
      "timestamp es": 0
```

Applications (resources)

An application is a type of *resources* entity that represents a *nZTA* application. Applications support the following activities:

- Retrieving all applications, see Retrieving an Application.
- Editing an application, see Editing an Application.



The *resources* entity is also used to represent a *nZTA* user policy. This is enabled by a **type** of "sign-in", see <u>User Policies</u> (resources).

Retrieving an Application

To retrieve all application (resources) entities, use the REST API call below:

- Method: GET /api/v1/policies/resources
- **Resource:** Path
- JSON Data: JSON dictionary representing a resources type of "application".

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing a list of all application resources is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
GET /api/v1/policies/resources
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
Request Body
{
    "type": "application"
}
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
  "type": "application",
  "name": "app1",
   "description": "app1",
  "app config": {
      "access type": "saml",
     "name": "app1",
      "resource": "https://www.example.com",
      "resource type": "url",
      "bookmark config": {
         "name": "app1",
         "type": "web",
         "description": "app1",
         "launch window": True,
         "url": "https://www.example.com",
         "icon": "/admin/static/media/filename.svg"
      },
      "saml config": {
         "sp metadata": "string"
```

Editing an Application

To edit an application resources entity, use the REST API call below:

- **Method:** PUT /api/v1/policies/resources/{resource_id}
- Resource: Path
- JSON Data: JSON dictionary representing changed properties for an application resources entity.

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing the updated application *resources* entity is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
PUT /api/v1/policies/resources/{resource id}
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
Request Body
   "type": "application",
   "name": "app1",
   "description": "app1",
   "app config": {
      "access type": "saml",
      "name": "app1",
      "resource": "https://www.example.com",
      "resource type": "url",
      "bookmark_config": {
         "name": "app1",
         "type": "web",
         "description": "app1",
         "launch window": True,
         "url": "https://www.intuit.com",
         "icon": "/admin/static/media/filename.svg"
      },
      "saml config": {
         "sp metadata": "string"
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
  "type": "application",
  "name": "app1",
  "description": "app1",
  "app config": {
     "access type": "saml",
     "name": "app1",
     "resource": "https://www.example.com",
      "resource type": "url",
      "bookmark config": {
         "name": "app1",
         "type": "web",
         "description": "app1",
         "launch window": True,
         "url": "https://www.example.com",
         "icon": "/admin/static/media/filename.svg"
      },
      "saml config": {
         "sp metadata": "string"
```

Authentication Server (auth-servers)

The *auth-servers* entity represents a *nZTA* authentication server. Authentication servers support the following activities:

- Retrieving All Authentication Servers, see Retrieving All Authentication Servers.
- Creating a Local Authentication Server, see Creating a Local Authentication Server.
- Creating a SAML Authentication Server, see Creating a SAML Authentication Server.

Retrieving All Authentication Servers

To retrieve all *auth-servers* entities, use the REST API call below:

- Method: GET /api/v1/policies/auth-servers
- Resource: Path
- **JSON Data:** No JSON is required for this request.

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing a list of all auth-servers is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

This REST API command always retrieves all auth-servers entities.

The following is an example request:

```
GET /api/v1/policies/auth-servers
Authorization:
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
 "total": 0,
 "auth servers": [
     "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
     "type": "Local",
     "name": "string"
    },
     "id": "2c963f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
     "type": "Local",
     "name": "string"
   },
     "id": "66afa664-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
     "type": "Local",
     "name": "string"
     "id": "63f66a64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
     "type": "Local",
     "name": "string"
```

Creating a Local Authentication Server

To create a local authentication server:

- Method: POST /api/v1/policies/auth-servers
- **Resource:** Path
- **JSON Data:** JSON dictionary representing a new local *auth-servers* entity.

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing the new local *auth-servers* entity is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
POST /api/v1/policies/auth-servers
Authorization:
Request Body
 "type": "Local",
 "name": "string",
 "cert config": {
   "user name template": "string"
 },
  "local config": {
    "users": [
        "name": "string",
        "full name": "string",
        "password": "string",
        "password change required": true
   ]
  },
  "samlsp config": {
    "metadata config_type": "url",
    "metadata_config_url": "string",
    "idp type": "Azure AD",
    "idp metadata xml": "string"
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
{
    "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
    "type": "Local",
    "name": "string",
    "cert_config": {
        "user_name_template": "string"
    },
    "samlsp_config": {
        "metadata_config_type": "url",
        "metadata_config_url": "string",
        "idp_type": "Azure AD",
        "idp_metadata_xml": "string"
    }
}
```

Creating a SAML Authentication Server

To create a remote SAML authentication server:

- Method: POST /api/v1/policies/auth-servers
- Resource: Path
- JSON Data: JSON dictionary representing a new SAML auth-servers entity.

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing the new SAML *auth-servers* entity is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
POST /api/v1/policies/auth-servers
Authorization:
Request Body
{
    "type": "SAML (Azure AD)",
    "name": "auth_server_1",
    "samlsp_config": {
        "idp_metadata_xml": "string"
        "idp_type": "Azure AD",
        "metadata_config_type": "file",
        "metadata_config_url": "string",
    }
}
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
{
    "id": "ab45c43278b42312f00fab4321af54c0543b",
    "type": "SAML (Azure AD)",
    "name": "auth_server_1",
    "samlsp_config": {
        "idp_metadata_xml": "string"
        "idp_type": "Azure AD",
        "metadata_config_type": "file",
        "metadata_config_url": "string",
    }
}
```

Device Policies (device-policy/groups)

The device-policy/groups entity represents a nZTA device policy configuration.



Hostchecker levels must be created and configured before device policies can be created successfully, see <u>Hostchecker Levels</u> (<u>hostchecker/levels</u>).

Device policies support the following activities:

- Retrieving all device policies, see Retrieving all device policies.
- Retrieving a specific device policy, see Retrieving a specific device policy
- Creating a device policy, see <u>Creating a device policy</u>.
- Editing a device policy, see Editing a device policy.
- Deleting a device policy, see <u>Deleting a device policy</u>.

Retrieving all Device Policies

To retrieve all *device-policy/groups* entities, use the REST API call below:

- Method: GET /api/v1/policies/device-policies/device-policy/groups
- Resource: Path

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing a list of all *device-policy/groups* entities is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
GET /api/v1/policies/device-policies/device-policy/groups
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
  "items": [
   {
      "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
      "name": "string",
      "description": "string",
      "is default": true,
      "rules": [
          "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
          "name": "string",
          "description": "string",
          "type": "browser",
          "label": "high",
          "browser config": {
            "user agent": "string",
            "mode": "allow"
          },
          "network config": {
            "ip address": "string",
            "netmask": "string",
            "mode": "allow"
          },
          "hostchecker config": {
            "name": "string",
            "type": "predefined",
            "predefined rule": {
              "type": "antivirus",
              "hostchecker level id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-
2c963f66afa6",
              "hostchecker product list id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-
2c963f66afa6",
              "hostchecker level name": "string",
              "hostchecker product list": {
                "windows": {
                  "products": [
                    "string"
```

```
"vendors": [
       "string"
    },
    "mac": {
      "products": [
       "string"
      ],
      "vendors": [
       "string"
    }
  },
  "user settings": {
    "hdd encryption settings": {
      "encrypt drives": [
       "string"
     1
},
"custom rule": {
  "platform": "windows",
  "type": "process",
  "registry": {
    "root key": "HKEY LOCAL MACHINE",
    "sub key": "string",
    "type": "string",
    "key": "string",
    "value": "string",
    "is 64 bit": true,
    "remediate": true,
    "monitor": true
  },
  "process": {
    "process name": "string",
    "md5 checksum": "string",
    "sha256 checksum": "string",
    "monitor": true,
```

```
"action": "allow"
},
"mobile os check": {
  "os version": "string",
  "rule separator": "above"
},
"desktop os check": [
    "os version": "string",
   "service pack version": "string"
 }
],
"file": {
 "file name": "string",
 "md5 checksum": "string",
  "sha256_checksum": "string",
  "monitor": true,
 "action": "allow"
},
"cve check": {
 "check all": true,
 "cve list": [
   "string"
 1
},
"mobile_jail_break_root_check_enabled": true,
"netbios": {
  "allow": true,
 "names": [
   "string"
 1
"mac address": {
 "allow": true,
 "address": [
    "string"
 1
```

```
"allow_delete": true,
    "is_default": true
    }
    ]
}
```

Retrieving a Specific Device Policy

To retrieve a single device-policy/groups entity, use the REST API call below:

- Method: GET /api/v1/policies/device-policies/device-policy/groups/{id}
- Resource: Path

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing the *device-policy/groups* entity is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
GET /api/v1/policies/device-policies/device-policy/groups/{id}
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
 "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
 "name": "string",
 "description": "string",
 "is default": true,
 "rules": [
   {
     "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
     "name": "string",
     "description": "string",
     "type": "browser",
     "label": "high",
      "browser config": {
        "user agent": "string",
        "mode": "allow"
      },
      "network config": {
       "ip address": "string",
        "netmask": "string",
       "mode": "allow"
      },
      "hostchecker config": {
        "name": "string",
        "type": "predefined",
        "predefined rule": {
          "type": "antivirus",
          "hostchecker level id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
          "hostchecker product list id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-
2c963f66afa6",
          "hostchecker level name": "string",
          "hostchecker product list": {
            "windows": {
              "products": [
                "string"
              ],
              "vendors": [
                "string"
```

```
},
    "mac": {
      "products": [
        "string"
     ],
      "vendors": [
       "string"
    }
  },
  "user settings": {
    "hdd encryption settings": {
      "encrypt drives": [
       "string"
     1
},
"custom rule": {
  "platform": "windows",
  "type": "process",
  "registry": {
    "root key": "HKEY LOCAL MACHINE",
    "sub key": "string",
    "type": "string",
    "key": "string",
    "value": "string",
    "is 64 bit": true,
    "remediate": true,
    "monitor": true
  },
  "process": {
    "process name": "string",
    "md5 checksum": "string",
    "sha256 checksum": "string",
    "monitor": true,
    "action": "allow"
  },
  "mobile os check": {
```

```
"os version": "string",
      "rule separator": "above"
    },
    "desktop os check": [
       "os version": "string",
        "service pack version": "string"
    ],
    "file": {
     "file name": "string",
     "md5 checksum": "string",
      "sha256 checksum": "string",
      "monitor": true,
     "action": "allow"
    },
    "cve check": {
     "check all": true,
     "cve list": [
       "string"
     1
    },
    "mobile jail break root check enabled": true,
    "netbios": {
     "allow": true,
     "names": [
       "string"
     1
    },
    "mac address": {
     "allow": true,
      "address": [
       "string"
     1
},
"allow delete": true,
"is default": true
```

```
]
```

Creating a Device Policy

To create a *device-policy/groups* entity, use the REST API call below:

• Method: POST /api/v1/policies/device-policies/device-policy/groups

• Resource: Path

• **JSON Data:** JSON dictionary representing a new *device-policy/groups* entity.

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing the new *device-policy/groups* entity is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
POST /api/v1/policies/device-policies/device-policy/groups
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
Request Body
        "name": "string",
        "description": "string",
        "is default": true,
        "rules": [
        "additionalProp1": {}
        "rule requirements": [
        "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
        "device policy id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
        "all of the above": "string",
        "any of the above": "string",
        "custom expression enabled": true,
        "custom expression": "string",
        "platform": "windows"
        "remediation": {
        "additionalProp1": {}
        },
        "enable custom instructions": true,
        "custom instructions": "string"
```

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
       "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
       "name": "string",
       "description": "string",
       "is default": true,
       "rule names": [
       "string"
       ],
       "rules": [
       "additionalProp1": {}
       }
       "rule requirements": [
       "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
       "device policy id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
       "all of the above": "string",
       "any_of_the_above": "string",
       "custom expression enabled": true,
       "custom expression": "string",
       "platform": "windows"
       1,
       "remediation": {
       "additionalProp1": {}
       "enable custom instructions": true,
       "custom instructions": "string"
```

Editing a Device Policy

To edit a *device-policy/groups* entity, use the REST API call below:

- **Method:** PUT /api/v1/policies/device-policies/device-policy/groups/{id}
- Resource: Path
- **JSON Data:** JSON dictionary representing changed properties for a *device-policy/groups* entity.

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing the updated *device-policy/groups* entity is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
PUT /api/v1/policies/device-policies/device-policy/groups/{id}
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
Request Body
{
    "name": "string",
    "description": "string"
}
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
 "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
 "name": "string",
 "description": "string",
 "is default": true,
 "rules": [
   {
     "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
     "name": "string",
     "description": "string",
     "type": "browser",
     "label": "high",
      "browser config": {
        "user agent": "string",
        "mode": "allow"
      },
      "network config": {
       "ip address": "string",
        "netmask": "string",
       "mode": "allow"
      },
      "hostchecker config": {
        "name": "string",
        "type": "predefined",
        "predefined rule": {
          "type": "antivirus",
          "hostchecker level id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
          "hostchecker product list id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-
2c963f66afa6",
          "hostchecker level name": "string",
          "hostchecker product list": {
            "windows": {
              "products": [
                "string"
              ],
              "vendors": [
                "string"
```

```
},
    "mac": {
      "products": [
        "string"
     ],
      "vendors": [
       "string"
    }
  },
  "user settings": {
    "hdd encryption settings": {
      "encrypt drives": [
       "string"
     1
},
"custom rule": {
  "platform": "windows",
  "type": "process",
  "registry": {
    "root key": "HKEY LOCAL MACHINE",
    "sub key": "string",
    "type": "string",
    "key": "string",
    "value": "string",
    "is 64 bit": true,
    "remediate": true,
    "monitor": true
  },
  "process": {
    "process name": "string",
    "md5 checksum": "string",
    "sha256 checksum": "string",
    "monitor": true,
    "action": "allow"
  },
  "mobile os check": {
```

```
"os version": "string",
      "rule separator": "above"
    },
    "desktop os check": [
       "os version": "string",
        "service pack version": "string"
    ],
    "file": {
     "file name": "string",
     "md5 checksum": "string",
      "sha256 checksum": "string",
      "monitor": true,
     "action": "allow"
    },
    "cve check": {
     "check all": true,
     "cve list": [
       "string"
     1
    },
    "mobile jail break root check enabled": true,
    "netbios": {
     "allow": true,
     "names": [
       "string"
     1
    },
    "mac address": {
     "allow": true,
      "address": [
       "string"
     1
},
"allow delete": true,
"is default": true
```

```
]
}
```

