

Pulse Policy Secure

Access Control with Fortinet Products

Deployment Guide

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Pulse Policy Secure: Access Control with Fortinet Products

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Contents

Purpose of this Guide
Prerequisites
Identity-Based Access Control with Fortinet Products
Overview of Identity-Based Access Control with Fortinet Product
Summary of Configuration6
Configuring PPS with FortiAuthenticator6
Creating a Custom Filter for User Access Logs
Editing a Custom Filter
Configuring the Syslog Server
Configuring FortiAuthenticator
Configuring the FortiGate Firewall13
Reports and Logging
Alert-Based Admission Control with Fortinet Products 18
Overview of Alert-Based Admission Control with Fortinet Products
Summary of Configuration
Configuring Network Security Devices with PPS
Configuring an Admission Control Template21
Configuring Admission Control Policies 22
Configuring the Admission Control Client 24
Configuring FortiGate Firewall 25
Configuring FortiAnalyzer28
Confirming Syslog Forwarding
References

Purpose of this Guide

This guide describes how to configure *Pulse Policy Secure (PPS)* to provide Identity- and Alert-based protection for your network using Fortinet's products.

Prerequisites

This guide assumes you are familiar with the use of the following products and their related terminology.

- Pulse Policy Secure at version 9.0R3.
- FortiGate Firewall at version v6.0.2 build0163 (GA)
- FortiAuthenticator at version v 5.5.0, build0366(GA
- FortiAnalyzer at version v6.0.2-build0205 180813 (GA)

Identity-Based Access Control with Fortinet Products

This section describes how to integrate *FortiAuthenticator* and *FortiGate Firewall* products with *PPS* to support Identity-based admission control in your network.

Overview of Identity-Based Access Control with Fortinet Product

Pulse Policy Secure (PPS) integration with the *FortiGate Firewall* provides identity-enabled enforcement with backend authentication and comprehensive compliance checks.

The authentication process is described below:

- 1) The user is authenticated on *PPS* after validating the host check policy to ensure that the endpoints meets the corporate policy.
- 2) The syslog sessions are exported to *FortiAuthenticator*.
- 3) *FortiAuthenticator*, which acts as a syslog server, parses identity information from the syslog message and creates an IP address to username mapping file within *FortiAuthenticator*. This information is shared with *FortiGate Firewall* in the form of a FSSO record.
- 4) The *FortiGate Firewall* maps the user to a specific resource access policy and then provides the required access to protected resources.

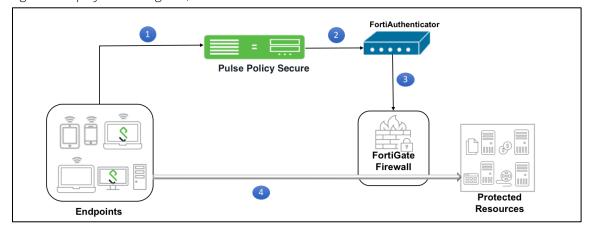


Figure 1: Deployment using PPS, FortiAuthenticator and FortiGate Firewall

For example, you can use this to extend NAC/BYOD (Bring Your Own Device) to perimeter defense. This unifies the access policies that extend from NAC/BYOD systems to firewall perimeter defenses to enable end-to-end enforcement across the network.

Summary of Configuration

To prepare your network to perform identity-based access control using *Pulse Policy Secure*, *FortiAuthenticator* and *FortiGate Firewall*, perform the following tasks:

- <u>Configuring PPS with FortiAuthenticator:</u>
 - Creating a Custom Filter for User Access Logs.
 - Editing a Custom Filter.
 - <u>Configuring the Syslog Server</u>.
- <u>Configuring FortiAuthenticator</u>.
- <u>Configuring the FortiGate Firewall</u>.
- (Optional) <u>Reports and Logging</u>.

The following sections describe each of these steps in detail.

Configuring PPS with FortiAuthenticator

The *PPS* configuration requires defining the *FortiAuthenticator* as the syslog server on *PPS*. The Syslog server uses the filter created in the User Access Log Filters for receiving and parsing the logs.

This section covers the following topics:

- Creating a Custom Filter for User Access Logs with default settings.
- Editing a Custom Filter to enable communication with FortiAuthenticator.
- <u>Configuring the Syslog Server</u>.

Creating a Custom Filter for User Access Logs

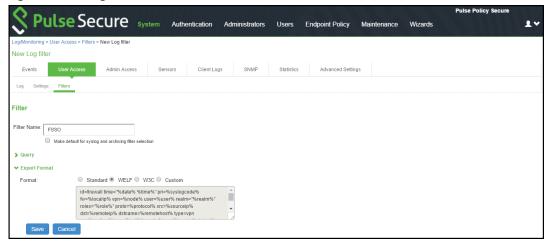
To create a custom filter in PPS:

- 1) Select System > Log/Monitoring > User Access > Filters.
- 2) Click New Filter.
- 3) Under Filter, enter the required Filter Name.
- 4) Under Export Format, select WELF.

NOTE: This selection populates the text box with all parameters for the selected filter. This ensures that it is simple to edit the filter to enable communication with *FortiAuthenticator*, see <u>Editing a Custom Filter</u>.

5) Click Save to save the filter.

Figure 2: Creating a Custom Filter



Editing a Custom Filter

Once you have created a populated custom filter for User Access Logs (see <u>Creating a Custom Filter for</u> <u>User Access Logs</u>), you must update the ID for the filter to enable communication with *FortiAuthenticator*.

To edit a custom filter:

- 1) Select System > Log/Monitoring > User Access > Filters.
- 2) Click on the filter created in the previous procedure, see <u>Creating a Custom Filter for User Access</u> Logs.
- 3) Under Export Format, select the Custom format.
- 4) In the text box, edit the ID from *"id=firewall"* to *"id=FSSO"*.

This ID will be used by FortiAuthenticator when parsing the syslog events.