Deleting a Device Policy

To delete a device-policy/groups entity, use the REST API call below:

• Method: DELETE /api/v1/policies/device-policies/device-policy/groups/{id}

• Resource: Path

If processed correctly, a confirmation is returned. Otherwise, an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
DELETE /api/v1/policies/device-policies/device-policy/groups/{id}
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 204 Device-policy/groups deleted successfully Content-Type: application/json
```

Device Policy Rules (device-policy/rules)

The *device-policy/rules* entity represents a *nZTA* policy rule configuration. Device policy rules support the following activities:

- Retrieving all device policy rules, see Retrieving all device policy rules.
- Retrieving a specific device policy rule, see Retrieving a specific device policy rule.
- Creating a device policy rule, see Creating a device policy rule.
- Editing a device policy rule, see Editing a device policy rule.
- Deleting a device policy rule, see Deleting a device policy rule.
- · Adding a device policy rule to a device policy, see Adding a device policy rule to a device policy.
- Removing a device policy rule from a device policy, see <u>Removing a device policy rule from a device policy</u>.



Device rules added or edited through the API are considered *custom* and do not use the "Security Level" field. This field applies only to built-in default device rules.

Retrieving all Device Policy Rules

To retrieve all device-policy/rules entities, use the REST API call below:

- Method: GET /api/v1/policies/device-policies/device-policy/rules
- Resource: Path

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing a list of all *device-policy/rules* entities is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

GET /api/v1/policies/device-policies/device-policy/rules
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
  "items": [
   {
     "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
     "name": "string",
     "description": "string",
      "type": "browser",
     "label": "high",
     "browser config": {
       "user agent": "string",
       "mode": "allow"
      },
      "network config": {
       "ip address": "string",
       "netmask": "string",
       "mode": "allow"
      "hostchecker config": {
        "name": "string",
        "type": "predefined",
        "predefined rule": {
          "type": "antivirus",
          "hostchecker level id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
          "hostchecker product list id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-
2c963f66afa6",
          "hostchecker level name": "string",
          "hostchecker product list": {
            "windows": {
              "products": [
                "string"
              ],
              "vendors": [
                "string"
            },
            "mac": {
              "products": [
```

```
"string"
      ],
      "vendors": [
        "string"
  },
  "user settings": {
    "hdd encryption settings": {
      "encrypt drives": [
       "string"
     1
  }
},
"custom rule": {
  "platform": "windows",
  "type": "process",
  "registry": {
    "root key": "HKEY LOCAL MACHINE",
    "sub key": "string",
    "type": "string",
    "key": "string",
    "value": "string",
    "is 64 bit": true,
    "remediate": true,
    "monitor": true
  },
  "process": {
    "process name": "string",
    "md5 checksum": "string",
    "sha256 checksum": "string",
    "monitor": true,
    "action": "allow"
  },
  "mobile os check": {
   "os version": "string",
    "rule separator": "above"
  },
  "desktop os check": [
```

```
"os_version": "string",
            "service pack version": "string"
        ],
        "file": {
         "file name": "string",
         "md5 checksum": "string",
          "sha256 checksum": "string",
          "monitor": true,
         "action": "allow"
        },
        "cve check": {
         "check all": true,
         "cve list": [
           "string"
         1
        },
        "mobile_jail_break_root_check_enabled": true,
        "netbios": {
         "allow": true,
         "names": [
           "string"
         ]
        },
        "mac address": {
         "allow": true,
         "address": [
           "string"
   },
   "allow delete": true,
   "is default": true
]
```

Retrieving a Specific Device Policy Rule

To retrieve a single *device-policy/rules* entity, use the REST API call below:

• Method: GET /api/v1/policies/device-policies/device-policy/rules/{id}

• Resource: Path

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing the *device-policy/rules* entity is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
GET /api/v1/policies/device-policies/device-policy/rules/{id}
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
 "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
 "name": "string",
 "description": "string",
 "type": "browser",
 "label": "high",
 "browser config": {
   "user agent": "string",
   "mode": "allow"
  },
  "network config": {
   "ip address": "string",
   "netmask": "string",
   "mode": "allow"
  },
  "hostchecker config": {
   "name": "string",
   "type": "predefined",
   "predefined rule": {
     "type": "antivirus",
      "hostchecker level id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
      "hostchecker product list id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-
2c963f66afa6",
      "hostchecker level name": "string",
      "hostchecker product list": {
        "windows": {
          "products": [
           "string"
          ],
          "vendors": [
           "string"
          1
        },
        "mac": {
          "products": [
           "string"
          ],
```

```
"vendors": [
       "string"
  },
  "user settings": {
    "hdd encryption settings": {
      "encrypt drives": [
       "string"
     ]
},
"custom rule": {
 "platform": "windows",
 "type": "process",
  "registry": {
    "root key": "HKEY LOCAL MACHINE",
    "sub key": "string",
    "type": "string",
    "key": "string",
    "value": "string",
    "is 64 bit": true,
    "remediate": true,
    "monitor": true
  },
  "process": {
    "process name": "string",
    "md5 checksum": "string",
    "sha256 checksum": "string",
    "monitor": true,
    "action": "allow"
  "mobile os check": {
   "os version": "string",
    "rule separator": "above"
  },
  "desktop os check": [
      "os version": "string",
```

```
"service pack version": "string"
     }
    ],
    "file": {
     "file name": "string",
      "md5 checksum": "string",
      "sha256 checksum": "string",
      "monitor": true,
      "action": "allow"
   },
    "cve check": {
     "check all": true,
      "cve list": [
       "string"
     1
    "mobile jail break root check enabled": true,
    "netbios": {
     "allow": true,
      "names": [
       "string"
     1
   },
   "mac address": {
     "allow": true,
     "address": [
       "string"
},
"allow delete": true,
"is default": true
```

Creating a Device Policy Rule

You can create rules for the following rule types:

- antispyware
- cve_check
- firewall
- hdd_encryption
- mac_address
- netbios
- patch_management
- process
- network
- registry
- file
- antivirus
- OS
- jail_break_root

To create a device-policy/rules entity, use the REST API call below:

- Method: POST /api/v1/policies/device-policies/device-policy/rules
- Resource: Path
- **JSON Data:** JSON dictionary representing a new *device-policy/rules* entity.

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing the new *device-policy/rules* entity is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

```
POST /api/v1/policies/device-policies/device-policy/rules
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
Request Body
 "name": "string",
 "description": "string",
 "type": "browser",
 "label": "high",
 "browser config": {
   "user agent": "string",
   "mode": "allow"
  },
  "network config": {
   "ip address": "string",
   "netmask": "string",
   "mode": "allow"
  },
  "hostchecker config": {
    "name": "string",
    "type": "predefined",
    "predefined rule": {
      "type": "antivirus",
      "hostchecker level id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
      "hostchecker product list id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-
2c963f66afa6",
      "user settings": {
        "hdd encryption settings": {
          "encrypt drives": [
            "string"
      },
      "hostchecker level name": "string",
      "hostchecker product list": {
        "products": [
          "string"
        ],
        "vendors": [
          "string"
```

```
},
  "platform": "windows"
"custom rule": {
 "platform": "windows",
 "type": "process",
 "registry": {
    "root key": "HKEY LOCAL MACHINE",
    "sub key": "string",
    "type": "string",
    "key": "string",
    "value": "string",
    "is 64 bit": true,
    "remediate": true,
    "monitor": true
 },
  "process": {
   "process name": "string",
    "md5 checksum": "string",
    "sha256 checksum": "string",
    "monitor": true,
   "action": "allow"
 },
 "mobile os check": {
   "os version": "string",
   "rule separator": "above"
 },
  "desktop os check": [
     "os version": "string",
     "service pack version": "string"
 ],
 "file": {
    "file name": "string",
    "md5 checksum": "string",
    "sha256 checksum": "string",
    "monitor": true,
    "action": "allow"
```

```
},
"cve_check": {
 "check all": true,
 "cve_list": [
   "string"
 ]
},
"mobile_jail_break_root_check_enabled": true,
"netbios": {
 "allow": true,
  "names": [
   "string"
 ]
},
"mac address": {
 "allow": true,
  "address": [
   "string"
 1
```

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
 "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
 "name": "string",
 "description": "string",
 "type": "browser",
 "label": "high",
 "browser config": {
   "user agent": "string",
   "mode": "allow"
  },
  "network config": {
   "ip address": "string",
   "netmask": "string",
   "mode": "allow"
  },
  "hostchecker config": {
   "name": "string",
   "type": "predefined",
   "predefined rule": {
     "type": "antivirus",
      "hostchecker level id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
      "hostchecker product list id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-
2c963f66afa6",
      "hostchecker level name": "string",
      "hostchecker product list": {
        "windows": {
          "products": [
           "string"
          ],
          "vendors": [
           "string"
          1
        },
        "mac": {
          "products": [
           "string"
          ],
```

```
"vendors": [
       "string"
  },
  "user settings": {
    "hdd encryption settings": {
      "encrypt drives": [
       "string"
     ]
},
"custom rule": {
 "platform": "windows",
 "type": "process",
  "registry": {
    "root key": "HKEY LOCAL MACHINE",
    "sub key": "string",
    "type": "string",
    "key": "string",
    "value": "string",
    "is 64 bit": true,
    "remediate": true,
    "monitor": true
  },
  "process": {
    "process name": "string",
    "md5 checksum": "string",
    "sha256 checksum": "string",
    "monitor": true,
    "action": "allow"
  "mobile os check": {
   "os version": "string",
    "rule separator": "above"
  },
  "desktop os check": [
      "os version": "string",
```

```
"service pack version": "string"
     }
    ],
    "file": {
     "file name": "string",
      "md5 checksum": "string",
      "sha256 checksum": "string",
      "monitor": true,
      "action": "allow"
   },
    "cve check": {
     "check all": true,
      "cve list": [
       "string"
     1
    "mobile jail break root check enabled": true,
    "netbios": {
     "allow": true,
      "names": [
       "string"
     1
   },
   "mac address": {
     "allow": true,
     "address": [
       "string"
},
"allow delete": true,
"is default": true
```

Editing a Device Policy Rule

To edit a device-policy/rules entity, use the REST API call below:

- Method: PUT /api/v1/policies/device-policies/device-policy/rules/{id}
- Resource: Path
- **JSON Data:** JSON dictionary representing changed properties for a *device-policy/rules* entity.

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing the updated *device-policy/rules* entity is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

```
PUT /api/v1/policies/device-policies/device-policy/rules/{id}
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
Request Body
 "name": "string",
 "description": "string",
 "type": "browser",
 "label": "high",
 "browser config": {
   "user agent": "string",
   "mode": "allow"
  },
  "network config": {
   "ip address": "string",
   "netmask": "string",
   "mode": "allow"
  },
  "hostchecker config": {
    "name": "string",
    "type": "predefined",
    "predefined rule": {
      "type": "antivirus",
      "hostchecker level id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
      "hostchecker product list id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-
2c963f66afa6",
      "user settings": {
        "hdd encryption settings": {
          "encrypt drives": [
            "string"
      },
      "hostchecker level name": "string",
      "hostchecker product list": {
        "products": [
          "string"
        ],
        "vendors": [
          "string"
```

```
},
  "platform": "windows"
"custom rule": {
 "platform": "windows",
 "type": "process",
 "registry": {
    "root key": "HKEY LOCAL MACHINE",
    "sub key": "string",
    "type": "string",
    "key": "string",
    "value": "string",
    "is 64 bit": true,
    "remediate": true,
    "monitor": true
 },
  "process": {
   "process name": "string",
    "md5 checksum": "string",
    "sha256 checksum": "string",
    "monitor": true,
   "action": "allow"
 },
 "mobile os check": {
   "os version": "string",
   "rule separator": "above"
 },
  "desktop os check": [
     "os version": "string",
     "service pack version": "string"
 ],
 "file": {
    "file name": "string",
    "md5 checksum": "string",
    "sha256 checksum": "string",
    "monitor": true,
    "action": "allow"
```

```
},
"cve_check": {
 "check all": true,
 "cve_list": [
   "string"
 ]
},
"mobile_jail_break_root_check_enabled": true,
"netbios": {
 "allow": true,
  "names": [
   "string"
 ]
},
"mac address": {
 "allow": true,
  "address": [
   "string"
 1
```

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
 "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
 "name": "string",
 "description": "string",
 "type": "browser",
 "label": "high",
 "browser config": {
   "user agent": "string",
   "mode": "allow"
  },
  "network config": {
   "ip address": "string",
   "netmask": "string",
   "mode": "allow"
  },
  "hostchecker config": {
   "name": "string",
   "type": "predefined",
   "predefined rule": {
     "type": "antivirus",
      "hostchecker level id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
      "hostchecker product list id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-
2c963f66afa6",
      "hostchecker level name": "string",
      "hostchecker product list": {
        "windows": {
          "products": [
           "string"
          ],
          "vendors": [
           "string"
          1
        },
        "mac": {
          "products": [
           "string"
          ],
```

```
"vendors": [
       "string"
  },
  "user settings": {
    "hdd encryption settings": {
      "encrypt drives": [
       "string"
     ]
},
"custom rule": {
 "platform": "windows",
 "type": "process",
  "registry": {
    "root key": "HKEY LOCAL MACHINE",
    "sub key": "string",
    "type": "string",
    "key": "string",
    "value": "string",
    "is 64 bit": true,
    "remediate": true,
    "monitor": true
  },
  "process": {
    "process name": "string",
    "md5 checksum": "string",
    "sha256 checksum": "string",
    "monitor": true,
    "action": "allow"
  "mobile os check": {
   "os version": "string",
    "rule separator": "above"
  },
  "desktop os check": [
      "os version": "string",
```

```
"service pack version": "string"
     }
    ],
    "file": {
     "file name": "string",
      "md5 checksum": "string",
      "sha256 checksum": "string",
      "monitor": true,
      "action": "allow"
   },
    "cve check": {
     "check all": true,
      "cve list": [
       "string"
     1
    "mobile jail break root check enabled": true,
    "netbios": {
     "allow": true,
      "names": [
       "string"
     1
   },
   "mac address": {
     "allow": true,
     "address": [
       "string"
},
"allow delete": true,
"is default": true
```

Deleting a Device Policy Rule

To delete a device-policy/rules entity, use the REST API call below:

• Method: DELETE /api/v1/policies/device-policies/device-policy/rules/{id}

• Resource: Path

If processed correctly, a confirmation is returned. Otherwise, an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
DELETE /api/v1/policies/device-policies/device-policy/rules/{id}
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
```

Response

The following is an example response:

```
HTTP/1.1 204 Device-policy/rules deleted successfully Content-Type: application/json
```

Adding a Device Policy Rule to a Device Policy

To add a device-policy/rule entity to a device-policy/rule entity, use the REST API call below:

• **Method:** PUT /api/v1/policies/device-policies/groups/{id}/rules/{rule_id}

• Resource: Path

If processed correctly, a confirmation is returned. Otherwise, an error is returned.

Request

```
PUT /api/v1/policies/device-policies/groups/{id}/rules/{rule_id}
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
```

The following is an example response:

```
HTTP/1.1 204 Rule added to Device Policy successfully Content-Type: application/json
```

Removing a Device Policy Rule from a Device Policy

To remove a device-policy/rule entity from a device-policy/rule entity, use the REST API call below:

- Method: DELETE /api/v1/policies/device-policies/groups/{id}/rules/{rule_id}
- Resource: Path

If processed correctly, a confirmation is returned. Otherwise, an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
DELETE /api/v1/policies/device-policies/groups/{id}/rules/{rule_id}
Authorization:-
Content-Type: application/json
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 204 Rule in Device Policy Group deleted successfully Content-Type: application/json
```

Gateway (gateways)

The gateways entity represents a ZTA Gateway. Gateways support the following activities:

- Retrieving all gateways, see Retrieving all gateways.
- Creating a gateway, see Creating a gateway.
- Editing a gateway, see Editing a gateway.
- Deleting a gateway, see Deleting a gateway.
- Renewing a client certificate, see Renewing a client certificate.

Retrieving all Gateways

To retrieve all gateways entities, use the REST API call below:

• Method: GET /api/gateways

• Resource: Path

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing a list of all *gateways* entities is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
GET /api/gateways
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
  {
    "id": "e274bf3ebe3841a88ade1630515624c6",
    "name": "string",
    "gateway type": "pzt gateway",
    "state": "unregistered",
    "created": "string",
    "updated": "string",
    "type": "string",
    "model": "string",
    "serial number": "string",
    "appliance version": "string",
    "sdp mode": "pzt-gateway",
    "location": {
      "name": "string",
     "city id": 0
    "notification channel status": "online",
    "orchestration": {
     "type": "vsphere",
     "mode": "auto",
     "state": "waiting-to-create"
    },
    "external ip": "string",
    "external fqdn": "string",
    "public ip": "string",
    "public ips": [
     "xx.xx.xx.xx"
    "dns cname": "string",
    "salient task": {
     "id": "e274bf3ebe3841a88ade1630515624c6",
      "status": "pending",
      "type": "system.operations.appliance.task",
      "group id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
      "created": "string",
      "completed": "string"
```

```
"group_id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",

"is_ready": true,

"actions": [
    "upgrade"
],

"auto_upgrade": true,

"capabilities": [
    "readiness"
]
}
```

Creating a Gateway

To create a *gateways* entity, use the REST API call below:

• Method: POST /api/gateways

• Resource: Path

• JSON Data: JSON dictionary representing a new gateways entity.

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing the new *gateways* entity is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

```
POST /api/gateways
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
Request Body
{
    "name": "test_gateway",
    "orchestration_type": "vsphere"
}
```

The following is an example response:

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
{
    "id": "e274bf3ebe384la88ade1630515624c6",
    "name": "test_gateway",
    "state": "unregistered",
    "sdp_mode": "gateway",
    "notification_channel_status": "offline",
    "orchestration": {
        "type": "vsphere",
        "mode": "manual"
    }
}
```

Editing a Gateway

To edit a gateways entity, use the REST API call below:

- Method: PUT /api/gateways/{gateway_id}
- Resource: Path
- JSON Data: JSON dictionary representing changed properties for a gateways entity.

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing the updated *gateways* entity is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

```
PUT /api/gateways/{gateway_id}
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
Request Body
{
   "group_id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6"
}
```

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
 "id": "e274bf3ebe3841a88ade1630515624c6",
 "name": "string",
 "state": "unregistered",
 "created": "string",
 "updated": "string",
 "type": "string",
 "model": "string",
 "serial number": "string",
 "appliance version": "string",
 "sdp mode": "pzt-gateway",
 "location": {
   "name": "string",
   "city id": 0
  },
  "notification channel status": "online",
  "orchestration": {
   "type": "vsphere",
   "mode": "auto",
   "state": "waiting-to-create"
  },
  "external ip": "string",
  "external fqdn": "string",
 "public ip": "string",
 "salient task": {
   "id": "e274bf3ebe3841a88ade1630515624c6",
    "status": "pending",
    "type": "system.operations.appliance.task",
    "group id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
    "created": "string",
    "completed": "string"
  },
  "group id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
 "is ready": true,
 "actions": [
   "upgrade"
 ],
```

```
"auto_upgrade": true,
"capabilities": [
    "readiness"
]
```

Deleting a Gateway

To delete a gateways entity, use the REST API call below:

- **Method:** DELETE /api/gateways/{gateway_id}
- Resource: Path

If processed correctly, a confirmation is returned. Otherwise, an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
DELETE /api/gateways/{gateway_id}
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
Request Body
{
   "id": "e274bf3ebe3841a88ade1630515624c6",
}
```

Response

The following is an example response:

```
HTTP/1.1 204 Gateway deleted successfully
Content-Type: application/json
```

Renewing a Client Certificate

To renew a certificate for a client, use the REST API call below:

- **Method:** POST /api/gateways/self/certificates/client
- Resource: Path
- **JSON Data:** JSON dictionary representing a certificate signing request (CSR).

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing the new client certificate is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
POST /api/gateways/self/certificates/client
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
Request Body
{
  "csr": "string"
}
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
{
    "certificate": "string",
    "format": "PEM"
}
```

Gateway Settings

Gateway settings are additional properties for a ZTA Gateway. Gateway settings support the following activities:

- Retrieving the settings for a gateway, see Retrieving the Settings for a Gateway.
- Editing the settings for a gateway, see Editing Settings for a Gateway.

Retrieving the Settings for a Gateway

To retrieve the settings for a *gateways* entity, use the REST API call below:

- **Method:** GET /api/gateways/{gateway_id}/settings/current
- Resource: Path

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing the properties for the *gateways* entity is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
GET /api/gateways/{gateway_id}/settings/current
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
  "version": "string",
 "primary dns": "string",
 "secondary dns": "string",
 "dns search domain": "string",
 "internal ip address": "string",
 "internal subnet": "string",
 "internal gateway": "string",
 "external ip address": "string",
 "external subnet": "string",
 "external gateway": "string",
 "management ip address": "string",
 "management subnet": "string",
 "management gateway": "string",
  "connect via mgmt interface": true,
  "model": "string",
  "rollback version": "string",
  "use dhcp": true,
  "previous version": "string",
  "updated": "string",
  "public ip address": "string",
  "public ip addresses": [
   "10.1.2.3"
 ],
  "dns cname": "string"
```

Editing Settings for a Gateway

To edit the settings for a gateways entity, use the REST API call below:

- Method: PUT /api/gateways/self/settings/current
- Resource: Path
- **JSON Data:** JSON dictionary representing updated settings

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing the updated properties for the *gateways* entity is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
PUT /api/gateways/self/settings/current
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
Request Body
 "version": "string",
 "primary dns": "string",
 "secondary dns": "string",
 "dns search domain": "string",
 "internal ip_address": "string",
 "internal subnet": "string",
 "internal gateway": "string",
 "external ip address": "string",
 "external subnet": "string",
 "external gateway": "string",
 "management ip address": "string",
  "management subnet": "string",
  "management gateway": "string",
  "connect via mgmt interface": true,
  "model": "string",
  "rollback version": "string"
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 204 Gateway settings updated successfully Content-Type: application/json
```

Gateway Group (groups)

The groups entity represents a ZTA Gateway group. Gateway groups support the following activities:

- Retrieving a gateway groups, see Retrieving a gateway groups.
- Creating a gateway group, see Creating a gateway group.
- Editing a gateway group, see Editing a gateway group.

Retrieving a Gateway Group

To retrieve all gateway groups, use the REST API call below:

• Method: GET /api/gateways/groups

• Resource: Path

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing a list of all gateway groups is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
GET /api/gateways/groups
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
   "items": [
     {
         "name": "asia-pacific-grp",
         "description": "Gateway group assigned to Asia Pacific region",
         "load balancer ips": [
            "10.1.2.3"
         ],
         "dns cname": "string",
         "id": "e274bf3ebe3841a88ade1630515624c6",
         "external fqdn": "string",
         "created": "string",
         "updated": "string",
         "members": [
            "e274bf3ebe3841a88ade1630515624c6"
         ],
         "connected members": [
            "e274bf3ebe3841a88ade1630515624c6"
         ],
         "ready members": [
            "e274bf3ebe3841a88ade1630515624c6"
  ],
  "total": 10
```

Creating a Gateway Group

To create a gateway group, use the REST API call below:

• Method: POST /api/gateways/groups

• **Resource:** Path

• **JSON Data:** JSON dictionary representing a new gateway group.

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing the new gateway group is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
POST /api/gateways/groups
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
Request Body
{
    "name": "asia-pacific-grp",
    "description": "Gateway group assigned to Asia Pacific region",
    "load_balancer_ips": [
        "10.1.2.3"
    ],
    "dns_cname": "string",
    "members": [
        "e274bf3ebe3841a88ade1630515624c6"
    ]
}
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
  "name": "asia-pacific-grp",
  "description": "Gateway group assigned to Asia Pacific region",
  "load balancer ips": [
     "10.1.2.3"
  ],
  "dns cname": "string",
  "id": "e274bf3ebe3841a88ade1630515624c6",
  "external fqdn": "string",
  "created": "string",
  "updated": "string",
   "members": [
      "e274bf3ebe3841a88ade1630515624c6"
  ],
   "connected members": [
      "e274bf3ebe3841a88ade1630515624c6"
  ],
  "ready members": [
     "e274bf3ebe3841a88ade1630515624c6"
   1
```

Editing a Gateway Group

To edit a gateway group, use the REST API call below:

- **Method:** PUT /api/gateways/groups/{id}
- Resource: Path
- JSON Data: JSON dictionary representing changed properties for a gateway group.

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing the updated gateway group is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
PUT /api/gateways/groups/{id}
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
Request Body
{
    "name": "asia-pacific-grp",
    "description": "Gateway group assigned to Asia Pacific region",
    "load_balancer_ips": [
        "10.1.2.3"
    ],
    "dns_cname": "string"
}
```

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
  "name": "asia-pacific-grp",
  "description": "Gateway group assigned to Asia Pacific region",
  "load balancer ips": [
     "10.1.2.3"
  ],
  "dns cname": "string",
  "id": "e274bf3ebe3841a88ade1630515624c6",
  "external fqdn": "string",
  "created": "string",
  "updated": "string",
  "members": [
     "e274bf3ebe3841a88ade1630515624c6"
  ],
   "connected members": [
     "e274bf3ebe3841a88ade1630515624c6"
  ],
  "ready members": [
     "e274bf3ebe3841a88ade1630515624c6"
  1
```

Hostchecker Levels (hostchecker/levels)

The hostchecker/levels entity represents a nZTA hostchecker configuration.



Hostchecker levels must be created and configured before device policies can be created successfully.

Hostchecker levels support the following activities:

- Retrieving all hostchecker levels, see Retrieving all hostchecker levels.
- Retrieving a specific hostchecker level, see Retrieving a specific hostchecker level.
- Creating a hostchecker level, see <u>Creating a hostchecker level</u>.
- Editing a hostchecker level, see Editing a hostchecker level.
- Deleting a hostchecker level, see <u>Deleting a hostchecker level</u>.

Retrieving all Hostchecker Levels

To retrieve all hostchecker/levels entities, use the REST API call below:

- Method: GET /api/v1/policies/device-policies/hostchecker/levels
- Resource: Path

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing a list of all *hostchecker/levels* entities is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
GET /api/v1/policies/device-policies/hostchecker/levels
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
  "items": [
   {
     "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
     "name": "string",
      "antivirus": {
        "check last scan": true,
        "last scan period": 0,
        "check definition": true,
        "definition check_type": "days",
        "remediate last scan": true,
        "remediate download signatures": true,
        "monitor": true
      },
      "firewall": {
        "remediate": true,
        "monitor": true
      },
      "hdd encryption": {
        "encrypt all drives": true,
        "pass no drive detected": true
      },
      "antispyware": {
       "monitor": true
      },
      "patch management": {
        "severity": {
          "critical": true,
          "important": true,
          "moderate": true,
          "low": true,
          "unspecified": true
        },
        "category": {
          "security": true,
          "rollup": true,
          "critical": true,
```

```
"regular": true,
    "driver": true,
    "service_pack": true,
    "unknown": true
}

}

true

true

procedure in the service in the ser
```

Retrieving a Specific Hostchecker Level

To retrieve a single hostchecker/levels entity, use the REST API call below:

- Method: GET /api/v1/policies/device-policies/hostchecker/levels/{id}
- Resource: Path

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing the *hostchecker/levels* entity is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
GET /api/v1/policies/device-policies/hostchecker/levels/{id}
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
  "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
 "name": "string",
 "antivirus": {
   "check last scan": true,
   "last scan period": 0,
   "check definition": true,
    "definition check type": "days",
   "remediate last scan": true,
    "remediate download_signatures": true,
    "monitor": true
  },
  "firewall": {
   "remediate": true,
   "monitor": true
  },
  "hdd encryption": {
   "encrypt all drives": true,
   "pass no drive detected": true
  },
  "antispyware": {
   "monitor": true
  },
  "patch management": {
   "severity": {
     "critical": true,
     "important": true,
     "moderate": true,
      "low": true,
      "unspecified": true
    "category": {
     "security": true,
     "rollup": true,
      "critical": true,
      "regular": true,
      "driver": true,
```

```
"service_pack": true,
    "unknown": true
}
}
```

Creating a Hostchecker Level

To create a hostchecker/levels entity, use the REST API call below:

- **Method:** POST /api/v1/policies/device-policies/hostchecker/levels
- Resource: Path
- **JSON Data:** JSON dictionary representing a new *hostchecker/levels* entity.