Figure 3: Editing the Filter

\diamond	~						Pulse Policy Secure	
💸 Pulse	Secure Syste	em Authentication Ad	dministrators Users	Endpoint Policy	Maintenance	Wizards		••
Log/Monitoring > User Acce	ss > Filters > New Log filter							
New Log filter								
Events User A	Admin Access	Sensors Client Logs	SNMP Statistics	Advanced Setting	5			
Log Settings Filters								
Filter								
Filter Name: FSSO								
Make det	ault for syslog and archiving filter selection	3						
> Query								
✓ Export Format								
Format:	Standard • WELF • W3C	C O Custom						
	id=firewall time="%date% %time% fw=%localip% vpn=%node% user roles="%role%" proto=%protocol% dst=%remoteip% dstname=%remo	r=%user% realm="%realm%" % src=%sourceip%	•					
Save Cano								

5) Click Save.

Configuring the Syslog Server

Once you have prepared a custom filter for User Access Logs (see <u>Creating a Custom Filter for User</u> <u>Access Logs</u>), you must configure *PPS* to send logs to the *FortiAuthenticator* syslog server.

NOTE: You must add *FortiAuthenticator* as a syslog server in all the nodes in a clustering environment.

To configure the syslog server:

- 1) Select System > Log/Monitoring > User Access > Settings.
- 2) Under Select Events to Log, retain the default settings.
- 3) Under Syslog Servers, create a syslog server with the following details:
 - Server name/IP: Enter the fully qualified domain name or the IP address of the syslog server (that is, *FortiAuthenticator*).
 - Facility: Select LOCAL0 as the facility level.
 - Type: Select *UDP* as the connection type.
 - Do not change Client Certificate.
 - Filter: Select the FSSO Custom created filter format.

Figure 4: Configuring Syslog Server

♥ Sysic	# Syslog Servers										
	Events are logged locally. You can also log them to one or more external Syslog servers.										
	Dele	ste									
		Server name/IP	Facility	Туре	Client Certificate	Filter					
		10.204.59.64	LOCALO \$	UDP \$	Select Client Cert \$	FSSO: Custom	Add				
	0										
s	avë Ci	nanges Reset									

4) Click Add and then click Save Changes.

Configuring FortiAuthenticator

You must add PPS as a syslog source in *FortiAuthenticator* to parse the information.

Before you start, ensure you have completed the following tasks:

- Ensure that the *FortiAuthenticator* instance is communicating on the network and is reachable from the *PPS* appliance's management interface.
- Select System > Network > Interfaces, then select the required port and enable the FortiGate FSSO, FortiClient FSSO and Syslog services on FortiAuthenticator interface, which communicates with PPS and the FortiGate Firewall.

Figure 5: Enabling Fortinet Interfaces for a Port

FortiAuthenticate	or				Logged in as admin	Help	Logout	F
System			Edit Netwo	rk Interface				
O Dashboard Shats Shats	Interface Status Interface: Status: IP Address / Net IPv4: IPv6: Access Rights Admin access:	port1						
	Services:	SHA SHA HTTP HTTP RADUS Auth RADUS Auth RADUS Autounting RADUS Autounting RADUS RADUS						
Authentication			ок	Cancel				
Fortinet SSO Methods								
Monitor Certificate Management								
Logging								

To configure *FortiAuthenticator*:

1) Create a Local user group with a name that matches the name that Pulse Policy Secure will send as the 'Group=' value in your Syslog messages.

To do this, select **Authentication** > **User Management** > **User Groups** and click **Create New**. Create the group with the following data:

- Name: Enter the name that is defined on *PPS*. For example, *Users*.
- Type: Select Local.
- Click OK.

Figure 6: Creating a User Group

FortiAuthenticato	or			Logged in as admin	Help	Logout
System			с	Create New User Group		
Authentication	Name:	USERS				
Ser Account Policies General	Туре:	Local Remote LDAP Remote RADI	US			
Lockouts	Users:	Available users 😡		Selected users		
• Passwords		S Filter			^	
Custom User Fields		^				
⊟- 🌇 User Management						
• Local Users						
Remote Users			O			
Remote User Sync Rules			0			
Social Login Users						
User Groups						
• Organization						
• FortiToken						
MAC Devices		~			\sim	
< 0.1K		Choose all visible 🔘		Remove all		
Fortinet SSO Methods				OK Cancel		
Monitor				Cancel		

2) Create a Syslog matching rule.

To do this, select **Fortinet SSO methods** > **SSO** > **Syslog Sources**. In the upper right corner, from the **View** drop down choose matching rules and click **Create New** and give the following data:

- Name: Enter the name for the syslog Rule.
- **Trigger:** Enter the filter name created in *PPS*. For example, id=FSSO.
- Auth Type Indicators: Enter strings to differentiate between the types of user activities. For example:
 - Logon: AUT24803
 - Update: AUT23524
 - Logoff: AUT22673
- Username field: Define the semantics of the username field. In this field, {{:username}} indicates from where the username is extracted. For example: user= {{:username}}.
- Client IP field: Define the semantics of the client IP address. For example: *src=*{{:*client_ip*}}
- Group field: Define the semantics of the group. For example: *roles=" {{: group}}"*

NOTE: There is a trailing space after **Username field**, **Client IP field**, and **Group field**. The parser requires the trailing space as an end character for each of these fields, and will fail if the trailing space is omitted. Do not remove this space.

- **Group List Separator:** SSO syslog feed can parse multiple groups if the names are separated by a plus (+) symbol or a comma (,). Use the Group list separator to specify the separator.
- Test Rule: Enter a sample log message into the text box, then select Test to test that the desired fields are correctly extracted.

Figure 7: Create Matching Rule

FortiAuthenticate	or				Logged in as admin	Videos	(2) Help	Logout	F
System				Edit Syslog Matching Rule					
Authentication	Name:	Pulseseure							
Fortinet SSO Methods	Description:	Rule configuration to extract parameters from	incoming syslog message						
General	Fields to Extrac	st							
- • Portal Services	Trigger:	id=FSSO]						
- SAML Authentication	Auth Type Indic	ators							
Windows Event Log Sources RADIUS Accounting Sources Syslog Sources Fine-grained Controls	Logon: Update: Logoff:	AUT24414 AUT23524 AUT22673							
- • SSO Users	Username field:	user={{:username}}							
• SSO Groups • FortiGate Filtering	Client IPv4 field:	src={{:client_ip}}							
IP Filtering Rules	Client IPv6 field:	e.g., Framed-IPv6-Address={{:client_ipv6}},:							
Tiered Architecture Accounting Proxy	Group field:	roles="{{:group}}"							
E Accounting Proxy	Group list se	eparator: ,							
	Test Rule								
	-	rule above by entering a sample log line to parse	e below.						
	Enter a sample lo	og line							
Monitor									
Certificate Management				Test					
Logging				1651					

3) Click **OK** to add the new matching rule.

NOTE: For the **Logon** and **Logoff** indicators, the required data will vary, depending on both your installation and your syslog message contents.

In this example, when a user logs in, the message ID created is *AUT24414* and is considered as a **Logon** event on *FortiAuthenticator*. When the role change happens as part of periodic host check updates, the message ID created by *PPS* is *AUT23524*. A sign-out event is considered a **Logoff** event on *FortiAuthenticator*, and the identity is removed from the user group, and thus fails to match policy. This logic can be altered depending on the customer's design and intentions.

4) Create a Syslog source.

To do this, select **Fortinet SSO methods** > **SSO** > **Syslog Sources**. In the upper right corner, select the **View** drop down, select **Syslog Source** and click **Create New**. Then, specify the following fields:

- Name: Enter a name for the Syslog source.
- IP address: Enter the IP address of PPS server.
- Matching rule: Select the matching rule created above.
- **SSO user type:** Select *External* as the user type.

Figure 8: Creating a Syslog Source

FortiAuthentica	tor			Logged in as admin	Help Logout	F
System			Create New Syslog Source			
Authentication Fortinet SSO Methods	Name:	Pulse				
🖶 😭 SSO	IP address: Matching rule:	10.204.59.65				
	SSO user type:	pulserule				
SSO Users SSO Groups		○Remote users ● [Please Select] \$				
Domain Controllers RADIUS Accounting Syslog Sources			OK Cancel			
FortiGate Filtering IP Filtering Rules						
Tiered Architecture Accounting Proxy						

NOTE: You must add all the cluster node IPs (not cluster VIPs) in the *FortiAuthenticator* when using a *PPS* cluster setup.

Configuring the FortiGate Firewall

The *FortiGate Firewall* detects traffic from an endpoint that matches a configured security policy using the *FortiAuthenticator* FSSO record. It determines the role(s) associated with that user, and allows or denies the traffic based on the actions configured in the security policy.

To configure FortiGate Firewall:

- (Applies to Release 6.0.*) Create the *FortiAuthenticator* as an FSSO agent in the *FortiGate* Firewall. To do this, select Fabric Connector > Create New, under SSO/Identity select Fortinet Single Sign-On Agent. Then, specify the following fields:
 - Name: Enter a name for the entry.
 - Primary FSSO Agent: Enter the IP address of the *FortiAuthenticator* appliance, and the password used to communicate with it. This password is the same as the secret key configured on *FortiAuthenticator* in the Fortinet SSO Methods > General section.
 - Click **Apply & Refresh** to test your configuration. If correct, the **Users /Groups** area will populate automatically.

FortiGate 900D	FG900D39	17800553				>_
🍘 Dashboard	>	Edit Fabric Connector				
🔆 Security Fabric	~					
Physical Topology		SSO/Identity				
Logical Topology						
Security Rating						
Automation						
Settings		Fortinet Single				
Fabric Connectors	☆	Sign-On Agent				
🖿 FortiView	>					
🕂 Network	>	Connector Settings				
System	>	Name	PPS agent			
💄 Policy & Objects	>	Primary FSSO Agent	10.96.71.2			+
Security Profiles	>					
I VPN	>	Collector Agent AD access mode	Standard Advanced			
🛔 User & Device	>	Users/Groups 🚯	2 O View			
WiFi & Switch Control	ler >					
Log & Report	>		Apply & Refresh	ОК	Cancel	

- 2) (Applies to Release 5.6.*) Create the FortiAuthenticator as an FSSO agent in the FortiGate Firewall. To do this, select User & Device > Single Sign-On and then click Create New. Then, specify the following fields:
 - Type: Select Fortinet Single-Sign-On Agent.
 - Name: Enter a name for the entry.
 - **Primary FSSO Agent:** Enter the IP address of the *FortiAuthenticator* appliance, and the password used to communicate with it. This password is the same as the secret key configured on *FortiAuthenticator* in the **Fortinet SSO Methods** > **General** section.
 - Click **Apply & Refresh** to test your configuration. If correct, the **Users /Groups** area will populate automatically.

Figure 10: Creating Single Sign on Server

FortiGate VM64	ortiGat	e-VM64		Ŷ.	?
🚯 Dashboard	>	New Single Sign-On Server			
E FortiView	>	_			
+ Network	>	Туре	Poll Active Directory Server Fortinet Single-Sign-On Agent		
🔅 System	>		RADIUS Single-Sign-On Agent		
📕 Policy & Objects	>	Name			
Security Profiles	>	Primary FSSO Agent	Server IP/Name - Password +		
U VPN	>	Frinal y F350 Agent			
🚨 User & Device	~	Collector Agent AD access mode	Standard Advanced		
User Definition		LDAP Server	▼		
User Groups					
Guest Management			Apply & Refresh OK Cancel		
Device Inventory					
Custom Devices & Groups					
Single Sign-On	☆				
LDAP Servers					
RADIUS Servers					
Authentication Settings					
FortiTokens					
🗢 WiFi & Switch Controller	>				
Log & Report	>				
C Monitor	>				

- 3) Create matching User groups. To do this, select User & Device > User Groups and click Create New. Then, specify the following fields:
 - Name: Enter the name of the group. This name will appear in the firewall policy.
 - Type: Select Fortinet Single Sign-On.
 - Under Members, select the matching user group created on *FortiAuthenticator*, and click OK.

Figure 11: Creating User Groups

FortiGate VM64	FGVM0	20000076196			Release Candidate 1 -	0	21
B Dashboard	^			New User Group			
FortiView	>	Name	PulseUserGroups				
++ Network	>	Туре	⊖ Firewall ● Fortinet Single Si	gn-On (FSSO) (Guest RADIUS Single S	ign-On (RSSO)		
System	>	Members	Please Select	×			
Policy & Objects	>		ENGG				
Security Profiles	>		HC REMED				
D VPN	>		REMEDIATION	< Cancel			
🖀 User & Device	~						
User Definition							
User Groups	습						

 Create a firewall policy to use the *PPS* enforcement groups just created. To do this, select **Policy &** Objects > IPv4 Policy and click Create New. Then, create the policy based on the resource access restrictions to be enforced.