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing the new *hostchecker/levels* entity is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
POST /api/v1/policies/device-policies/hostchecker/levels
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
Request Body
  "name": "string",
  "antivirus": {
   "check last scan": true,
    "last scan period": 0,
    "check definition": true,
    "definition check type": "days",
    "remediate last scan": true,
    "remediate download_signatures": true,
    "monitor": true
  },
  "firewall": {
   "remediate": true,
    "monitor": true
  },
  "hdd encryption": {
   "encrypt all drives": true,
    "pass no drive detected": true
  },
  "antispyware": {
    "monitor": true
  },
  "patch management": {
    "severity": {
      "critical": true,
      "important": true,
      "moderate": true,
      "low": true,
      "unspecified": true
    "category": {
      "security": true,
      "rollup": true,
      "critical": true,
      "regular": true,
      "driver": true,
```

```
"service_pack": true,
    "unknown": true
}
}
```

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
  "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
 "name": "string",
 "antivirus": {
   "check last scan": true,
   "last scan period": 0,
   "check definition": true,
    "definition check type": "days",
   "remediate last scan": true,
    "remediate download_signatures": true,
    "monitor": true
  },
  "firewall": {
   "remediate": true,
   "monitor": true
  },
  "hdd encryption": {
   "encrypt all drives": true,
   "pass no drive detected": true
  },
  "antispyware": {
   "monitor": true
  },
  "patch management": {
   "severity": {
     "critical": true,
     "important": true,
     "moderate": true,
      "low": true,
      "unspecified": true
    "category": {
     "security": true,
     "rollup": true,
      "critical": true,
      "regular": true,
      "driver": true,
```

```
"service_pack": true,
    "unknown": true
}
}
```

Editing a Hostchecker Level

To edit a hostchecker/levels entity, use the REST API call below:

- Method: PUT /api/v1/policies/device-policies/hostchecker/levels/{id}
- Resource: Path
- JSON Data: JSON dictionary representing changed properties for a hostchecker/levels entity.

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing the updated *hostchecker/levels* entity is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
PUT /api/v1/policies/device-policies/hostchecker/levels/{id}
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
Request Body
  "name": "string",
  "antivirus": {
   "check last scan": true,
    "last scan period": 0,
    "check definition": true,
    "definition check type": "days",
    "remediate last scan": true,
    "remediate download_signatures": true,
    "monitor": true
  },
  "firewall": {
   "remediate": true,
    "monitor": true
  },
  "hdd encryption": {
   "encrypt all drives": true,
    "pass no drive detected": true
  },
  "antispyware": {
    "monitor": true
  },
  "patch management": {
    "severity": {
      "critical": true,
      "important": true,
      "moderate": true,
      "low": true,
      "unspecified": true
    "category": {
      "security": true,
      "rollup": true,
      "critical": true,
      "regular": true,
      "driver": true,
```

```
"service_pack": true,
    "unknown": true
}
}
```

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
  "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
 "name": "string",
 "antivirus": {
   "check last scan": true,
   "last scan period": 0,
   "check definition": true,
    "definition check type": "days",
   "remediate last scan": true,
    "remediate download_signatures": true,
    "monitor": true
  },
  "firewall": {
   "remediate": true,
   "monitor": true
  },
  "hdd encryption": {
   "encrypt all drives": true,
   "pass no drive detected": true
  },
  "antispyware": {
   "monitor": true
  },
  "patch management": {
   "severity": {
     "critical": true,
     "important": true,
     "moderate": true,
      "low": true,
      "unspecified": true
    "category": {
     "security": true,
     "rollup": true,
      "critical": true,
      "regular": true,
      "driver": true,
```

```
"service_pack": true,
    "unknown": true
}
}
```

Deleting a Hostchecker Level

To delete a hostchecker/levels entity, use the REST API call below:

- Method: DELETE /api/v1/policies/device-policies/hostchecker/levels/{id}
- Resource: Path

If processed correctly, a confirmation is returned. Otherwise, an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
DELETE /api/v1/policies/device-policies/hostchecker/levels/{id}
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 204 Hostchecker/levels deleted successfully Content-Type: application/json
```

Hostchecker Products (hostchecker/products)

The *hostchecker/products* entity represents a *nZTA* hostchecker configuration. Hostchecker products support the following activities:

- Retrieving all hostchecker products, see Retrieving all hostchecker products.
- Retrieving a specific hostchecker product, see Retrieving a specific hostchecker product.
- Creating a hostchecker product, see Creating a hostchecker product.
- Editing a hostchecker product, see Editing a hostchecker product.
- Deleting a hostchecker product, see Deleting a hostchecker product.

Retrieving all Hostchecker Products

To retrieve all hostchecker/products entities, use the REST API call below:

- Method: GET /api/v1/policies/device-policies/hostchecker/products
- Resource: Path

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing a list of all *hostchecker/products* entities is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
GET /api/v1/policies/device-policies/hostchecker/products
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
  "items": [
  {
     "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
     "name": "string",
     "windows": {
       "antivirus": {
         "vendors": [
          "string"
         ],
         "products": [
          "string"
         1
       },
       "firewall": {
         "vendors": [
           "string"
         ],
         "products": [
          "string"
         ]
       },
       "antispyware": {
         "vendors": [
           "string"
         ],
         "products": [
          "string"
         ]
       },
       "hdd encryption": {
         "vendors": [
           "string"
         ],
         "products": [
           "string"
```

```
"patch management": {
    "vendors": [
     "string"
    "products": [
    "string"
},
"mac": {
  "antivirus": {
   "vendors": [
    "string"
   ],
   "products": [
    "string"
   1
  },
  "firewall": {
   "vendors": [
     "string"
   ],
    "products": [
    "string"
   1
  },
  "antispyware": {
   "vendors": [
     "string"
   ],
    "products": [
    "string"
   ]
  },
  "hdd encryption": {
    "vendors": [
     "string"
    ],
    "products": [
```

```
"string"

},

"patch_management": {

    "vendors": [
        "string"

    ],

    "products": [
        "string"

    ]
}

}

// "total": 0
```

Retrieving a Specific Hostchecker Product

To retrieve a single *hostchecker/products* entity, use the REST API call below:

- Method: GET /api/v1/policies/device-policies/hostchecker/products/{id}
- Resource: Path

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing the *hostchecker/products* entity is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
GET /api/v1/policies/device-policies/hostchecker/products/{id}
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
 "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
 "name": "string",
 "windows": {
   "antivirus": {
     "vendors": [
      "string"
     ],
     "products": [
      "string"
     1
   "firewall": {
     "vendors": [
      "string"
     ],
     "products": [
      "string"
     1
    },
   "antispyware": {
     "vendors": [
       "string"
     ],
     "products": [
       "string"
     1
   "hdd encryption": {
     "vendors": [
       "string"
     ],
     "products": [
       "string"
     1
    },
   "patch management": {
```

```
"vendors": [
    "string"
   "products": [
    "string"
},
"mac": {
 "antivirus": {
   "vendors": [
    "string"
   ],
   "products": [
   "string"
   ]
 "firewall": {
   "vendors": [
    "string"
   ],
   "products": [
    "string"
   ]
 },
 "antispyware": {
   "vendors": [
     "string"
   "products": [
    "string"
   ]
 },
 "hdd encryption": {
   "vendors": [
     "string"
   ],
   "products": [
    "string"
   ]
```

```
},

"patch_management": {

    "vendors": [
        "string"

    ],

    "products": [
        "string"

    ]

}
```

Creating a Hostchecker Product

To create a *hostchecker/products* entity, use the REST API call below:

- Method: POST /api/v1/policies/device-policies/hostchecker/products
- Resource: Path
- **JSON Data:** JSON dictionary representing a new *hostchecker/products* entity.

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing the new *hostchecker/products* entity is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
POST /api/v1/policies/device-policies/hostchecker/products
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
Request Body
  "name": "string",
  "windows": {
   "antivirus": {
     "vendors": [
       "string"
      ],
      "products": [
       "string"
     1
    "firewall": {
      "vendors": [
       "string"
      ],
      "products": [
       "string"
      1
    },
    "antispyware": {
      "vendors": [
       "string"
      ],
      "products": [
        "string"
      1
    "hdd encryption": {
      "vendors": [
        "string"
      ],
      "products": [
        "string"
      1
    },
    "patch management": {
```

```
"vendors": [
    "string"
   "products": [
    "string"
},
"mac": {
 "antivirus": {
   "vendors": [
    "string"
   ],
   "products": [
   "string"
   ]
 "firewall": {
   "vendors": [
    "string"
   ],
   "products": [
    "string"
   ]
 },
 "antispyware": {
   "vendors": [
     "string"
   "products": [
    "string"
   ]
 },
 "hdd encryption": {
   "vendors": [
     "string"
   ],
   "products": [
    "string"
   ]
```

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
 "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
 "name": "string",
 "windows": {
   "antivirus": {
     "vendors": [
      "string"
     ],
     "products": [
      "string"
     1
   "firewall": {
     "vendors": [
      "string"
     ],
     "products": [
      "string"
     1
    },
   "antispyware": {
     "vendors": [
       "string"
     ],
     "products": [
       "string"
     1
   "hdd encryption": {
     "vendors": [
       "string"
     ],
     "products": [
       "string"
     1
    },
   "patch management": {
```

```
"vendors": [
    "string"
   "products": [
    "string"
},
"mac": {
 "antivirus": {
   "vendors": [
    "string"
   ],
   "products": [
   "string"
   ]
 "firewall": {
   "vendors": [
    "string"
   ],
   "products": [
    "string"
   ]
 },
 "antispyware": {
   "vendors": [
     "string"
   "products": [
    "string"
   ]
 },
 "hdd encryption": {
   "vendors": [
     "string"
   ],
   "products": [
    "string"
   ]
```

```
},

"patch_management": {

    "vendors": [
        "string"

    ],

    "products": [
        "string"

    ]

}
```

Editing a Hostchecker Product

To edit a hostchecker/products entity, use the REST API call below:

- **Method:** PUT /api/v1/policies/device-policies/hostchecker/products/{id}
- Resource: Path
- JSON Data: JSON dictionary representing changed properties for a hostchecker/products entity.

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing the updated *hostchecker/products* entity is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

```
PUT /api/v1/policies/device-policies/hostchecker/products/{id}
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
Request Body
  "name": "string",
  "windows": {
   "antivirus": {
     "vendors": [
       "string"
      ],
      "products": [
       "string"
     1
    "firewall": {
      "vendors": [
       "string"
      ],
      "products": [
       "string"
      1
    },
    "antispyware": {
      "vendors": [
       "string"
      ],
      "products": [
        "string"
      1
    "hdd encryption": {
      "vendors": [
        "string"
      ],
      "products": [
        "string"
      1
    },
    "patch management": {
```

```
"vendors": [
    "string"
   "products": [
    "string"
},
"mac": {
 "antivirus": {
   "vendors": [
    "string"
   ],
   "products": [
   "string"
   ]
 "firewall": {
   "vendors": [
    "string"
   ],
   "products": [
    "string"
   ]
 },
 "antispyware": {
   "vendors": [
     "string"
   "products": [
    "string"
   ]
 },
 "hdd encryption": {
   "vendors": [
     "string"
   ],
   "products": [
    "string"
   ]
```

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
 "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
 "name": "string",
 "windows": {
   "antivirus": {
     "vendors": [
      "string"
     ],
     "products": [
      "string"
     1
   "firewall": {
     "vendors": [
      "string"
     ],
     "products": [
      "string"
     1
    },
   "antispyware": {
     "vendors": [
       "string"
     ],
     "products": [
       "string"
     1
   "hdd encryption": {
     "vendors": [
       "string"
     ],
     "products": [
       "string"
     1
    },
   "patch management": {
```

```
"vendors": [
    "string"
   "products": [
    "string"
},
"mac": {
 "antivirus": {
   "vendors": [
    "string"
   ],
   "products": [
   "string"
   ]
 "firewall": {
   "vendors": [
    "string"
   ],
   "products": [
    "string"
   ]
 },
 "antispyware": {
   "vendors": [
     "string"
   "products": [
    "string"
   ]
 },
 "hdd encryption": {
   "vendors": [
     "string"
   ],
   "products": [
    "string"
   ]
```

```
"patch_management": {
    "vendors": [
        "string"
    ],
    "products": [
        "string"
    ]
}
```

Deleting a Hostchecker Product

To delete a hostchecker/products entity, use the REST API call below:

- Method: DELETE /api/v1/policies/device-policies/hostchecker/products/{id}
- Resource: Path

If processed correctly, a confirmation is returned. Otherwise, an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
DELETE /api/v1/policies/device-policies/hostchecker/products/{id}
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 204 Hostchecker/products deleted successfully Content-Type: application/json
```

Resource Group (resource-groups)

The resource-groups entity represents a *nZTA* group of resources (both sign-in resources and applications). Resource groups support the following activities:

- Retrieving all resource groups, see <u>Retrieving All Resource Groups</u>.
- Creating a resource group, see Creating a Resource Group.
- Editing a resource group, see Editing a Resource Group.

Retrieving All Resource Groups

To retrieve a resource_groups entity, use the REST API call below:

- **Method:** GET /api/v1/policies/resource-groups
- Resource: Path

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing a list of all resource-groups entities is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
GET /api/v1/policies/resource-groups
Authorization:
```

Response

```
"items": [
         "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
         "name": "string",
         "type": "sign in",
         "resources": [
               "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
               "name": "string",
               "type": "sign in",
               "description": "string",
               "sign in config": {
                  "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
                  "policy type": "admin",
                  "url pattern": "string",
                  "realm": "string",
                  "primary auth server id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-
2c963f66afa6",
                  "secondary auth server id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-
2c963f66afa6",
                  "primary authorization server id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-
b3fc-2c963f66afa6"
               },
               "app config": {
               "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
               "name": "string",
               "access type": "application",
               "resource type": "fqdn",
               "resource": "string",
               "bookmark config": {
                  "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
                  "name": "string",
                  "type": "web",
                  "description": "string",
                  "launch window": true,
                  "url": "string",
                  "icon": "string"
               },
               "saml config": {
```

Creating a Resource Group

To create a resource_group entity, use the REST API call below:

• Method: POST /api/v1/policies/resource-groups

• Resource: Path

• **JSON Data:** JSON dictionary representing a new resource-groups entity.

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing the new resource-groups is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

```
POST /api/v1/policies/resource-groups
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
Request Body
   "name": "string",
   "type": "string",
   "resources": [
         "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
         "name": "string",
         "type": "sign in",
         "description": "string",
         "sign in config": {
            "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
            "policy type": "admin",
            "url pattern": "string",
            "realm": "string",
            "primary auth server id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-
2c963f66afa6",
            "secondary auth server id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-
2c963f66afa6",
            "primary authorization server id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-
2c963f66afa6"
         },
         "app config": {
            "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
            "name": "string",
            "access type": "application",
            "resource type": "fqdn",
            "resource": "string",
            "bookmark config": {
               "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
               "name": "string",
               "type": "web",
               "description": "string",
               "launch window": true,
               "url": "string",
               "icon": "string"
```

```
"saml_config": {
        "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
        "sp_metadata": "string"
    }
}
```

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
   "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
   "name": "string",
   "type": "sign in",
   "resources": [
         "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
         "name": "string",
         "type": "sign in",
         "description": "string",
         "sign in config": {
            "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
            "policy type": "admin",
            "url pattern": "string",
            "realm": "string",
            "primary auth server id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-
2c963f66afa6",
            "secondary auth server id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-
2c963f66afa6",
            "primary authorization server id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-
2c963f66afa6"
         },
         "app config": {
            "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
            "name": "string",
            "access type": "application",
            "resource type": "fqdn",
            "resource": "string",
            "bookmark config": {
               "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
               "name": "string",
               "type": "web",
               "description": "string",
               "launch window": true,
               "url": "string",
               "icon": "string"
            },
```

```
"saml_config": {
    "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
    "sp_metadata": "string"
    }
}
```

Editing a Resource Group

To edit a resource-group entity, use the REST API call below:

- Method: PUT /api/v1/policies/resource-groups/<id>
- Resource: Path
- **JSON Data:** JSON dictionary representing changed properties for a resource-groups entity.

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing the updated resources-group entity is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

```
PUT /api/v1/policies/resource-groups/{id}
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
Request Body
   "name": "string",
   "type": "string",
   "resources": [
         "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
         "name": "string",
         "type": "sign in",
         "description": "string",
         "sign in config": {
            "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
            "policy type": "admin",
            "url pattern": "string",
            "realm": "string",
            "primary auth server id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-
2c963f66afa6",
            "secondary auth server id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-
2c963f66afa6",
            "primary authorization server id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-
2c963f66afa6"
         },
         "app config": {
            "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
            "name": "string",
            "access type": "application",
            "resource type": "fqdn",
            "resource": "string",
            "bookmark config": {
               "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
               "name": "string",
               "type": "web",
               "description": "string",
               "launch window": true,
               "url": "string",
               "icon": "string"
```

```
"saml_config": {
        "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
        "sp_metadata": "string"
    }
}
```

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
   "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
   "name": "string",
   "type": "sign in",
   "resources": [
         "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
         "name": "string",
         "type": "sign in",
         "description": "string",
         "sign in config": {
            "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
            "policy type": "admin",
            "url pattern": "string",
            "realm": "string",
            "primary auth server id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-
2c963f66afa6",
            "secondary auth server id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-
2c963f66afa6",
            "primary authorization server id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-
2c963f66afa6"
         },
         "app config": {
            "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
            "name": "string",
            "access type": "application",
            "resource type": "fqdn",
            "resource": "string",
            "bookmark config": {
               "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
               "name": "string",
               "type": "web",
               "description": "string",
               "launch window": true,
               "url": "string",
               "icon": "string"
            },
```

```
"saml_config": {
        "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
        "sp_metadata": "string"
    }
}
```

Role Mapping Rules (role-mapping-rules)

The *role-mapping-rules* entity represents a *nZTA* role mapping rule. Role mapping rules support the following activities:

- Retrieving role map rules, see Retrieving All Role Mapping Rules.
- Creating a role mapping rule, see Creating a Role Mapping Rule.

Retrieving All Role Mapping Rules

To retrieve a list of all role-mapping-rules entities, use the REST API call below:

- Method: GET /api/v1/policies/role-mapping-rules
- Resource: Path

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing a list of all *role-mapping-rules* entities is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
GET /api/v1/policies/role-mapping-rules
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
```

Response

Creating a Role Mapping Rule

To create a *role-mapping-rules* entity, use the REST API call below:

- **Method:** POST /api/v1/policies/role-mapping-rules
- Resource: Path
- **JSON Data:** JSON dictionary representing a new *role-mapping-rules* entity.

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing the new *role-mapping-rules* entity is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

```
POST /api/v1/policies/role-mapping-rules
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
Request Body
{
    "type": "username",
    "name": "string",
    "attribute": "string",
    "value": "string"
}
```

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
{
   "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
   "type": "username",
   "name": "string",
   "attribute": "string",
   "value": "string"
}
```

Secure Access Policy (secure-access-policies)

The *secure-access-policies* entity represents a *nZTA* secure access policy. Secure access policies support the following activities:

- Retrieving All Secure Access Policies, see Retrieving All Secure Access Policies.
- Creating a Secure Access Policy, see Creating a Secure Access Policy.

Retrieving All Secure Access Policies

To retrieve all secure-access-policies entities, use the REST API call below:

- Method: GET /api/v1/policies/secure-access-policies
- Resource: Path

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing a list of all *secure-access-policies* entities is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
GET /api/v1/policies/secure-access-policies
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
  "items": [
   {
     "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
     "type": "sign in",
      "resource type": "single",
      "resource id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
      "resource group id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
      "device policy id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
      "gateway type": "single",
      "gateway id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
      "gateway group id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
      "user rule group id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
      "resource config": {
        "name": "string"
      },
      "resource group config": {
       "name": "string"
      },
      "device policy config": {
        "name": "string"
      },
      "user rule group config": {
       "name": "string",
        "role config": {
          "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
          "type": "admin",
         "name": "string",
          "redirect url": "string"
```

Creating a Secure Access Policy

To create a secure-access-policies entity, use the REST API call below:

- Method: POST /api/v1/policies/secure-access-policies
- Resource: Path
- **JSON Data:** JSON dictionary representing a new secure-access-policies entity.

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing the new secure-access-policies entity is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
POST /api/v1/policies/secure-access-policies
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
Request Body
{
    "type": "sign_in",
    "resource_type": "single",
    "resource_id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
    "resource_group_id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
    "device_policy_id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
    "gateway_type": "single",
    "gateway_id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
    "gateway_group_id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
    "user_rule_group_id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6"
}
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
 "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
 "type": "sign in",
 "resource type": "single",
 "resource id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
 "resource group id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
 "device policy id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
 "gateway type": "single",
 "gateway id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
 "gateway group id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
 "user rule group id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
 "resource config": {
   "name": "string"
  },
  "resource group config": {
   "name": "string"
  "device policy config": {
   "name": "string"
  },
  "user rule group config": {
   "name": "string",
   "role config": {
     "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
     "type": "admin",
     "name": "string",
     "redirect url": "string"
```

Enterprise Integrations Configurations Service (integrations/syslog)

The *integrations/syslog* entity holds information about third party Enterprise Integrations Syslog Server configurations. This entity support the following activities:

- Retrieving the Enterprise Integrations Syslog forwarding configuration details, grouped by log type, see Retrieving the Enterprise Integrations Syslog Forwarding Configuration.
- Creating an Enterprise Integrations Syslog forwarding configuration, see <u>Adding Enterprise</u> <u>Integrations Syslog Forwarding Configuration Details</u>.
- Retrieving a List of Enterprise Integrations Syslog forwarding configurations, see <u>Retrieving a List</u> of <u>Enterprise Integrations Syslog Configurations</u>.
- Retrieving a specific Enterprise Integrations Syslog forwarding configuration, see <u>Retrieving a Specific Enterprise Integrations Syslog Configuration</u>.
- Editing an Enterprise Integrations Syslog forwarding configuration, see <u>Editing an Enterprise</u> Integrations Syslog Configuration.
- Removing an Enterprise Integrations Syslog forwarding configuration, see <u>Removing an Enterprise Integrations Syslog Configuration</u>.

Retrieving the Enterprise Integrations Syslog Forwarding Configuration

To retrieve an integrations/syslog entity, use the REST API call below:

· Method: GET /api/integrations/syslog

• Resource: Path

If processed correctly, a JSON body is returned that contains a list of syslog servers categorized by log type (access, event, admin). Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

GET /api/integrations/syslog

Authorization:

Content-Type: application/json

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
  "access": [
     "name": "string",
     "server": "string",
      "log types": [
       "access"
     ],
      "facility": "LOCALO",
      "protocol": "TLS",
      "certificate id": "3fa85f6457174562b3fc2c963f66afa6",
      "filter id": "123e4567e89b12d3a456426614174000",
      "gateway ids": [
       "123e4567e89b12d3a456wr6614175643"
     ],
      "proxy gateway id": "123e4567e89b12d3a456wr6614175643",
      "id": "824411c22bf94e719ea757f8f3fd818e",
      "filter name": "string",
      "created": "2021-01-27T00:00:00+00:00",
      "updated": "2021-01-27T00:00:00+00:00"
 ],
  "admin": [
     "name": "string",
     "server": "string",
      "log types": [
       "access"
      "facility": "LOCALO",
      "protocol": "TLS",
      "certificate id": "3fa85f6457174562b3fc2c963f66afa6",
      "filter id": "123e4567e89b12d3a456426614174000",
      "gateway ids": [
       "123e4567e89b12d3a456wr6614175643"
      ],
      "proxy gateway id": "123e4567e89b12d3a456wr6614175643",
```

```
"id": "824411c22bf94e719ea757f8f3fd818e",
   "filter name": "string",
   "created": "2021-01-27T00:00:00+00:00",
   "updated": "2021-01-27T00:00:00+00:00"
],
"events": [
   "name": "string",
   "server": "string",
   "log types": [
     "access"
   ],
    "facility": "LOCALO",
   "protocol": "TLS",
   "certificate id": "3fa85f6457174562b3fc2c963f66afa6",
   "filter id": "123e4567e89b12d3a456426614174000",
   "gateway ids": [
     "123e4567e89b12d3a456wr6614175643"
    "proxy gateway id": "123e4567e89b12d3a456wr6614175643",
   "id": "824411c22bf94e719ea757f8f3fd818e",
   "filter name": "string",
   "created": "2021-01-27T00:00:00+00:00",
    "updated": "2021-01-27T00:00:00+00:00"
```

Adding Enterprise Integrations Syslog Forwarding Configuration Details

To add an *integrations/syslog* entity containing a syslog forwarding configuration, use the REST API call below:

• Method: POST /api/integrations/syslog

• Resource: Path

• JSON Data: JSON dictionary representing a new integrations/syslog entity.

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing the new integrations/syslog entity is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
POST /api/integrations/syslog
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
Request Body
 "name": "string",
 "server": "string",
 "log types": [
   "access"
 ],
  "facility": "LOCALO",
 "protocol": "TLS",
 "certificate id": "3fa85f6457174562b3fc2c963f66afa6",
 "filter id": "123e4567e89b12d3a456426614174000",
 "gateway ids": [
    "123e4567e89b12d3a456wr6614175643"
 ],
  "proxy gateway id": "123e4567e89b12d3a456wr6614175643"
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
 "name": "string",
 "server": "string",
 "log types": [
   "access"
 "facility": "LOCALO",
 "protocol": "TLS",
 "certificate id": "3fa85f6457174562b3fc2c963f66afa6",
 "filter id": "123e4567e89b12d3a456426614174000",
 "gateway ids": [
   "123e4567e89b12d3a456wr6614175643"
 ],
  "proxy gateway id": "123e4567e89b12d3a456wr6614175643",
 "id": "824411c22bf94e719ea757f8f3fd818e",
 "filter name": "string",
 "created": "2021-01-27T00:00:00+00:00",
  "updated": "2021-01-27T00:00:00+00:00"
```

Retrieving a List of Enterprise Integrations Syslog Configurations

To retrieve a list of Enterprise Integrations Syslog Server configurations, use the REST API call below:

- Method: GET /api/integrations/syslog/ui
- Resource: Path

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing a list of all *integrations/syslog/ui* entities is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

```
GET /api/integrations/syslog/ui
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
```

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
 "total": 0,
 "items": [
      "name": "string",
      "server": "string",
      "log types": [
        "access"
     ],
      "facility": "LOCALO",
      "protocol": "TLS",
      "certificate id": "3fa85f6457174562b3fc2c963f66afa6",
      "filter id": "123e4567e89b12d3a456426614174000",
      "gateway ids": [
        "123e4567e89b12d3a456wr6614175643"
      "proxy_gateway_id": "123e4567e89b12d3a456wr6614175643",
      "id": "824411c22bf94e719ea757f8f3fd818e",
      "filter name": "string",
      "created": "2021-01-27T00:00:00+00:00",
      "updated": "2021-01-27T00:00:00+00:00"
```

Retrieving a Specific Enterprise Integrations Syslog Configuration

To retrieve a single *integrations/syslog* entity, use the REST API call below:

• Method: GET /api/integrations/syslog/{syslog_id}

• Resource: Path

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing the *integrations/syslog* entity is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
GET /api/integrations/syslog/{syslog_id}
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
 "name": "string",
 "server": "string",
 "log types": [
   "access"
 "facility": "LOCALO",
 "protocol": "TLS",
 "certificate id": "3fa85f6457174562b3fc2c963f66afa6",
 "filter id": "123e4567e89b12d3a456426614174000",
 "gateway ids": [
   "123e4567e89b12d3a456wr6614175643"
 ],
  "proxy gateway id": "123e4567e89b12d3a456wr6614175643",
 "id": "824411c22bf94e719ea757f8f3fd818e",
 "filter name": "string",
  "created": "2021-01-27T00:00:00+00:00",
  "updated": "2021-01-27T00:00:00+00:00"
```

Editing an Enterprise Integrations Syslog Configuration

To edit an *integrations/syslog* entity, use the REST API call below:

- Method: PUT /api/integrations/syslog/{syslog_id}
- Resource: Path
- **JSON Data:** JSON dictionary representing changed properties for a *integrations/syslog* entity.