FortiGate VM64 Forti	Gate-	VM64		Ĺ.	? -	>_ []	admin -
Dashboard	>	New Policy					
📥 FortiView	>						
+ Network	>	Name 📵	full_access				
System	>	Incoming Interface	I port2 V				
📕 Policy & Objects	~	Outgoing Interface	W port3				
IPv4 Policy	☆	Source	🗏 all 🛛 🗶				
IPv4 DoS Policy			+				
Addresses		Destination	all X				
Internet Service Database		Schedule					
Services		Service					
Schedules			+				
Virtual IPs		Action	ACCEPT O DENY FLEARN				
IP Pools							
Traffic Shapers		Firewall / Network O					
Traffic Shaping Policy		NAT					
Security Profiles	>	IP Pool Configuration	Use Outgoing Interface Address Use Dynamic IP Pool				
C VPN	>	Security Profiles					
User & Device	>		0				
WiFi & Switch Controller	>		0				
Log & Report	>		0				
C Monitor	>	Application Control	-				
			0				
Q			OK Cancel				

Figure 12: Creating a Firewall Policy

Reports and Logging

You can verify that the syslog messages are reaching the *FortiAuthenticator* by doing a packet capture from the *FortiAuthenticator* user interface.

- Select System > Network > Packet Capture and select the interface which is used to communicate with the PPS and click Start Capture. Once packet capture is complete, stop the capture. Then, download the packets and view them using any tool like WireShark.
- 2) To view identity records from the *FortiAuthenticator* user interface, select **Monitor** > **Sessions**. The list shows the records parsed through syslog.

FortiAuthenticat	FortiAuthenticator												
System	🤿 Refresh 🎂 Export	Elegoff All	0 of 1 selected			S	earch for SSO se	ssions 🛛 🖓					
Authentication	•	Logon Time	Update Time	Workstation	IP address	Username	Source	Group					
Fortinet SSO Methods	Wed	Nov 15 20:18:39 2017	Wed Nov 15 20:18:39 2017	172.21.16.102	172.21.16.102	TEST	Syslog	USERS					
Montor ● Ch. SSO - Domains - Domain Controllors - Domain Controllors - Forticitas - DOTS Agents Gr PLA Authentication	1 SSO session												

Figure 13: Monitor SSO Sessions

- 3) You can monitor the FSSO Sessions on a *FortiGate Firewall* from either its graphical user interface (GUI) or its command-line (CLI) user interface.
 - To do this using the *FortiGate Firewall* CLI, type:

diag debug auth fsso list

This command displays identity records received from *FortiAuthenticator*. For example:

Figure 14: Monitor the FSSO Sessions from the FortiGate Firewall CLI



• To do this using the *FortiGate Firewall* GUI, select **Monitor** > **Firewall User Monitor**. The list shows all the identity records.

FortiGate VM64 Fort	loau					- 4	♪ ?· >_ [] admin
🚯 Dashboard	>	2 Refresh Deaut	henticate				Show all FSSO Logons
📥 FortiView	>	👅 User Name 🌲	T User Group ≑	▼ Duration ≑	TIP Address 🌲	▼ Traffic Volume ≑	▼ Method ≑
🕂 Network	>	TEST	PulsesecureUserGroup	0 day(s) 0 hour(s) 0 minute(s)	172.21.16.102	0 B	E Fortinet Single-Sign-On
🗘 System	>						
Policy & Objects	>						
Security Profiles	>						
⊒ VPN	>						
Subser & Device	>						
WiFi & Switch Controller	>						
III Log & Report	>						
Monitor	~						
Routing Monitor							
DHCP Monitor							
SD-WAN Monitor							
IPsec Monitor							
SSL-VPN Monitor							
Firewall User Monitor	☆						
User Quarantine Monitor							
FortiClient Monitor							
WiFi Client Monitor							
Rogue AP Monitor							
WiFi Health Monitor							

Figure 15: Monitor the FSSO Sessions on FortiGate Firewall

Alert-Based Admission Control with Fortinet Products

This section describes how to integrate *FortiAnalyzer* and *FortiGate Firewall* products with *PPS* to support Alert-based admission control in your network.

Overview of Alert-Based Admission Control with Fortinet Products

Pulse Policy Secure (PPS) integration with network security devices provide user access control based on the threats identified by the network security devices.

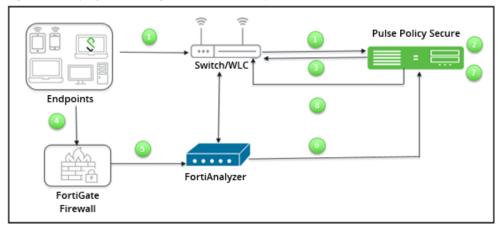
The network security device provides detection of threats based on the intrusion prevention system. This helps in detecting unknown threats, and also reduces the number of false alarms.

The network security device uses the syslog events mechanism to notify the other devices regarding the network threats. *PPS* also supports dynamically changing the access to the user based on the information received from the network security device.

The admission control user flow is described below:

- 1) The user connects to PPS through the Switch (or Wireless LAN Controller).
- 2) The user session is created on the PPS.
- 3) The user details are pushed to the Switch for enforcing user access.
- 4) The FortiGate Firewall monitors the user traffic.
- 5) The *FortiAnalyzer* generates the syslog messages for the user.
- 6) The syslog message is sent to *PPS* if any suspicious traffic or activity is detected from the user.
- 7) *PPS* processes the received syslog message and, based on the configured policies, actions are taken.
- 8) New/Updated details are pushed to Switch for updating the enforcement of the user.
- NOTE: The enforcement of the user is also updated on the FortiGate Firewall.

Figure 16: Deployment using PPS and Fortinet products



For example, a user is connected to *PPS* and wants to access protected resource which is behind *FortiGate Firewall*. Users get access to the resource, and when the firewall detects a threat from the user, the firewall sends a syslog message and user is removed from the network.