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing the updated *integrations/syslog* entity is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

```
PUT /api/integrations/syslog/{syslog_id}
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
Request Body
 "name": "string",
 "server": "string",
 "log types": [
   "access"
 ],
 "facility": "LOCALO",
  "protocol": "TLS",
  "certificate id": "3fa85f6457174562b3fc2c963f66afa6",
  "filter id": "123e4567e89b12d3a456426614174000",
  "gateway ids": [
   "123e4567e89b12d3a456wr6614175643"
 ],
  "proxy gateway id": "123e4567e89b12d3a456wr6614175643"
```

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
 "name": "string",
 "server": "string",
 "log types": [
   "access"
 "facility": "LOCALO",
 "protocol": "TLS",
 "certificate id": "3fa85f6457174562b3fc2c963f66afa6",
 "filter id": "123e4567e89b12d3a456426614174000",
 "gateway ids": [
   "123e4567e89b12d3a456wr6614175643"
 ],
  "proxy gateway id": "123e4567e89b12d3a456wr6614175643",
 "id": "824411c22bf94e719ea757f8f3fd818e",
 "filter name": "string",
  "created": "2021-01-27T00:00:00+00:00",
  "updated": "2021-01-27T00:00:00+00:00"
```

Removing an Enterprise Integrations Syslog Configuration

To remove an *integrations/syslog* entity, use the REST API call below:

- **Method:** DELETE /api/integrations/syslog/{syslog_id}
- Resource: Path

If processed correctly, a confirmation is returned. Otherwise, an error is returned.

Request

```
DELETE /api/integrations/syslog/{syslog_id}
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
```

The following is an example response:

HTTP/1.1 204 No Content Content-Type: application/json

Users (users)

The users entity represents a *nZTA* user. Users support the following activities:

- Retrieving a user, see Retrieving a User.
- Creating a user, see Creating a User.
- Retrieving user settings, see Retrieving User Settings.
- Updating user settings, see Updating User Settings.

Retrieving a User

To retrieve the current user, use the REST API call below:

• Method: GET /users/self

• **Resource:** Path

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing the current user is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
GET /users/self
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
{
    "first_name": "John",
    "last_name": "Doe",
    "email": "john.doe@example.com",
    "id": "0cd145e28d483a6d57e9d73b6d78b7fe58377950",
    "username": "john.doe",
    "created": "2020-09-21T00:00:00+00:00",
    "updated": "2020-09-22T00:00:00+00:00"
}
```

Creating a User

To create a user entity, use the REST API call below:

• Method: POST /users/self

• Resource: Path

• **JSON Data:** JSON dictionary representing a new user entity.

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing the new user entity is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

```
POST /users/self
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
Request Body
{
    "first_name": "John",
    "last_name": "Doe",
    "email": "john.doe@example.com"
}
```

The following is an example response:

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
{
    "first_name": "John",
    "last_name": "Doe",
    "email": "john.doe@example.com",
    "id": "0cd145e28d483a6d57e9d73b6d78b7fe58377950",
    "username": "john.doe",
    "created": "2020-09-21T00:00:00+00:00",
    "updated": "2020-09-22T00:00:00+00:00"
}
```

Retrieving User Settings

To retrieve the current user settings, use the REST API call below:

- Method: GET /users/self/settings/ui
- Resource: Path

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing the current user settings is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
GET /users/self/settings/ui
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
{
    "version": "785bb486534129fd8ec732alaa647b02d8e33491",
    "settings": {
        "on_login": {
            "show_welcome_wizard": false
        }
     }
}
```

Updating User Settings

To update user settings, use the REST API call below:

• Method: PUT /users/self/settings/ui

• Resource: Path

• **JSON Data:** JSON dictionary representing new user settings.

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing user settings is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
{
    "version": "785bb486534129fd8ec732a1aa647b02d8e33491",
    "settings": {
        "on_login": {
            "show_welcome_wizard": false
        }
    }
}
```

User Rule Groups (user-rule-groups)

The *user-rule-groups* entity represents a *nZTA* user rule group. User rule groups support the following activities:

Retrieving All User Rule Groups

To retrieve all user-rule-groups entities, use the REST API call below:

• Method: GET /api/v1/policies/user-rule-groups

• Resource: Path

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing a list of all *user-rule-groups* entities is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
GET /api/v1/policies/user-rule-groups
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
  "items": [
   {
      "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
     "name": "string",
      "description": "string",
      "sign in policy id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
      "sign in config": {
        "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
        "policy type": "admin",
        "url pattern": "string",
        "realm": "string",
        "use as saml idp": true,
        "primary auth server id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
        "primary auth server config": {
          "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
          "type": "Local",
          "name": "string"
        },
        "secondary auth server id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
        "secondary auth server config": {
          "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
          "type": "Local",
          "name": "string"
        "primary authorization server id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-
2c963f66afa6"
      "role id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
      "role config": {
        "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
       "type": "admin",
        "name": "string",
        "redirect url": "string"
      },
      "rules": [
```

Creating a User Rule Group

To create a user-rule-groups entity, use the REST API call below:

- Method: POST /api/v1/policies/user-rule-groups
- Resource: Path
- **JSON Data:** JSON dictionary representing a new *user-rule-groups* entity.

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing the new *user-rule-groups* entity is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
  "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
  "name": "string",
  "description": "string",
  "sign in policy id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
  "sign in config": {
   "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
    "policy type": "admin",
   "url pattern": "string",
    "realm": "string",
    "use as saml idp": true,
    "primary auth server id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
    "primary auth server config": {
     "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
      "type": "Local",
      "name": "string"
    },
    "secondary auth server id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
    "secondary auth server config": {
      "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
      "type": "Local",
     "name": "string"
    },
    "primary authorization server id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-
2c963f66afa6"
  },
  "role id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
 "role config": {
    "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
   "type": "admin",
    "name": "string",
    "redirect url": "string"
  },
  "rules": [
      "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
      "name": "string",
```

```
"type": "username",
    "attribute": "string",
    "value": "string"
}
```

User Policies (resources)

A user policy is a type of *resources* entity that represents a *nZTA* user policy. User policies support the following activities:

- Retrieving all user policies, see Retrieving All User Policies.
- Editing a user policy, see Editing a User Policy.



The *resources* entity is also used to represent a *nZTA* application. This is enabled by a **type** of "application", see Applications (resources).

Retrieving All User Policies

To retrieve all user policy (resources) entities, use the REST API call below:

- **JSON Data:** JSON dictionary representing a *resources* type of sign-in.
- Resource: Path
- Method: GET /api/v1/policies/resources

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing a list of all user policy resources is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
GET /api/v1/policies/resources
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
Request Body
{
    "type": "sign_in"
}
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
  "items": [
      "name": "string",
     "type": "sign in",
      "description": "string",
      "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
      "sign in config": {
        "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
        "policy type": "admin",
        "url pattern": "string",
        "realm": "string",
        "use as saml idp": true,
        "primary auth server id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
        "primary auth server config": {
          "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
          "type": "Local",
          "name": "string"
        },
        "secondary auth server id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
        "secondary auth server config": {
          "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
          "type": "Local",
          "name": "string"
        "primary authorization server id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-
2c963f66afa6"
      },
      "app config": {
        "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
        "name": "string",
        "access type": "application",
        "resource type": "fqdn",
        "resource": "string",
        "bookmark config": {
          "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
          "name": "string",
```

```
"type": "web",
    "description": "string",
    "launch_window": true,
    "url": "string",
    "icon": "string"
},
    "saml_config": {
        "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
        "sp_metadata": "string"
    }
}
}
```

Editing a User Policy

To edit a user policy resources entity, use the REST API call below:

- JSON Data: JSON dictionary representing changed properties for a user policy resources entity.
- Resource: Path
- **Method:** PUT /api/v1/policies/resources/{resource_id}

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing the updated user policy *resources* entity is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

```
PUT /api/v1/policies/resources/{resource id}
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
Request Body
  "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
  "name": "string",
  "type": "sign in",
  "description": "string",
  "sign in config": {
    "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
    "policy type": "admin",
    "url pattern": "string",
    "realm": "string",
    "use as saml idp": true,
    "primary auth server id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
    "primary auth server config": {
      "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
      "type": "Local",
      "name": "string"
    "secondary auth server id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
    "secondary auth server config": {
      "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
      "type": "Local",
      "name": "string"
    "primary authorization server id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-
2c963f66afa6"
  },
  "app config": {
    "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
    "name": "string",
    "access type": "application",
    "resource type": "fqdn",
    "resource": "string",
    "bookmark config": {
      "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
      "name": "string",
      "type": "web",
```

```
"description": "string",
    "launch_window": true,
    "url": "string",
    "icon": "string"
},
    "saml_config": {
        "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
        "sp_metadata": "string"
    }
}
```

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
  "name": "string",
 "type": "sign in",
  "description": "string",
  "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
  "sign in config": {
    "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
    "policy type": "admin",
   "url pattern": "string",
    "realm": "string",
    "use as saml idp": true,
    "primary auth server id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
    "primary auth server config": {
      "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
      "type": "Local",
      "name": "string"
    },
    "secondary auth server id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
    "secondary auth server config": {
      "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
      "type": "Local",
      "name": "string"
    },
    "primary authorization server id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-
2c963f66afa6"
  },
  "app config": {
    "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
    "name": "string",
    "access type": "application",
    "resource type": "fqdn",
    "resource": "string",
    "bookmark config": {
      "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
      "name": "string",
      "type": "web",
      "description": "string",
```

Retrieving Lockdown Exceptions

To retrieve Lockdown exceptions, use the REST API call below:

• Method: GET /api/clients/ui/lockdown/exceptions

• Resource: Path

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing the *exceptions* entity is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
GET /api/clients/ui/lockdown/exceptions
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
       "total": 0,
       "count": 0,
       "items": [
       "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
       "name": "string",
       "description": "string",
       "platform": "Windows",
       "type": "Program",
       "rule action": "Allow",
       "created": "string",
       "updated": "string",
       "is default": true,
       "direction": "Inbound",
       "exception order": 0,
       "port": {
       "protocol": "string",
       "remote port": "string",
       "local port": "string"
       },
       "program": {
       "program path": "string",
       "sha256": "string"
       },
       "custom": {
       "program path": "string",
       "sha256": "string",
       "protocol": "string",
       "local port": "string",
       "remote port": "string",
       "local resource": "string",
       "remote resource": "string"
       "program path": "string",
       "protocol": "TCP",
       "local port": "string",
```

```
"remote_port": "string",
    "local_resource": "string",
    "remote_resource": "string"
}
]
```

MDM Server

A MDM is a type of server entity that represents a nZTA server. MDM supports the following activities:

- Retrieving all MDM Servers, see <u>Retrieving All MDM Server</u>.
- Create MDM Server, see Creating a MDM Server.
- Retrieving MDM Servers by ID, see Retrieving a MDM Server by ID.
- Editing a MDM Server, see Editing a MDM Server.

Retrieving All MDM Servers

To retrieve MDM Servers, use the REST API call below:

- **Method:** GET /api/v1/policies/mdm-servers
- Resource: Path

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing the *MDM server* entity is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
GET /api/v1/policies/mdm-servers
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
       "total": 0,
       "mdm servers": [
       "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
       "name": "string",
       "type": "Ivanti Cloud",
       "ivanti cloud config": {
       "server url": "string",
       "viewer url": "string",
       "request timeout": 0,
       "admin user name": "string",
       "admin password": "string",
       "admin password hash": "string",
       "device identifier template": "CN",
       "device identifier type": "UUID"
       "microsoft intune config": {
       "national clouds": "string",
       "tenant id": "string",
       "client id": "string",
       "client secret": "string",
       "request timeout": 0,
       "device identifier template": "CN",
       "device identifier type": "deviceID",
       "device identity": "certificate"
```

Creating a MDM Server

To Create a MDM Server entity, use the REST API call below:

- JSON Data: JSON dictionary representing changed properties for a MDM Server entity.
- Resource: Path

• Method: POST /api/v1/policies/mdm-servers

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing the new *MDM Server* entity is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

```
POST /api/v1/policies/mdm-servers
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
Request Body
       "name": "string",
       "type": "Ivanti Cloud",
       "ivanti cloud config": {
       "server url": "string",
       "viewer url": "string",
       "request timeout": 0,
       "admin user name": "string",
       "admin password": "string",
       "admin password hash": "string",
       "device identifier template": "CN",
       "device identifier type": "UUID"
       },
       "microsoft intune config": {
       "national clouds": "string",
       "tenant id": "string",
       "client id": "string",
       "client secret": "string",
       "request timeout": 0,
       "device identifier template": "CN",
       "device identifier type": "deviceID",
       "device identity": "certificate"
```

The following is an example response:

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
       "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
       "name": "string",
       "type": "Ivanti Cloud",
       "ivanti cloud config": {
       "server url": "string",
       "viewer url": "string",
       "request timeout": 0,
       "admin user name": "string",
       "admin password": "string",
       "admin password hash": "string",
       "device identifier template": "CN",
       "device identifier type": "UUID"
       },
       "microsoft intune config": {
       "national clouds": "string",
       "tenant id": "string",
       "client id": "string",
       "client secret": "string",
       "request timeout": 0,
       "device identifier template": "CN",
       "device identifier type": "deviceID",
       "device identity": "certificate"
```

Retrieving a MDM Server by ID

To retrieve a MDM Server by ID entity, use the REST API call below:

- **JSON Data:** JSON dictionary representing changed properties for a MDM Server by ID entity.
- Resource: Path

• **Method:** GET/api/v1/policies/mdm-servers/{mdm_server_id}

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing the *MDM Server by ID* entity is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
GET /api/v1/policies/mdm-servers/{mdm_server_id}
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
       "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
       "name": "string",
       "type": "Ivanti Cloud",
       "ivanti cloud config": {
       "server url": "string",
       "viewer url": "string",
       "request timeout": 0,
       "admin user name": "string",
       "admin password": "string",
       "admin password hash": "string",
       "device identifier template": "CN",
       "device identifier type": "UUID"
       "microsoft intune config": {
       "national clouds": "string",
       "tenant id": "string",
       "client id": "string",
       "client secret": "string",
       "request timeout": 0,
       "device identifier template": "CN",
       "device identifier type": "deviceID",
       "device identity": "certificate"
```

Editing a MDM Server

To edit a MDM Server entity, use the REST API call below:

- **JSON Data:** JSON dictionary representing changed properties for a MDM Server entity.
- Resource: Path
- Method: PUT /api/v1/policies/mdm-servers/{mdm_server_id}

If processed correctly, a JSON body containing the edited *MDM Server* entity is returned. Otherwise, a JSON body containing an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
PUT /api/v1/policies/mdm-servers/{mdm server id}
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
Request Body
       "name": "string",
       "type": "Ivanti Cloud",
       "ivanti cloud config": {
       "server url": "string",
       "viewer url": "string",
       "request timeout": 0,
       "admin user name": "string",
       "admin password": "string",
       "admin password hash": "string",
       "device identifier template": "CN",
       "device identifier type": "UUID"
       },
       "microsoft intune config": {
       "national clouds": "string",
       "tenant id": "string",
       "client id": "string",
       "client secret": "string",
       "request timeout": 0,
       "device identifier template": "CN",
       "device identifier type": "deviceID",
       "device identity": "certificate"
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Response Body
       "id": "3fa85f64-5717-4562-b3fc-2c963f66afa6",
       "name": "string",
       "type": "Ivanti Cloud",
       "ivanti cloud config": {
       "server url": "string",
       "viewer url": "string",
    "request timeout": 0,
       "admin user name": "string",
       "admin password": "string",
       "admin password hash": "string",
       "device identifier template": "CN",
       "device identifier type": "UUID"
       "microsoft intune config": {
       "national clouds": "string",
       "tenant id": "string",
       "client id": "string",
       "client secret": "string",
       "request timeout": 0,
       "device identifier template": "CN",
       "device identifier type": "deviceID",
       "device identity": "certificate"
```

Deleting a MDM Server

To delete a MDM Server entity, use the REST API call below:

- Method: DELETE /api/v1/policies/mdm-servers/{mdm_server_id}
- Resource: Path

If processed correctly, a confirmation is returned. Otherwise, an error is returned.