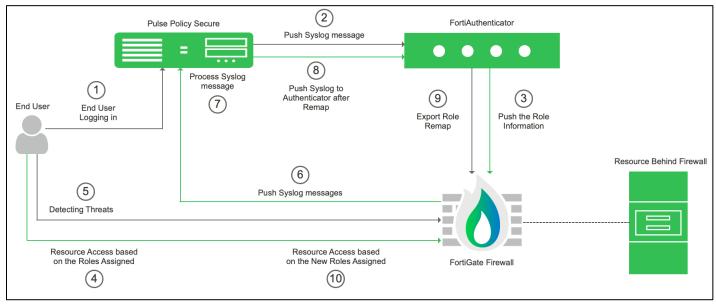


Figure Dynamic Identity Enforcement with Admission Control

The dynamic identity enforcement using admission control user flow is described below:

- 1) The user connects to *PPS* through the Switch (or Wireless LAN Controller). User is authenticated on PPS after validating the HC policy.
- 2) The syslog sessions are exported to FortiAuthenticator.
- 3) Identity information is parsed from the Syslog message and is used to create an IP to username mapping within FortiAuthenticator. This information is shared with FortiGate firewall in the form of a Fortinet Single Sign-On (FSSO) record.
- 4) The firewall uses this information to either allow or block traffic based on the configured policy
- 5) FortiGate Firewall Monitors the end user flow and activity and detects attacks/malicious activity at the end user session
- 6) FortiGate Firewall/Analyser sends a syslog message to PPS for any suspicious traffic or activity detected from end user.
- 7) PPS process the received syslog message and based on the configured policies, action will be taken for the end user session.
- 8) PPS exports New Roles to the FortiAuthenticator.
- 9) The firewall changes users Role based on the information received from Authenticator.
- 10) User gets access to the protected resources based on the new role assigned.

Summary of Configuration

To prepare your network to use alert-based access control using *Pulse Policy Secure*, *FortiAuthenticator*, *FortiAnalyzer* and *FortiGate Firewall*, perform the following tasks:

- Configuring Network Security Devices with PPS.
- Configuring an Admission Control Template
 - <u>Configuring Admission Control Policies</u>
 - <u>Configuring the Admission Control Client</u>
- Configuring FortiGate Firewall
- <u>Configuring FortiAnalyzer</u>
- <u>Confirming Syslog Forwarding</u>

The following sections describe each of these steps in detail.

Configuring Network Security Devices with PPS

The network security devices are configured with *PPS* for admission access control. A high-level overview of the configuration steps needed to set up and run the integration is described below:

- The Administrator configures the required syslog clients on the *PPS* Admin UI. Each network security device acts as a syslog client on which syslog forwarding is enabled, and *PPS* receives the forwarded syslog messages.
- The Administrator then configures a set of policies that define what actions are to be taken on user sessions, based on the data in the threat events.
- The user defined templates are used to map the data and the predefined variables. The predefined variables in the template are Rule Name, Source IP Address, Source User, and Severity.
- The templates for parsing the syslog messages from *Fortinet Firewall/Analyzer* are available by default. The administrators can also add customised templates for integrating with other network security devices.

This section covers the following topics:

- <u>Configuring an Admission Control Template</u>
- <u>Configuring Admission Control Policies</u>
- <u>Configuring the Admission Control Client</u>

Configuring an Admission Control Template

The admission control template provides a list of possible events that can be received from the network security device, along with a regular expression to parse the message. The template also provides possible actions that can be taken for an event.

Only the admission control policy defines the actions to be taken on receipt of an event. The admission control template only provides possible events and possible actions for that event.

To view and add the admission control templates:

1) Select Endpoint Policy > Admission Control > Templates.

Figure 17: Existing Templates

\diamond			TERRETERICE AND		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Pulse Policy Secure
\mathbf{N}	ŀ	Pulse Secure	ystem Authentication Administr	ators Users Endpoint Policy	Maintenance Wizards	1
Admiss	ion C	Control > Templates				
Temp	late	s				
	onfiqu	Ire Templates				
	Jingu	remplates				
Nev	/ Ten	nplate Delete Restore Factor	y Default			
10		 records per page 				Search
10		· records per page				Search.
		Name	File Name	Protocol Type	Vendor	Device Type
	1	fortigate-text.itmpl Syslog integration with Foritnet Firewall using text format messages.	fortigate-text.itmpl	Syslog	Fortinet	Firewall
	2	fortianalyzer-cef.itmpl Syslog integration with Forti Analyzer using CEF format messages.	fortianalyzer-cef.itmpl	Syslog	Fortinet	Analyzer
	3	fortianalyzer-text.itmpl Syslog integration with Forit Analyzer using text format messages.	fortianalyzer-text.itmpl	Syslog	Fortinet	Analyzer
	4	fortigate-cef.itmpl Syslog integration with Fortinet Firewall using CEF format messages.	fortigate-cef.itmpl	Syslog	Fortinet	Firewall
	5	forti5.4 test	fortiupdated.itmpl	Syslog	Fortinet5.4	Firewall5.4
	6	New 5.6 template Syslog integration with Fortinet Fortigate Firewall using text format messages.	fortigate-text2.itmpl	Syslog	Fortinet	Firewall

2) Click New Template.

Figure 18: Adding a New Configuration Template

									Pulse Policy Secure	
\sim	Pulse Secure	System	Authentication	Administrators	Users	Endpoint Policy	Maintenance	Wizards		••
	ssion Control > Templates > New Template									
New	/ Template									
* Nai	me:	Label to referen	nce this template.							
De	scription:									
* Ter	nplate File: Browse No file chosen	Template file								
Sa	ve Changes									
* indic	ates required field									

- 3) Enter the template Name.
- 4) Enter a template **Description**.
- 5) Click **Browse** and select the template file.
- 6) Click Save Changes.

Configuring Admission Control Policies

The admission control policies define the actions that are performed on *PPS* for user sessions. The actions are based on the specific threat event information received from the network security device.

To view and add the new integration policy:

1) Select Endpoint Policy > Admission Control > Policies.

Figure 19: Configuring Policies

0			la clore i la contra				Pul	se Policy Secure	1
Ň	ŀ	Pulse Secu	re System Authe	entication Administrators	Users Endpoint Policy	Maintenance	Vizards		••
Admiss	ion C	Control > Policies							
Polici	es								
Co	onfigu	re Templates							
Client	s	Policies							
New 10	r Pol	Duplicate Delete • records per page					Search:	Save C	Changes
		Name	Protocol Type	Vendor	Device Type	Event	Severity	Action	Applies to
	1	policy	Syslog	Fortinet	Firewall	utm:app-ctrl	Elevated risk	changeRole	All
	2	policy2	Syslog	Fortinet5.4	Firewall5.4	utm:app-ctrl	Elevated risk	changeRole	Full Access Role1 Guest

- 2) Click New Policy.
- 3) Enter the policy name.
- 4) Select the template used by the client. The following templates are available by default for Fortinet:
 - Fortinet-Analyzer-Syslog-CEF
 - Fortinet-Analyzer-Syslog-text
 - Fortinet-Firewall-Syslog-CEF
 - Fortinet-Firewall-Syslog-text
- 5) Under **Rule on Receiving**, select the event type and the severity level. The event types and the severity level are based on the selected template.
- 6) Under Count these many times, enter a number between 1-256.
- 7) Under Then perform this action, select the desired action.
 - *Ignore (log the event):* Received syslog event details are logged on the *PPS* and no specific action is taken.
 - Terminate user session: Terminates the user session on the PPS for the received messages.
 - *Disable user account:* Terminates the user session and disables the user on the *PPS* for the received messages.
 - *Replace user role with this role:* Changes the roles assigned to the user on *PPS* so that restriction/privileges for the user can be changed.

NOTE: You must specify whether to apply the role assignment permanently or only for the session.

- 8) Under Roles, specify:
 - *Policy applies to ALL roles:* Applies the policy to all users.
 - *Policy applies to SELECTED roles:* Applies this policy only to users who are mapped to roles in the **Selected** roles list. You must add roles to this list from the **Available** roles list.
 - *Policy applies to all roles OTHER THAN those selected below:* Applies this policy to all users except for those who map to the roles in the **Selected** roles list. You must add roles to this list from the **Available** roles list.
- 9) Click Save Changes.

Figure 20: Adding a New Configuration Policy

0.		•										Pulse Policy Secure	
Х Р	Pulse	Sec	cure	Syste	em Au	thentication	Administrators	Users	Endpoint Policy	Maintenance	Wizards		1.
	ontrol > Policies	> New Polic	У										
New Polic	с у												
* Name:								Б	abel to reference this policy.				
	Fortinet-Firew	all-Syslog-t	ext •	7				Т	emplate used by the client				
	Selected Templ												
	Template name	Vendor	Device	Protocol	Format	Description							
	fortigate- text.itmpl	Fortinet	Firewall	Syslog	text	Syslog integra using text form	tion with Foritnet Firewal nat messages.	I					
✓ Rule on	receiving												
* Events:			E	anomaly:ano	omaly 🔻			E	Events supported				
* Severit	y Level:		A	Any	•			5	Severity Levels supported				
✓ then per	 Term Disat Repla Mat 	e (just log t inate user s ole user acc ace user's r ke this role o Permanen	session count roles with th assignmen	nis one: Rest User t	tricted_Role tricted_Role rs	21 • 22 ·							
✓ Roles		,	,										
	O Polic		SELECTE		N those sel	ected below							
	Available	roles:		S	Selected rol								
	Full Acc	ess Role1 ess Role2 ess Role3 dmin		add -> Remove	(none)	*							
Save Ch	anges												

Configuring the Admission Control Client

The admission control clients are the network security devices on which the syslog forwarding is enabled. The messages are received by the syslog server module running on *PPS*.

You must add either the *FortiGate Firewall* or the *FortiAnalyzer* as separate clients on *PPS* to enable it to receive the required threat information through syslogs.

To add a client:

1) Select Endpoint Policy > Admission Control > Clients.

Figure 21: Admission Control Client

0							Pulse	e Policy Secure
Ň	ŀ	Pulse Secure	System Authentication	Administrators User	s Endpoint Policy	Maintenance	Wizards	1*
Admiss	ion C	Control > Clients						
Client	ts							
Co	onfigu	ure Templates						
Client	ts	Policies						
New	/ Clie	ent Duplicate Enable Disa	able Delete					
10		✓ records per page					Search:	
		Name	IP Address	Protocol Type	Vendor		Device Type	Enabled
	1	fortigate	40.004.00.00	Syslog	Fortinet5.4		Firewall5.4	~
	2	L3_5.4_Client	10.001.00.0	Syslog	Fortinet		Firewall	

- 2) Click New Client.
- 3) Enter the Name of the client that will be added in the PPS.
- 4) Enter a **Description**.
- 5) Enter the IP Address of the client.
- 6) Select the **Template** for the client.
 - Fortinet-Analyzer-Syslog-CEF
 - Fortinet-Analyzer-Syslog-text
 - Fortinet-Firewall-Syslog-CEF
 - Fortinet-Firewall-Syslog-text

7) Click Save Changes.

Figure 22: Adding Clients

\circ		~										Pulse Policy Secure	
N P	ulse	Sec	ure	Syster	n Aut	hentication	Administrators	Users	Endpoint Policy	Maintenance	Wizards		1.4
Admission Cor	ntrol > Clients >	New Client											
New Client													
* Name:								Label to re	eference this client.				
Description				1									
				6									
* IP Address:								IP Addres	s of this client.				
* Template:	Fortinet-Fire	wall-Syslog-	text	•				Template	used by the client				
	Selected Tem	plate Details											
	Template name	Vendor	Device	Protocol	Format	Description							
	fortigate- text.itmpl	Fortinet	Firewall	Syslog	text		ation with Foritnet g text format messages.						
Save Cha	naoc												
* indicates requi	-												

Configuring FortiGate Firewall

Once you have added the *FortiGate Firewall* as a syslog client on *PPS* (see <u>Configuring the Admission</u><u>Control Client</u>), the *PPS* must be added as a syslog server on the *FortiGate Firewall*.