Request

The following is an example request:

```
DELETE /api/v1/policies/mdm-servers/{mdm_server_id}
Authorization:
Content-Type: application/json
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 204 Deleted MDM Server successfully
Content-Type: application/json
```

Ivanti Neurons for Zero Trust Access Use Case

This chapter of the document will provide code snippets for different API call which can help tenant admins to configure secure access policy. These steps involve authenticating the API then adding all required components including user and user rules and finally configure Secure Access Policy using all the other components.

Steps automated in example use case:

- Preparing to configure the *nZTA* system, see <u>Preparing to Configure the System.</u>
- Adding a gateway, see Adding a ZTA Gateway.
- Adding an application, see Adding an Application.
- Adding a device rule and device policy, see Adding a Device Rule and Policy.
- Adding an auth server, see Adding an Authentication Server.
- Adding a user (local user), see Adding a Local User.
- Adding a user rule, see Adding a User Rule.
- Adding a user rule to a group, see Adding a User Rule.
- Adding a secure access policy, see Adding a Secure Access Policy.

Preparing to Configure the System

This section explains how to prepare to configure the *nZTA* system using its REST API.

The following Python modules needs to be imported to enable the code snippets in this chapter:

```
import requests
import json
```

The following parameters are required to enable the code snippets in this chapter:

```
SSLCertverify = False
apiHeaders = {'Content-type': 'application/json', 'Accept':
'application/json'}
headers = {"Content-Type": "application/json"}
user_name = 'admin'
passwrd = 'admin_password'
api_version = 'api/v1/'
api = 'api/'
host_url = 'https://<tenant_domain_name>/'
cookies = {"DSID": ""}
```

You can use the following CURL command format uses the DSID to query the REST API server:

```
curl -v --cookie "DSID=<value>" <api_request_url>
```

Adding a **ZTA Gateway**

Adding a gateway involves multiple API calls, including getting <code>city_id</code> and using that to add the gateway. You can then get the gateway ID to enable gateway configuration.

```
def add gateways():
    . . .
    Get country code to get the city id which is one of the parameters
needed for adding gateway.
    1 1 1
    get country code url = host url + api + "locations/countries"
    country list = requests.get(get country code url,cookies=cookies)
    country list json = country list.json()
    country id = "241"
    for country details in country list json["items"]:
        if country details["country"]["name"] == "United States":
            country id = country details["country"]["id"]
     # one we get the country ID use that ID to get the list of cities with
respective ID, following request will illustrates process of getting city
id
    state id = "3512"
   get state code url = host url + api + "locations/states?country="+str
(country id)
    state code json = requests.get(get state code url,cookies=cookies)
    state list json = state code json.json()
    for state details in state list json["items"]:
       #print state details
        if state details["state"]["name"] == "California":
            state id = state details["state"]["id"]
    # following api call is get the city id using country and state id
which are retrived from previous two calls. This logic will filter for San
Jose city to get the city id
    get city code url = host url + api + "locations/cities?country="+str
(country id) +"&state="+str(state id)
    city list = requests.get(get city code url,cookies=cookies)
    city list json = city list.json()
   city id="12631"
    for cities in city list json["items"]:
        if cities["city"]["name"] == "San Jose":
            city id = cities["city"]["id"]
    # following step will help us add a gateway to Controller using API
call
    input gateways = {"name": "gw4", "orchestration": {"type": "vsphere"}}
    gateway location = {}
    gateway location["city id"] = city id
```

```
input gateways["location"]=gateway location
    # input gateways variable input all the required parameters such as
gateway name, orchestration type and city id for gateway api which is post
method.
    request uri = host url + api + "gateways"
    output = requests.post(request uri, data=json.dumps(input gateways),
cookies=cookies, headers=headers)
    status code = output.status code
    response json = output.json()
   print response json
    gateway id=response json["id"]
    input data='{"service account id":None, "appliance config":{"external
gateway":"192.168.114.251","external ip address":"192.168.14.11","external
subnet":"255.255.255.0","external vlan":"-1","internal fqdn":"","internal
gateway":"172.96.14.1","internal ip address":"172.96.14.60","internal
subnet":"255.255.255.0",
"internal vlan":"-1", "management gateway":"172.96.14.1", "management ip
address":"172.96.14.61","management subnet":"255.255.255.0","management
vlan":"-1", "primary dns":"142.21.0.15",
"private domain name": "psecure.net", "secondary dns": "8.8.8.8", "dns search
domain": "psecure.net", "public ip address": "192.168.14.11", }, "deployment
config": None, }'
    request uri = request uri + "/" + gateway id + "/" + "orchestration"
   print request uri
    output = requests.post(request uri, data=json.dumps(input data),
cookies=cookies, headers=headers)
    print output.json
```

Adding an Application

To add an application, use a policies/resources API call with the type set to "application". For example:

```
def add_application():
    input_data =
{"type":"application", "name":"app1", "description":"app1", "app_config":
{"access_type"
:"application", "name":"app1", "resource":"https://www.intuit.com", "resource_type":"url", "bookmark_config":
{"name":"app1", "type":"web", "description":"app1", "launch_window":True, "url":"https://www.intuit.com", "icon":""}}}
    add_application_url = host_url+api_version+"policies/resources"
    print add_application_url
    add_application_output = requests.post(add_application_url, data=json.dumps(input_data), cookies=cookies, headers=headers)
    print add_application_output.text
```

Output for this code is below:

```
"allow delete": true,
"app config": {
   "access type": "application",
   "bookmark config": {
      "description": "app1",
      "icon": "",
      "id": "3ddf5e1b0d35d3f8ca8da7ded4f6f0a",
      "launch window": true,
     "name": "app1",
      "type": "web",
      "url": "https://www.intuit.com"
   "id": "4899a9fe06e64316a17891fff401bc6a",
   "name": "app1",
   "resource": "https://www.intuit.com",
   "resource type": "url"
}
"description": "app1",
"id": "4899a9fe06e64316a17891fff401bc6a",
"name": "app1",
"type": "application"
```

Adding a Device Rule and Policy

Create a device rule:

```
def create_device_rule():
    input_data = {
        "name":"device_rule_1",
        "description":"device_rule_1",
        "network_config": {
            "ip_address":"192.168.1.1",
            "netmask":"255.255.255.0",
            "mode":"allow"
        },
        "label":"moderate",
        "type":"network"
     }
     add_device_rule_url = host_url+api_version+"policies/device-policies/rules"
     add_device_rule_output = requests.post(add_device_rule_url,data=json.dumps(input_data),cookies=cookies, headers=headers)
     print add_device_rule_output.text
```

Create a device policy using the device rule:

```
def add_device_policy2_device_rule():
    input_data = {
        "name": "device_policy_1",
        "description": "device_policy_1"
    }
    add_policy_device_rule_url = host_url+api_version+"policies/device-
policies/groups"
    add_policy_device_rule_output = requests.post(add_policy_device_rule_
url,data=json.dumps(input_data),cookies=cookies, headers=headers)
    print add_policy_device_rule_output.text
```

Adding an Authentication Server

Create an authentication server:

```
def add_local_auth_server():
    input_data = {
        "name": "auth_server_1",
        "type": "Local",
        "local_config": {
            "users": []
        }
    }
    add_local_auth_server_url= host_url+api_version+"policies/auth-servers"
    add_local_auth_server_output = requests.post(add_local_auth_server_
url,data=json.dumps(input_data),cookies=cookies, headers=headers)
    print add_local_auth_server_output.text
```

Adding a Local User

Add a user to the local authentication server:

```
def add user AuthServers():
   #global auth server id
   # get list of auth servers
   auth server id = ""
   get authserver request uri = host url + api version + "policies/auth-
servers"
   auth servers = requests.get(get authserver request uri,cookies=cookies,
headers=headers)
   for server details in json.loads(auth servers.text)["auth servers"]:
        if server details["name"] == "auth server 1":
            auth server id = server details["id"]
# API call uses auth server id to update auth server with new user details.
   input data = {"name": "newuser1", "full name": "newuser1", "password":
"dana123"}
   request uri = host url + api version + "policies/auth-servers" + "/" +
auth server id + "/users"
   add user response = requests.post(request uri,data=json.dumps(input
data),cookies=cookies, headers=headers)
   print add user response.text
```

Update the user authentication policy to use the auth server:

```
def update user auth policy():
    input payload = {
       "type": "sign in"
    auth server id = ""
    default user policies uri = host url + api version +
"policies/resources"
    get default user policies response = requests.get(default user
policies uri,params=input payload,cookies=cookies)
    # for this response we will get user policy id which for type sing in
and realm ZTA users and update the primary auth server id value with auth
server ID.
   # get the Auth server ID with name auth server 1, this auth server we
added in previous steps.
   get authserver request uri = host url + api version + "policies/auth-
servers"
   auth servers = requests.get(get authserver request uri,cookies=cookies,
headers=headers)
    for server details in json.loads(auth servers.text)["auth servers"]:
        if server details["name"] == "auth server 1":
            auth server id = server details["id"]
    # now update the input payload for updating user signin policy primary
auth server id during the put call.
   for user policy details in json.loads(get default user policies
response.text) ["items"]:
        if user policy details["sign in config"]["realm"] == "ZTA Users":
            request uri = default user policies uri + "/" + user policy
details["id"]
            input data = user policy details
            input data["sign in config"]["primary auth server id"] = auth
server id
            update user policy details output = requests.put(request uri,
data=json.dumps(input data), cookies=cookies, headers=headers)
            print update user policy details output.text
```

Adding a User Rule

Create a user rule:

```
def add_user_rule():
    input_data = {
        "name":"user_rule_1",
        "type":"username",
        "value":"user_rule_1",
        "attribute":"is"
    }
    request_uri = host_url + api_version + "policies/role-mapping-rules"
    output_add_user_rule = requests.post(request_uri, data=json.dumps)
(intput_data), cookies=cookies, headers=headers)
    print output_add_user_rule.text
```

The output of this code is below:

```
{
  "attribute": "is",
  "id": "8970619481ba470c82c114a20bee3a07",
  "name": "user_rule_1",
  "type": "username",
  "value": "user_rule_1"
}
```

Adding a User Rule to a Group

Create a user group of type User Signin Policy, and add the above user rule to the group:

```
def add user group():
   input payload = {
       "type": "sign in"
   auth server id = ""
   default user policies uri = host url + api version +
"policies/resources"
   get default user policies response = requests.get(default user
policies uri, params=input payload, cookies=cookies)
   user policy id = ""
   # now update the input payload for updating user signin policy primary
auth server id during the put call.
   for user policy details in json.loads(get default user policies
response.text) ["items"]:
        if user policy details["sign in config"]["realm"] == "ZTA Users":
           user policy id = user policy details["id"]
   input data = {
       "name": "user group 1",
       "sign in policy id":"",
       "description": "user group 1",
       "rules":[]
   input data["sign in policy id"] = user policy id
   request uri = host url + api version + "policies/user-rule-groups"
   output add user rule = requests.post(request uri, data=json.dumps
(input data), cookies=cookies, headers=headers)
   print output add user rule.text
```

The output of this code is below:

```
"allow delete": true,
"description": "user group 1",
"id": "3e99edd4e5534ca6a322a404e8c26d4a",
"name": "user group 1",
"role config": {
   "id": "612dc9de1e5148748a378742a5d2311e",
   "name": "user group 1",
   "redirect url": "/user",
   "type"L "user"
"role id": "612dc9de1e5148748a378742a5d2311e",
"sign in config": {
   "id": "21ff78e93fda4b0c86e7af96dfa75680",
   "policy type": "user",
   "primary auth server config": {
      "id": "0a867da874cd426cbe6acd2efba149ec",
      "name": "auth server 1",
      "type": "Local"
   "primary auth server id": "0a867da874cd426cbe6acd2efba149ec",
   "realm": "ZTA Users",
   "url pattern": "*/login/",
   "use as saml idp": false
sign in policy id": "21ff78e93fda4b0c86e7af96dfa75680"
```

Adding a Secure Access Policy

Finally, publish a secure access policy using all of the above:

```
def add secure access policy():
   input data = {
       "type": "application",
       "resource type": "single",
       "user rule group id":"",
       "gateway type": "single",
       "gateway id":"",
       "resource id":"",
       "device policy id":""
   # all values in following 4 lines derived from different API calls made
in all previous examples
   input data["user rule group id"] = "3e99edd4e5534ca6a322a404e8c26d4a"
   input data["gateway id"] = "edb5fc9969304619b6cb976a2a6101e6"
   input data["resource id"] = "4899a9fe06e64316a17891fff401bc6a"
   input data["device policy id"] = "e639512d55fb47e5940d9b8053916629"
   request uri = host url + api version + "policies/secure-access-
policies"
   output add secureaccess policy = requests.post(request uri,
data=json.dumps(input data), cookies=cookies, headers=headers)
   print output add secureaccess policy.text
```