To configure FortiGate Firewall:

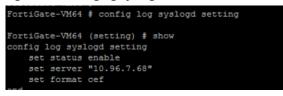
- 1) Select Log & Report > Log Settings.
- 2) Enable Send Logs to Syslog.
- 3) Enter the IP Address/FQDN of the PPS device and click Apply. The PPS is added as a syslog server.

FortiGate VM64	ortiGat	e-VM64	(! -	? - :	- 13	admin -
E FortiView	> ^	Log Settings				
Network	>	2.00 MB		1		^
System	>					
Policy & Objects	>	0 B Jul 12 Jul 13 Jul 14 Jul 15 Jul 16 Jul 17	Jul 18			
Security Profiles	>	Traffic Log Event Log IPS Log Application Control Log	20120			
U VPN	>					
💄 User & Device	>	Send Logs to FortiCloud				
🗢 WiFi & Switch Controller	>					
Log & Report	~	Send Logs to Syslog 🔘				
Forward Traffic	- 1	IP Address/FQDN 10000003				
Local Traffic	- 1	Log Settings				
System Events						
Application Control		Event Logging All Customize				
Intrusion Prevention	- 1	Local Traffic Log All Customize				
Security Fabric Audit		Log Local Out Traffic Log Denied Broadcast Traffic				
Learning Report		GUI Preferences				- 1
Log Settings	☆	Display Logs/FortiView From Disk				
Threat Weight		Resolve Hostnames 0				
Alert E-mail	- 1	Resolve Unknown Applications 🕄 🔘				
C Monitor	> -					Ŧ
0		Apply				

Figure 23: Log Settings

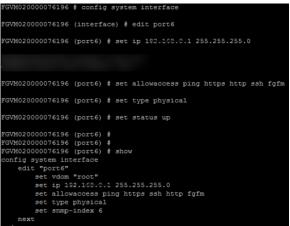
4) The default syslog format is text. You must use the following Command-Line user Interface (CLI) to change the format to CEF.

Figure 24: Changing Syslog Format



5) To access the firewall, you must configure the firewall management interface settings from the CLI.

Figure 25: Changing Management Interface Settings



6) Under Interfaces, configure the trust and untrust zones.

Figure 26: Configuring Trust/Untrust Zones

Dashboard > FortiView > Network >			合 合	623			
Interfaces 습	+ Create New	- 🖋 Edit [🗊 Delete			By Type By Role	Alphabeticall
DNS	T Status	T Name	T Members	T IP/Netmask	T Type	T Access	T Ref
Packet Capture	Physical (10)						
SD-WAN	0	port1		10.06.69.12.255.255.224.0	Physical Interface	PING HTTPS SSH HTTP	1
SD-WAN Status Check SD-WAN Rules	0	port2		10.201.00.250 255.255.252.0	Physical Interface	PING HTTPS SSH	3
Static Routes	0	port3		1025-15-250-255-255-255-0	Physical Interface	PING HTTPS SSH	2
Policy Routes	0	port4		0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0	Physical Interface		0
and the second second	0	port5		0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0	Physical Interface		0
RIP	0	port6		10.25.15.250.255.255.255.0	Physical Interface	PING HTTPS SSH	0
OSPF	0	port7		0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0	Physical Interface		0
BGP	0	port8		0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0	Physical Interface		0
Multicast	0	port9		0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0	Physical Interface		0
System >	0	port10		0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0	Physical Interface		0
Policy & Objects >							
Security Profiles >							
LVPN >							

7) Under Security Profiles > Application Control, create a security profile.

Figure 27: Creating Security Profile

FortiGate VM64	GVM02	20000076196						Release Candidate 1 🗸	@	?	? [3	admin 🔻
Dashboard	^	Edit Application Sensor						Applic	ation_Fo	rt_block	ICMP 🔻	0	
FortiView Vetwork System	>	Name Comments	Application_F	ort_block_IC	MP 0/2	55				[View	Applicat	ion Sig	gnatures]
Policy & Objects	>	Categories											
Security Profiles	Ť	■ ■ Botnet■ ■ Business		GameGenera	l.Interest			Proxy Remote.Access	🖳 🔻	Video/A VoIP	udio		
Web Filter DNS Filter	☆	Cloud.IT		 Mobile Network 	rk.Service	9	•	Social.Media Storage.Backup	- E	Web.Cli	ient vn Applica	ations	
Application Control Cloud Access Security Inspection	ਮ	Email		▼ P2P		<u> </u>	- -	Update	-2.	O	in ppro	10000	
Intrusion Protection	- 1	Application Overrides											
FortiClient Profiles	- 1	+ Add Signatures	🗹 Edit Parameters	聞 Delete									
Proxy Options SSL/SSH Inspection	- 1	No matching entries four	Application	Signature				Category			Actio	on	
Web Rating Overrides Web Profile Overrides		Filter Overrides											
D VPN	>	🕂 Add Filter 🛛 🖾 Edi	it Delete										
Liser & Device	> .			Eiltor Dotail	- -	Apply	,			Action			Ì

8) Under Policy & Objects, apply policies to desired port.

Figure 28: Applying Policies

FortiGate VM64 FC	SVM0	200000	076196				Re	elease Candio	date 1 🔻 🛛	💿 🖸	?	[] ad	dmin 🔻
🚯 Dashboard	i i	+ 0	Create New 📝 Edit 🛗 Delete	Q Policy Lo	okup Q Search)				Interf	ace Pair Vi	ew By Se	equence
EortiView	>	Seq.#	T Name	T Source	T Destination	T Schedule	T Service	T Action	T NAT	T Securi	ity Profiles	T Log	
+ Network	>	1	ort2 - port4 (1 - 1)	,							,	1 200	
System	>			🖻 all	_	-	-						
Policy & Objects	~	1	Fortinet_L2_Ingress_Traffic	🖵 all	😑 all	o always	🖳 ALL	✓ ACCEPT	Oisabled	IPS		IIA 🛇	3.98
IPv4 Policy	☆	🗖 ре	ort3 - port4 (2 - 2)										
IPv4 DoS Policy		2				-				APP	IPS		
Addresses		2	PAN_L3_Ingress_Traffic_Port3_Port	:4 🗎 all	😐 all	G always	🖳 ALL	ACCEPT	Oisabled	PRX		IIA 🛇	
Internet Service Database		🗖 po	ort4 - port2 (3 - 3)										
Services		3		🖻 all		-				APP	IPS		
Schedules		3	Fortinet_L2_Egress_Traffic	🖵 all	😐 all	o always	🖳 ALL	ACCEPT	Oisabled	PRX		UTM	
Virtual IPs		🗖 pe	ort4 - port3 (4 - 4)										
IP Pools		4	DAN From Trife	1 2						АРР	IPS		
Traffic Shapers		1	PAN_Egress_Trafic	🗏 all	😑 all	o always	🖳 ALL	✓ ACCEPT	Oisabled	PRX		IIA 🛇	

Configuring FortiAnalyzer

Once you have added the *FortiAnalyzer* as a syslog client on *PPS* (see <u>Configuring the Admission Control</u>. <u>Client</u>), the *PPS* must be added as a syslog server on the *FortiAnalyzer*.

1) Configure the FortiAnalyzer management interface using its Command-Line user Interface (CLI).

Figure 29: Configuring the FortiAnalyzer Management Interface



2) On the *FortiGate Firewall*, under Log & Report, enable Send Logs to FortiAnalyzer/FortiManager to forward the syslog message to *FortiAnalyzer*. Enter the IP Address of the *FortiAnalyzer*.

FortiGate VM64	ortiGa	te-VM64	1
Dashboard	>	Log Settings	
FortiView	>	40.00 MB	
↔ Network	>	30.00 MB	
System	>	20.00 MB	
📕 Policy & Objects	>	2000/MB	
Security Profiles	>	10.00 MB	
U VPN	>	0B 14:00 16:00 18:00 20:00 22:00 00:00 02:00 04:00 06:00 1	10:00 12:00
Ser & Device	>	Disk Usage	10:00 12:00
WiFi & Switch Controller	>		
<u>⊪</u> Log & Report	~	Remote Logging and Archiving	
Forward Traffic		Send Logs to FortiAnalyzer/FortiManager 🔘	
Local Traffic		IP Address IU.204.00.3 Test Connectivity	
System Events		Storage Usage 67.00 MB / 77.72 GB	
Application Control		Upload Option Real Time Every Minute Every 5 Minutes	
Intrusion Prevention		Encrypt Log Transmission 🟮 🔹 🔘	

Figure 30: Forwarding Logs

NOTE: On FortiGate Firewall, ensure you have configured the security policy's network trust, untrust zone and apply the policy to desired ports.

3) Under FortiAnalyzer > Device Manager, click Add Device to add the FortiGate Firewall.

Figure 31: Adding Device

Device Mar	nager 🗸						Q admin 🗸 🛛 🛛	2 🗐
	1 Devices Total	?	1 Devices Unregistered	• (3)	O Devices Log Status Down	e	O% Storage Used Total 1000.0 MB	
+ Add Device [🗹 Edit 🏼 📋 Delete	📸 Column Settings 🗸	i More ✓					Q
Device Name	ne	IP Address	Platform	Logs	Average Log Rate(Logs/Sec)	Device Storage	Description	
FortiGate-	VM64	10.204.00.252	FortiGate-VMX-Service	🔒 😑 Real Time	N/A	6.73%		

- 4) Under System Settings > Log Forwarding > Edit Log Forwarding, enter the IP address of the *PPS* device for log forwarding.
 - Figure 32: Configuring Log Forwarding

System Settings ~			Q admin √	
Dashboard	Edit Log Forwarding			
Network	Name	10.20100.13		
Admin 2	Remote Server Type (FortiAnalyzer Syslog Comment Event Format(CEF)		
Certificates	Server IP	201001100115		
🛱 Log Forwarding	L	514		
II Fetcher Management	Reliable Connection	OFF		
🛗 Event Log	Nendore connection			
Task Monitor				
Advanced ~				
SNMP		Select Device +		
Mail Server	Log Filters	OFF		
Syslog Server	Enable Exclusions	OFF		
Meta Fields				
Device Log Settings				
File Management				
Advanced Settings				

5) Under System Settings > Advanced > Syslog Server, enter the IP address of PPS device.

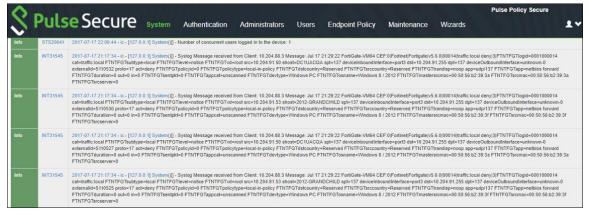
Figure 33: Configuring Syslog Server Settings

System Settings 🗸						Q admin 🗸
Admin	× *	Edit Syslog Server Settings				
Administrators		Name	AA_Cluster			
Profile			10.20 1.00.15			
Remote Auth Server		IP address (or FQDN)				
Admin Settings		Syslog Server Port	514			
Certificates	~					
Local Certificates						
CA Certificates						
CRL						
at Log Forwarding						
H Fetcher Management						
置 Event Log						
Task Monitor						
Advanced	~					
SNMP						
Mail Server						
Syslog Server						
Meta Fields						
Device Log Settings						
File Management						
Advanced Settings	¥			ОК	Cancel	

Confirming Syslog Forwarding

When the network security device detects a threat, the syslogs are forwarded to *PPS*. To verify the event logs have been received on *PPS*, select **System** > **Log/Monitoring** > **Events** > **Log**.

Figure 34: Viewing Event Logs



References

- Logging and Reporting Overview: <u>http://help.fortinet.com/fos50hlp/54/Content/FortiOS/fortigate-logging-reporting-54/logs.htm?Highlight=Logging%20and%20Reporting</u>
- Inside FortiOS: Application Control: <u>http://help.fortinet.com/fos50hlp/56/Content/FortiOS/fortiOS-HTML5-v2/InsideFOS/ApplicationControl.htm</u>
- Inside FortiOS: Intrusion Prevention System (IPS): <u>http://help.fortinet.com/fos50hlp/56/Content/FortiOS/fortiOS-HTML5-v2/InsideFOS/IPS.htm</u>