The output of this code is below:

```
"device policy config": {
   "name": "device policy 1"
"device policy id": "e639512d55fb47e5940d9b8053916629",
"gateway id": "edb5fc9969304619b6cb976a2a6101e6",
"gateway type": "single",
"id": "1b87430b470a44cda082fb638fa87ae2",
"resource config": {
  "name": "app1"
"resource id": "4899a9fe06e64316a17891fff401bc6a",
"resource type": "single",
"type": "application",
"user rule group config": {
  "name": "user group 1",
   "role config": {
      "id": "612dc9de1e5148748a378742a5d2311e",
      "name": "user group 1",
      "redirect url": "/user",
      "type": "user"
"user rule group id": "3e99edd4e5534ca6a322a404e8c26d4a"
```

Additional References

To see a list of the default secure access policies:

```
Input Payload : {'type': 'application'}
Request URI : ``https://<tenant_domain>/api/v1/policies/secure-access-
policies``
Returned Status Code : 200
Returned JSON Response : {'items': [], 'total': 0}
```

To retrieve the default User Auth Server ID:

Retrieving a list of the default user policies:

```
Input Payload : {'type': 'sign in'}
Request URI: https://<tenant domain>/api/v1/policies/resources
Returned Status Code: 200
Returned JSON Response : {
   'items': [{
      'description': 'Admin Signin',
      'id': 'f87680b7292242b9af247fec1b17347c',
      'name': 'Admin Signin',
      'sign in config': {
         'id': 'f87680b7292242b9af247fec1b17347c',
         'policy type': 'admin',
         'primary auth server id': '4a02312f7b1f4dd89f5350966feb528d',
         'realm': 'ZTA Admin Users',
         'url pattern': '*/login/admin/',
         'use as saml idp': False
      },
      'type': 'sign in'
  }, {
      'description': 'Enrollment Signin',
      'id': 'cb8753de76fb45d581e07d4bc700cb67',
      'name': 'Enrollment Signin',
      'sign in config': {
         'id': 'cb8753de76fb45d581e07d4bc700cb67',
         'policy type': 'enroll',
         'primary auth server id': '706960d40e43451786f6f5d6c598d7fa',
         'realm': 'ZTA Enrollment',
         'url pattern': '*/login/enroll/',
         'use as saml idp': False
     },
      'type': 'sign in'
  }, {
      'description': 'User Signin',
      'id': '21ff78e93fda4b0c86e7af96dfa75680',
      'name': 'User Signin',
      'sign in config': {
         'id': '21ff78e93fda4b0c86e7af96dfa75680',
         'policy type': 'user',
         'primary auth server id': '706960d40e43451786f6f5d6c598d7fa',
         'realm': 'ZTA Users',
         'url pattern': '*/login/',
```

```
'use_as_saml_idp': False
},
'type': 'sign_in'
}],
'total': 3
}
```

Adding a new user authentication server "auth_server_1" of type "local":

```
Input Payload : {
    'name': 'auth_server_1',
    'type': 'Local',
    'local_config': {
        'users': []
    }
}
Request URI : ``https://<tenant_domain>/api/v1/policies/auth-servers``
Returned Status Code : 200
Returned JSON Response : {
    'allow_delete': True,
    'id': '0b634b96bcb04dc98072cf28c5129a91',
    'name': 'auth_server_1',
    'type': 'Local'
}
```

Editing the user policy user signin by changing auth server to "auth_server_1":

```
Input Payload : {
   'name': 'User Signin',
   'description': 'User Signin',
   'sign in config': {
      'policy type': 'user',
      'primary auth server id': '0b634b96bcb04dc98072cf28c5129a91',
      'realm': 'ZTA Users',
      'url pattern': '*/login/',
      'use as saml idp': False
  },
   'type': 'sign in',
   'id': '21ff78e93fda4b0c86e7af96dfa75680'
Request URI : ``https://<tenant
domain>/api/v1/policies/resources/21ff78e93fda4b0c86e7af96dfa75680``
Returned Status Code: 200
Returned JSON Response : {
  'allow delete': False,
  'description': 'User Signin',
  'id': '21ff78e93fda4b0c86e7af96dfa75680',
   'name': 'User Signin',
   'sign in config': {
      'id': '21ff78e93fda4b0c86e7af96dfa75680',
      'policy type': 'user',
      'primary auth server config': {
         'id': '0b634b96bcb04dc98072cf28c5129a91',
         'name': 'auth server 1',
         'type': 'Local'
      },
      'primary auth server id': '0b634b96bcb04dc98072cf28c5129a91',
      'realm': 'ZTA Users',
      'role mapping rules': [{
          'attribute': 'is',
          'id': 'bb77d22ae3b440bbb3d464f0df50f4af',
          'name': 'AllUsers',
          'type': 'username',
          'value': '*'
      }],
      'url pattern': '*/login/',
      'use as saml idp': False
```

```
},
'type': 'sign_in'
}
```

Adding user rule "user_rule_1" of type "username" for an expression matching:

```
Input Payload : {
    'name': 'user_rule_1',
    'type': 'username',
    'value': 'user_rule_1',
    'attribute': 'is'
}
Request URI : ``https://<tenant_domain>/api/v1/policies/role-mapping-rules``
Returned Status Code : 200
Returned JSON Response : {
    'attribute': 'is',
    'id': 'b48d02408ad14992bfde266e9b5a43a8',
    'name': 'user_rule_1',
    'type': 'username',
    'value': 'user_rule_1'
}
```

Adding a user group "user_group_1" of authentication policy type "user":

```
Input Payload : {
   'name': 'user group 1',
   'sign in policy id': '21ff78e93fda4b0c86e7af96dfa75680',
   'description': 'user group 1',
   'rules': []
Request URI : ``https://<tenant domain>/api/v1/policies/user-rule-groups``
Returned Status Code: 200
Returned JSON Response : {
  'allow delete': True,
  'description': 'user group 1',
  'id': '71bc234b6c8f46a9806dfdc0e33df05d',
   'name': 'user group 1',
   'role config': {
     'id': 'a44e4ac7ae114e009fd2f2bd457c1480',
     'name': 'user group 1',
     'redirect url': '/user',
     'type': 'user'
  },
   'role id': 'a44e4ac7ae114e009fd2f2bd457c1480',
   'sign in config': {
      'id': '21ff78e93fda4b0c86e7af96dfa75680',
      'policy type': 'user',
      'primary auth server config': {
         'id': '0b634b96bcb04dc98072cf28c5129a91',
         'name': 'auth server 1',
        'type': 'Local'
      },
      'primary auth server id': '0b634b96bcb04dc98072cf28c5129a91',
      'realm': 'ZTA Users',
      'url pattern': '*/login/',
      'use as saml idp': False
   'sign in policy id': '21ff78e93fda4b0c86e7af96dfa75680'
```

Editing user group "user_group_1" by adding user rule "user_rule_1":

```
Input Payload : {}
Request URI : ``https://<tenant_domain>/api/v1/policies/user-rule-
groups/71bc234b6c8f46a9806dfdc0e33df05d/rule/b48d02408ad14992bfde266e9b5a43
a8``
Returned Status Code : 204
```

Editing user authentication server "auth_server_1" by adding user "newuser1":

```
Input Payload : {
    'name': 'newuser1',
    'full_name': 'newuser1',
    'password': 'dana123'
    }
Request URI : ``https://<tenant_domain>/api/v1/policies/auth-
servers/0b634b96bcb04dc98072cf28c5129a91/users``
Returned Status Code : 200
```

Adding device policy rule "device_rule_1" of type network rule:

```
Input Payload : {
   'name': 'device rule 1',
   'description': 'device rule 1',
   'network config': {
     'ip address': '192.168.1.1',
     'netmask': '255.255.255.0',
     'mode': 'allow'
   'label': 'moderate',
   'type': 'network'
Request URI: ``https://<tenant domain>/api/v1/policies/device-
policies/rules``
Returned Status Code: 200
Returned JSON Response : {
   'description': 'device rule 1',
   'id': 'aab467febf0b45af99be71f25cb0fdbc',
  'label': 'moderate',
   'name': 'device rule 1',
   'network config': {
     'id': '98e55fe902b64d6abe45ec38012a64af',
     'ip address': '192.168.1.1',
     'mode': 'allow',
     'netmask': '255.255.255.0'
   },
   'network config id': '98e55fe902b64d6abe45ec38012a64af',
   'type': 'network'
```

Adding device policy "device_policy_1":

```
Input Payload : {}
Request URI : ``https://<tenant_domain>/api/v1/policies/device-
policies/groups/deb6e20a2f1a4c5dac98772525a7d350/rules/aab467febf0b45af99be
71f25cb0fdbc``
Returned Status Code : 204
```

Editing device policy "device_policy_1" by adding device policy rule "device_rule_1":

```
Input Payload : {
    'name': 'device_policy_1',
    'description': 'device_policy_1'
}
Request URI : ``https://<tenant_domain>/api/v1/policies/device-
policies/groups``
Returned Status Code : 200
Returned JSON Response : {
    'description': 'device_policy_1',
    'id': 'deb6e20a2f1a4c5dac98772525a7d350',
    'name': 'device_policy_1',
    'rules': []
}
```

Adding a new Application "app1":

```
Input Payload : {
   'type': 'application',
   'name': 'app1',
   'description': 'app1',
   'app config': {
      'access type': 'application',
      'name': 'app1',
      'resource': 'https://www.intuit.com',
      'resource type': 'url',
      'bookmark config': {
         'name': 'app1',
         'type': 'web',
         'description': 'app1',
         'launch window': True,
         'url': 'https://www.intuit.com',
         'icon': '/admin/static/media/intuit512.2fdd1f2f.svg'
  }
Request URI : ``https://<tenant domain>/api/v1/policies/resources``
Returned Status Code: 200
Returned JSON Response : {
   'allow delete': True,
   'app config': {
      'access type': 'application',
      'bookmark config': {
         'description': 'app1',
         'icon': '/admin/static/media/intuit512.2fdd1f2f.svg',
         'id': '79418be3ce3a4ae4895d2d0223c2bf49',
         'launch window': True,
         'name': 'app1',
         'type': 'web',
         'url': 'https://www.intuit.com'
      },
      'id': 'd3328c9a86ed42d0aa1d90432e4f7fb7',
      'name': 'app1',
      'resource': 'https://www.intuit.com',
      'resource type': 'url'
  },
   'description': 'app1',
```

```
'id': 'd3328c9a86ed42d0aa1d90432e4f7fb7',
  'name': 'app1',
  'type': 'application'
}
```

Adding a new gateway "gw1" of type vsphere with manual settings:

```
Input Payload : {
   'name': 'gw1',
   'orchestration': {
     'type': 'vsphere'
  },
  'location': {
     'city id': 97
  }
Request URI : ``https://<tenant domain>/api/gateways``
Returned Status Code: 200
Returned JSON Response : {
  'auto upgrade': True,
  'created': '2020-09-10T05:29:39Z',
   'id': 'b7c3fca3993a4addaa4fe08958afa013',
   'is ready': False,
   'location': {
      'city id': 97
  },
   'name': 'gw1',
   'notification channel status': 'offline',
   'orchestration': {
     'mode': 'manual',
     'type': 'vsphere'
  },
   'sdp mode': 'pzt-gateway',
   'state': 'unregistered',
   'updated': '2020-09-10T05:29:39Z'
```

```
Input Payload : {
   'service account id': None,
   'appliance config': {
      'external gateway': '<ip address>',
      'external ip address': '<ip address>',
      'external subnet': '255.255.255.0',
      'external vlan': '-1',
      'internal fqdn': '',
      'internal gateway': '<ip address>',
      'internal ip address': '<ip address>',
      'internal subnet': '255.255.255.0',
      'internal vlan': '-1',
      'management gateway': '<ip address>',
      'management ip address': '<ip address>',
      'management subnet': '255.255.255.0',
      'management vlan': '-1',
      'primary dns': '<ip address>',
      'private domain name': 'psecure.net',
      'secondary dns': '<ip address>',
      'dns search domain': '<domain>',
      'public ip address': '<ip address>'
  },
   'deployment config': None
Request URI : ``https://<tenant
domain>/api/gateways/b7c3fca3993a4addaa4fe08958afa013/orchestration``
Returned Status Code: 200
Returned JSON Response : {
   'appliance config': {
      'dns search domain': 'psecure.net',
      'external fqdn': '<server>',
      'external gateway': '1<ip address>',
      'external ip address': '1<ip address>',
      'external subnet': '255.255.255.0',
      'internal fqdn': '',
      'internal gateway': '<ip address>',
      'internal ip address': '<ip address>',
      'internal subnet': '255.255.255.0',
      'management gateway': '<ip address>',
      'management ip address': '<ip address>',
```

```
'management_subnet': '255.255.255.0',
    'primary_dns': '<ip_address>',
    'private_domain_name': 'psecure.net',
    'public_ip_address': '<ip_address>',
    'secondary_dns': '<ip_address>',
    'use_dhcp': True,
    'wins_server': 'localhost'
},
'appliance_id': 'b7c3fca3993a4addaa4fe08958afa013'
}
```

Adding a new Secure Access Policy for the above configurations:

```
Input Payload : {
   'type': 'application',
   'resource type': 'single',
   'user rule group id': '71bc234b6c8f46a9806dfdc0e33df05d',
   'gateway type': 'single',
   'gateway id': 'b7c3fca3993a4addaa4fe08958afa013',
   'resource id': 'd3328c9a86ed42d0aa1d90432e4f7fb7',
   'device policy id': 'deb6e20a2f1a4c5dac98772525a7d350'
Request URI: ``https://<tenant domain>/api/v1/policies/secure-access-
policies``
Returned Status Code: 200
Returned JSON Response : {
   'device policy config': {
      'name': 'device policy 1'
  },
   'device policy id': 'deb6e20a2f1a4c5dac98772525a7d350',
   'gateway id': 'b7c3fca3993a4addaa4fe08958afa013',
  'gateway type': 'single',
   'id': 'c90a3e348a0f4fed868d5acd09655aa6',
   'resource config': {
      'name': 'app1'
   },
   'resource id': 'd3328c9a86ed42d0aa1d90432e4f7fb7',
   'resource type': 'single',
   'type': 'application',
   'user rule group config': {
      'name': 'user group 1',
      'role config': {
         'id': 'a44e4ac7ae114e009fd2f2bd457c1480',
         'name': 'user group 1',
         'redirect url': '/user',
         'type': 'user'
   },
   'user rule group id': '71bc234b6c8f46a9806dfdc0e33df05d'
```